## Accessories

## for A/AF/AL \& AE contactors



| Auxiliary contact blocks - Standard |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Positioning | Maximum number of contact blocks | Contact Description | Catalog number |
| Front mounting (single pole) | 4 blocks: A9 - A26 AE9 - AE26 AL9 - AL26 5 blocks: A30, A40, AE30, AE40, AL30, AL40 6 blocks: A45 - A110 AE45 - AE110 AF45-AF110 | $1 \text { N.O. }$ $1 \text { N.C. }$ <br> 1 N.O. Early make 1 N.C. Late break | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CA5-10 } \\ & \text { CA5-01 } \\ & \text { CC5-10 } \\ & \text { CC5-01 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Front mounting (4 pole) |  | 4 N.O. 3 N.O. \& 1 N.C. 2 N.O. \& 2 N.C. 4 N.C. 2 N.O./2 N.C. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ( | CA5-40E <br> CA5-31E <br> CA5-22E <br> CA5-04E <br> CA5-11/11E |
|  | $\begin{aligned} 1 \text { block: } & \text { A9 - A40-30-10 } \\ & \text { AL9 - AL40-30-10 } \end{aligned}$ | 3 N.O. \& 1 N.C. 2 N.O. 2 N.C. 1 N.O. $\& 3$ N.C. 4 N.C. 4 N.O. 2 N.O. $/ 2$ N.C. ${ }^{(1)}$ | CA5-31M <br> CA5-22M <br> CA5-13M <br> CA5-04M <br> CA5-40N <br> CA5-11/11M |
| Side mounting (2 pole) | $\left.\begin{array}{l}2 \text { blocks: A9 - A75, AE9-AE45 } \\ 1 \text { block: AE50 - AE75, AL9 - AL40 }\end{array}\right\}$ | 1 N.O. \& 1 N.C. | CAL5-11 |
|  | 1 block: A/AE/AF95-A/AE/AF110 | 1 N.O. \& 1 N.C. | CAL18-11 |
|  | $\left.\begin{array}{l}2 \text { blocks: A145 - A300, AF145-AF1650 } \\ 2 \text { blocks: A145-A300, AF145-AF1650 }\end{array}\right\}$ | 1 N.O. \& 1 N.C. (inside L or R) <br> 1 N.O. \& 1 N.C. (outside, L or R) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { CAL18-11 } \\ & \text { CAL18-11B } \end{aligned}$ |

Auxiliary contact blocks - Front mounting, switching low voltage and low current

| Positioning | Maximum number of contact blocks | Contact Description | Degree of protection | Catalog number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Front mounting (single pole) | $\begin{aligned} 4 \text { blocks: A9 - A26 } \\ \text { AE9 - AE26 } \\ \text { AL9 - AL26 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { N.O. } \\ & 1 \text { N.C. } \\ & 1 \text { N.O. } \\ & 1 \text { N.C. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IP } 40 \\ & \text { IP } 40 \\ & \text { IP } 40 \\ & \text { IP } 40 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CE5-10D0.1 } \\ & \text { CE5-01D0.1 } \\ & \text { CE5-10D2 } \\ & \text { CE5-01D2 } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\left.\begin{array}{c}5 \text { blocks: A30, A40, AE30, AE40, AL30, AL40 } \\ 6 \text { blocks: A45-A110 } \\ \text { AE45-AE110 } \\ \text { AF45-AF110 }\end{array}\right\}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { N.O. } \\ & 1 \text { N.C. } \\ & 1 \text { N.O. } \\ & 1 \text { N.C. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { IP67 } \\ & \text { IP67 } \\ & \text { IP67 } \\ & \text { IP67 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CE5-10W0.1 } \\ & \text { CE5-01W0.1 } \\ & \text { CE5-10W2 } \\ & \text { CE5-01W2 } \end{aligned}$ |

## Accessories <br> for A/AF/AL \& AE contractors



## Pneumatic timers

| Mounting <br> on | Timing <br> range | Contacts <br> N.O. NC. | Catalog <br> number |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Ag - A75 | On delay $0.1-40 \mathrm{~s}$ | 1 | 1 | WP 40DA |
| AE - AE75 | On delay $10-180 \mathrm{~s}$ | 1 | 1 | WP 180DA |
| ALP - AL40 | Off delay $0.1-40 \mathrm{~s}$ | 1 | 1 | TP40IA |
|  | Off delay $10-180 \mathrm{~s}$ | 1 | 1 | TP180IA |

Interlocks for two horizontally mounted contractors - A9-A110

| Feature | Mounting <br> on | Contacts <br> N.O. N.C. | Catalog <br> number |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mechanical/electrical | A/AE/AL9-A/AE/AL40 | $-\quad 2$ | VE5-1 |
| Mechanical/electrical | A45-A110 | $-\quad 2$ | VE5-2 (1) |
| Mechanical | A/AE/AL9-A/AE/AL40 | $-\quad-$ | VM5-1 |

Interlocks for two horizontally mounted contractors - A95-AF750 contractors

| Feature | Left <br> contactor | Right <br> contactor | Catalog <br> number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Mechanical | A95 - A300 | A145-A300 | VM300H |
| Mechanical | A210 - A300 | AF400-AF460 | VM300/460H |
| Mechanical | AF400 - AF750 | AF400-AF750 | WM 750H |

Interlocks for two vertically mounted contractors - A95-AF750 contactors


Interlocks for two horizontally mounted contractors - AF 1350-AF1650 contractors

| Feature | Left <br> contactor | Right <br> Contactor | Catalog <br> number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mechanical | AF1350 - AF1650 | AF1350 - AF1650 | WM 1650H |

Auxiliary lead terminals (Set of 2)

| Connections | Mounting <br> on | Catalog <br> number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Connects from side | A50 - A75 | LK75-A |
| Connects from top | A50 - A75 | LK75-A1 |
| Connects from side | A95 - A110 | LK110 |

## Accessories

## Possible accessory combinations for A contactors

|  | Accessories - Front face mounting |  |  | Accessories - Side mounting |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Auxiliary contacts |  | Pneumatic timers | Auxiliary contacts | Electrical or mechanical interlock ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { CA5-10 } \\ \text { or CA5-01 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CA5-40 } \\ & \text { or CA5-22 } \\ & \text { or CA5-31 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & T P-D \\ & \text { Tr TP - } 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAL } 5-11 \\ & \text { CAL18-11 } \\ & \text { CAL18-11B } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { VE5-1 } \\ \text { or VM 5-1 } \end{gathered}$ | VE 5-2 <br> VM300H <br> VM $300 / 460 \mathrm{H}$ VM 750H |

Configurations of accessories are different depending on whether front or side mounted.


Contactor mounting configurations (standard from factory)
Auxiliary contacts are mounted on the contactor in the following order:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Left }-1 \text { st } \\
& \text { Right }-2 \text { nd } \\
& \text { Top }-3 \text { rd (L to R) }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Accessories

Surge suppressors for A/AE/AL/EK contactors


## Technical data

| Type | Control circuit | Opening time growth factor | Residual overvoltage or clipping voltage | Remarks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RT 5 /... transil diode | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{DC} \\ & \mathrm{DC} \\ & \mathrm{DC} \\ & \mathrm{DC} \\ & \mathrm{DC} \end{aligned}$ | 2.5 to 3 | $\begin{gathered} 50 \mathrm{~V} \\ 100 \mathrm{~V} \\ 150 \mathrm{~V} \\ 210 \mathrm{~V} \\ 390 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | Advantages <br> Drawback | - Good energy absorption <br> - Unpolarized system <br> - Simple, reliable system <br> - A certain delay on drop out which does not however reduce contactor breaking capacity. |
| Varistor | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC} \\ & \mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC} \\ & \mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC} \\ & \mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC} \end{aligned}$ | 1.1 to 1.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 132 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 270 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 480 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 825 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | Advantages <br> Drawback | - High energy absorption; good damping <br> - Unpolarized system <br> - Clipping as from $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{vdr}}$, thus voltage front up to this point |
|  | AC | 1.2 to 3 | 2 to 3 xUc | Advantages | - Very fast clipping <br> - Attenuation of steep fronts and thus of high frequencies <br> - No operating delays |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC} \\ & \mathrm{AC} \end{aligned}$ | 1.1 to 1.5 | $\begin{array}{r} 205 \mathrm{~V} \\ 1100 \mathrm{~V} \end{array}$ | Advantages | - High energy absorption: good damping <br> - Unpolarized system <br> - The RC system damps the voltage front under the Uvdr* threshold. |

## Accessories

## Surge suppressors for A/AE/AL/EK contactors General information



## General

The operation of inductive circuits causes overvoltages, in particular on opening of the contactor coil.
The electromagnetic energy stored by the coil during contactor closing is restored on opening in the form of surges, the slope and amplitude of which may rise to several kilovolts. A number of drawbacks are observed ranging from interference on the electronic devices to breakdown of insulators and even destruction of certain sensitive components.
The graph opposite reproduces the oscillogram showing voltage discharges at the terminals of a $42 \mathrm{~V} / 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ coil without peak clipping. The coil was switched by 8 series-connected poles of a contactor relay
Following a burst of discharges with a very steep slope a damped oscillation emerges with a peak value of 3500V.

## Overvoltage factor

The overvoltage factor $k$ is defined as the ratio of the maximum overvoltage peak value $\hat{U}_{S}$ to the peak value $\hat{U}_{c}$ of the coil rated control voltage $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{c}}$ :
in DC:

or in AC:


For example the following is obtained for the above graph: $k=\frac{3500}{42 \sqrt{2}} \approx 60$

## Surge suppressors

To guard against the harmful effects of these overvoltages, $A B B$ has developed a range of surge suppressors designed to reduce the k factor defined above and to limit or even completely eliminate the high pre-damping voltage frequencies.
Each case is different, but the technical data tolerances and the generous sizing of parts have enabled us to reduce the number of variants.
We have chosen the following solutions: transil diodes, varistors and RC blocks
Note: A varistor is a resistor whose value increases to a very large extent when a certain voltage is applied at its terminals

## Wiring diagrams

Transil diode

Varistor (only)


RC type


Varistor + RC


## General technic al data

The housings and impregnation resins of the surge suppressors are made of flame-resistant materials in accordance with the UL 94 standard

These systems are not polarized, i.e. d.c. operated devices do not have to be connected in a specific direction.

- Operating temperature: -20 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Connection to the coil terminals (parallel mounting)
- For RT 5, RV 5, RC 5-1 and RC 5-2: clip-on for both fixing and connection
- Mounting:
- RT 5, RV 5 and RC 5: clipped onto the top part of the contactor base. This mounting method prevents any projections and change in contactor dimensions.
- RC-EH: glued to the top part of the contactor base.


## Accessories

Interface relays for A contactors
Interface relays

| Mounting on <br> contactor types | Coil <br> voltages | Catalog <br> number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N, A9 - A110 | $24-250 \mathrm{~V}, 50,60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | RA5 |

## Description

RA5 interface relays are designed to receive 24 VDC signals delivered by PLCs or other sources with a low output power and to restore them with sufficient power to operate the coils of the relevant contactors

## Types

- RA5 for combination with A9 - A110 contactors and N contactor relays.


## Description

RA5 interface relays are made up of a miniature electromechanical relay equipped with a N.O. contact and with a low consumption 24 VDC coil.
The interface relay coil is controlled by the PLC while the N.O. contact ensures switching of the power contactor
Coil switching gives rise to overvoltages which have adverse effects on the electronic devices, insulators and, more generally, on component lifetime. The RA 5 is equipped with surge suppressors:

- on the 24 VDC relay coil via a diode
- on the power contactor coil via a varistor
Furthermore, the RA5 are protected against relay pole reversal by a diode inserted between the E1 and E2 input terminals.


## Connection

The "E1+" and "E2-" input terminals must be connected, according to their polarity, to the PLC output.

- The RA 5 is equipped with two terminal pads for connection to the A1 and A2 terminals of the contactor coil. This coil is supplied between the A0 and A2 terminals of the RA 5
RA 5 interface relay for the A 9-A 110 contactors and N control relays



## Mounting

- RA5: terminal pads clamped inside the contactor coil terminals.


## Accessories

for A/AE/AL/AF contactors


Terminal lug kits (Set of 3)

| Wire <br> range | For <br> contactor | Catalog <br> number |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $6-250$ MCM | A145-A185 | ATK185 |
| $4-400$ MCM | A210 - A300 | ATK300 |
| (2) $4-500$ MCM | A210 - A300 | ATK300/2 |
| (2) $20-500$ MCM | AF400 - AF580 | ATK580/2 |
| (3) $2 / 0-500$ MCM | AF580 - AF750 | ATK750/3 |
| (4) 4/0-500 MCM | AF1350 | ATK1350/4 |
| (4) $1 / 0-750$ MCM | AF1350 - AF1650 | ATK1650/4 |
| (6) $1 / 0-750$ MCM | AF1350 - AF1650 | ATK1650/6 |


| Contact kits |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conta | For contactors | Catalog number |
| 3 Pole |  |  |
|  | A/AE/AF50 | ZL50 |
|  | A/AE/AF63 | ZL63 |
|  | A/AE/AF75 | ZL75 |
|  | A/AE/AF95 | ZL95 |
|  | A/AE/AF110 | ZL110 |
|  | A/AF145 | ZL145 |
|  | A/AF185 | ZL185 |
|  | A/AF210 | ZL210 |
|  | A/AF260 | ZL260 |
|  | A/AF300 | ZL300 |
|  | AF400 | ZL400 |
|  | AF460 | ZL460 |
|  | AF580 | ZL580 |
|  | AF750 | ZL750 |
|  | AF1350 | ZL1350 |
|  | AF1650 | ZL1650 |
| 4 Pole |  |  |
|  | A/AE45 | ZLT45 |
|  | A/AE50 | ZLT50 |
|  | A/AE75 | ZLT75 |
| 3 Pole | UA50 | ZLU50 |
|  | UA75 | ZLU75 |
|  | UA95 | ZLU95 |
|  | UA110 | ZLU110 |

## Mechanical latches

| For contactors | Catalog <br> number |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | A9 - A75, AE45-AE75, \& AL9 - AL40 |

$\star$ - Coil voltage suffix. Refer to Coil Voltage Selection chart and substitute the desired coil voltage suffix for the $\star$.
Coil voltage selection chart - mechanical latches for $A, A E \& A L$ contactors

| $50 \mathrm{~Hz}(\mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC})$ | $60 \mathrm{~Hz}(\mathrm{AC})$ | Voltage <br> code |  | $50 \mathrm{~Hz}(\mathrm{DC})$ | $60 \mathrm{~Hz}(\mathrm{AC})$ | Voltage <br> code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 | $24-28$ | $\mathbf{0 1}$ |  | $220-230$ | $220-255$ | $\mathbf{0 6}$ |
| 42 | $42-48$ | $\mathbf{0 2}$ |  | $230-240$ | $230-277$ | $\mathbf{0 5}$ |
| 48 | $48-55$ | $\mathbf{0 3}$ |  | $380-415$ | $380-440$ | $\mathbf{0 7}$ |
| 110 | $110-127$ | $\mathbf{0 4}$ |  | $415-440$ | $440-480$ | $\mathbf{0 8}$ |

Range: WB75A for contactors A9-A75, AL9 - AL40, AE45-AE75 and control relays N and NL.
Description: WB75A block: contains a mechanical latching device with electromagnetic impulse unlatching (AC or DC) or manual unlatching. Captive screw type connecting terminals, built-in cable clamps, M $3.5(=,-)$ posidrive 1 screw with screwdriver guidance, delivered untightened and protected against accidental direct contact.
Operation: After closing, the contactor continues to be held in the closed position by the latching mechanisim should the supply voltage fail at the contact coil terminals.
Contactor opening can be controlled:

- Electrically by an impulse* (AC or DC) on the WB75A block coil. The coil is not designed to permanently energized.
- Manually by pressing the pushbutton on the front face of the WB75A block.

Mounting: WB75A is clipped onto the front face of the contactor.

## Identification markers

| Mounting <br> on | Coil <br> voltage | Catalog <br> number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A/AE/AL/AF9 - A/AE/AL/AF110 | Pack of 50 | BA5-50 |

## Accessories

## for A／AE／AL／AF contactors <br> Coils \＆coil voltage codes



| Coils－AC operated |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| For contactors | Catalog number |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { A9 - A16 } \\ \text { A26 - A40 } \\ \text { A45 - A75 } \\ \text { A95 - A110 } \\ \text { A145 - A185 } \\ \text { A210 - A300 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
| Coils－DC operated |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { AE9 - AE16 } \\ & \text { AE26-AE40 } \\ & \text { AE45-AE75 } \\ & \text { AE95-AEE110 } \end{aligned}$ | ZAE16－丸 <br> ZAE40－$\star$ <br> ZAE75－$\star$ <br> ZAE110－$\star$ |
| Auxiliary including an insertion contact and a varistor for DC operated contactors AE95－AE110 | CCL18－01 |
| Coils－AC／DC operated（coil and printed circuit board except ZAF1650） |  |
| AF45－AF75 AF95，AF110 AF145－AF185 AF210－AF300 AF400，AF460 AF580，AF750 AF1350，AF1650（Set of 2 coils only） | ZAF75－ネ <br> ZAF110－$\star$ <br> ZAF185－$\star$ <br> ZAF300－ $\begin{gathered}\text { た }\end{gathered}$ <br> ZAF460－$\star$ <br> ZAF750－$\star$ <br> ZAF1650－$\star$ |
| Printed circuit board－AC／DC operated |  |
| AF1350－AF1650 | ZP1650 |

$\star$－Coil voltage suffix．Refer to Coil Voltage Selection charts below and substitute the desired coil voltage code for the $\star$

Coil voltage selection－AC operated
for A9－A300；UA26－UA110

| VAC（50Hz） | VAC（60Hz） | Voltage Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 | 24 | 81 |
| 26 | 28 | 16 |
| 28 | 32 | 17 |
| 42 | 42 | 82 |
| 48 | 48 | 83 |
| 60 | 60 | 73 |
| 100 | 100－110 | 74 （2） |
| 110 | 110－120 | 84 |
| 110－115 | 115－127 | 89 （3） |
| 120 | 140 | 29 |
| 125－127 | 150 | 30 |
| 175 | 208 | 34 |
| 190 | 220 | 36 |
| 200 | 200－220 | 75 （2） |
| 220－230 | 230－240 | 80 |
| 230－240 | 240－260 | 88 |
| 230－240 | 277 | 42 |
| 230／400 | － | 62 （1） |
| － | 230／400 | 63 （1） |
| 380－400 | 400－415 | 85 |
| 400－415 | 415－440 | 86 |
| － | 480 | 51 |
| 440 | 500 | 53 |
| 500 | 600 | 55 |
| 550 | － | 56 |
| 660－690 | － | 58 |

Coil voltage selection－DC operated for AE contactors

| VDC | Voltage code <br> AE <br> contactors |
| :---: | :---: |
| 12 | $\mathbf{8 0}$ |
| 24 | $\mathbf{8 1}$ |
| 42 | $\mathbf{8 2}$ |
| 48 | $\mathbf{8 3}$ |
| 50 | $\mathbf{2 1}$ |
| 60 | $\mathbf{8 4}$ |
| 75 | $\mathbf{8 5}$ |
| 110 | $\mathbf{8 6}$ |
| 125 | $\mathbf{8 7}$ |
| 220 | $\mathbf{8 8}$ |
| 240 | $\mathbf{8 9}$ |
| 250 | $\mathbf{3 8}$ |

Coil voltage selection－AC／DC operated for AF50－AF1650

| $\begin{gathered} \text { VAC \& VDC } \\ 40-60 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{gathered}$ | Suffix Code |
| :---: | :---: |
| 24－60 VDC | 68 （4） |
| 20－60 VDC | 72 （5） |
| 48－130 VAC／VDC | 69 |
| 100－250 VAC／VDC | 70 ⑦ |
| 250－500 VAC／DC | 71 （6） |

## Accessories

## for A/AE/AL/AF contactors



## Connection kits for reversing

|  | Catalog <br> number |
| :--- | :--- |
| Mounting on 3 pole contactors | BEM16-30 |
| A/AE/AL9 - A/AE/AL16 | BEM26-30 |
| A/AE/AL26 | BEM40-30 |
| A/AE/AL30, A/AE/AL40 | BEM $75-30$ |
| A/AE/AF50 - A/AE/AF75 | BEM110-30 |
| A/AE/AF95, A/AE/AF110 | BEM185-30 |
| A/AF145-A/AF185 | BEMA300-30 |
| A/AF210 - A/AF300 | BEM460-30 |
| AF400 - AF460 | BEM $750-30$ |

Application
Connections between the main poles of two $\mathbf{3}$ pole contactors mounted side by side so that they operate as reversing contactors.
Description
The connection kits for reversing contactors are made up of three reversing connections and three phase to phase connections.
BEM16-30 - Insulated, solid, rigid copper wires
BEM26 and 40-30 - Insulated, stranded, rigid copper wires
BEM75 and 110-30 - Insulated, solid copper bars

## Connection kits for phase to phase

| Mounting on 3 pole contactors | Catalog <br> number |
| :---: | :--- |
| A/AE/AF50, A/AE/AF75 | BES75-30 |
| A/AE/AF95, A/AE/AF110 | BES110-30 |
| A/AF145-A/AF185 | BES185-30 |
| A/AF210 - A/AF300 | BESA300-30 |
| AF400 - AF460 | BES460-30 |
| AF580 - AF750 | BES750-30 |

The connection kit for phase to phase contactors is made up of three phase to phase bus bars.

## Connection kits for wye-delta starters

| Mounting on contactors |  | Catalog <br> number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Line and delta contactor | Wye contactor |  |
| A30 | A26 |  |
| A40 | A26 | BED50U |
| A50 | A30 | BED75U |
| A63 | A40 | BED95U |
| A75 | A50 | BED110U |
| A95 | A75 | BED145U |
| A110 | A95 | BED185U |
| A145 | A110 | BED210U |
| A185 | A145 | BED300U |
| A210 | A185 | BED400U |
| A260/A300 | A210 | BED460U |
| AF400/AF460 | A260/A300 | BED580U |
| AF460 | AF400 | BED750U |
| AF580 | AF400/AF460 |  |
| AF750 | AF580 |  |

## Application

Connections between the main poles of a wye-delta starter.

Description
The connection kits for wye-delta starters are made up of:

- Three line contactor/wye contactor connections - line side.
- Three wye contactor/delta contactor connections - load side.
- The shorting connection for the " S " contactor.

BED40U - Insulated, stranded, rigid copper wires.
BED50U thru BED750U - Insulated, solid copper bars.
The above connection sets allow a mechanical interlock unit to be mounted between the wye and delta contactors if required.

## Accessories

for A/AE/AL/AF contactors



| Additional terminal blocks <br> Mounting on 3 pole contactors |  |  |  | Wire <br> range | Catalog <br> number |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A/AE/AL9 - A/AE/AL16 (set of 2) | $16-6$ | LD-16 |  |  |  |
| A/AE/AL26 (set of 2) | $14-6$ | LD-26 |  |  |  |
| A/AE/AL30 - A/AE/AL40 | $12-4$ | LD-40 |  |  |  |
| A/AE/AF50 - A/AE/AF75 | $10-2$ | LD-75 |  |  |  |
| A/AE/AF95-A/AE/AF110 | $8-1$ | LD-110 |  |  |  |

Utilization - The LD series terminal block is designed to increase the connection capacity of the contactor on which it is mounted. The LD 75 and LD110 terminal blocks are mounted in the three independ apertures located above the built-in connectors.

## Terminal extensions

| Mounting <br> on contactors | Catalog <br> number |
| :---: | :---: |
| A/AE/AF50-A/AE/AF75 | BEXT-75 |
| A/AE/AF95, A/AE/AF110 | LW-110 |
| A/AF145 - A/AF185 | LX185 |
| A/AF210 - A/AF300 | LX300 |
| AF400 - AF460 | LX460 |
| AF580 - AF750 | LX750 |

## Application

They are designed to increase the width of the contactor terminal pads to allow larger connectors to be mounted.
Description
Terminal extension sets contain 3 bars.
Terminal shrouds - two pieces

| For contactor | Catalog <br> number |
| :--- | :--- |
| A/AF145 - A/AF185 for flush mount | LT185-AC |
| A/AF145 - A/AF185 for extended mount | LT185-AL |
| A/AF145 - A/AF185 for shorting bar LY...between A(F)145 / A(F)185 \& TA200DU | LT185-AY |
| A/AF210 - A/AF300 for flush mount |  |
| A/AF210 - A/AF300 for extended mount | LT300-AC |
| A/AF210 - A/AF300 for shorting bar LY300 | LT300-AL |
| AF400 - AF460 for flush mount | LT300-AY |
| AF400 - AF460 for extended mount | LT460-AC |
| AF580 - AF750 for flush mount | LT460-AL |
| AF580 - AF750 for extended mount | LT750-AC |

Terminal enlargements

| For contactor | Catalog <br> number |
| :---: | :---: |
| A/AF95 - A/AF110 | LW110 |
| A/AF145 - A/AF185 | LW185 |
| A/AF210 - A/AF300 | LW300 |
| AF400 - AF460 | LW460 |
| AF580 - AF750 | LW750 |

Arc chutes

| For contactor | Catalog <br> number |
| :---: | :---: |
| A/AF145-A/AF185 | ZW185 |
| A/AF210 - A/AF300 | ZW300 |
| A/AF400 - A/AF460 | ZW460 |
| A/AF580-A/AF750 | ZW750 |
| AF1350-AF1650 | ZW1650 |

## Accessories

## for A/AE/AF contactors


Vertical connection bars between contactor and MCCB - three bars
MCCB
T1
T3

Vertical connection bars between contactor and MCCB - three bars

| MCCB | For contactor | Catalog <br> number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S3, S4 | A/AF145-A/AF185 | BEA185D/S3/S4 |
| S4 | A/AF210-A/AF300 | BEA210D/S4 |
| S5 | A/AF210-A/AF300 | BEA300D/S5 |
| S5 | AF400 - AF460 | BEA400D/S5 |
| S6 | AF400 - AF750 | BEA750D/S6 |

To be used when power take off is needed (IP00) or with other bus bars. (EX: Reversing, IP20)
Horizontal connection busbars between contactor and MCCB - three bars

| MCCB | For contactor | Catalog <br> number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S3, S4 | A/AF145-A/AF185 | BEA185H/S4 |
| S4 | A/AF210-A/AF300 | BEA210H/S4 |
| S5 | A/AF210-A/AF300 | BEA300H/S5 |
| S5 | AF400 - AF460 | BEA400H/S5 |
| S6 | AF400-AF460 | BEA460H/S6 |
| S6 | AF580-AF750 | BEA750H/S6 |

Shorting bars, 2 pole

| For contactor | Catalog <br> number |
| :--- | :--- |
| A/AF145-A/AF185 | LP185 |
| A/AF210 - A/AF300 | LP300 |
| AF400 - AF460 | LP460 |
| AF580 - AF750 | LP750 |

Shorting bars, 3 pole

| For contactor | Catalog <br> number |
| :--- | :--- |
| A/AE45-A/AE/AF75 | LF75 |
| A/AE/AF95-A/AE/AF110 | LY110 |
| A/AE/AF145-A/AE/AF185 | LY185 |
| A/AE/AF210 - A/AE/AF300 | LYA300 |
| AF400 - AF460 | LY460 |
| AF580 - AF750 | LY750 |

## Accessories

for A contactors
TE5S electronic timer for wye-delta starters


Electronic timer

| For <br> contactors | Rated control <br> voltage $\mathbf{U C}_{\mathbf{c}}$ <br> $\mathbf{V}$ | Packing <br> piece | Unit <br> weight <br> kg | Catalog <br> number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A9-AF750 | $24 \mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC}$ | 1 | 0.080 | TE5S-24 |
|  | $110-120 \mathrm{AC}$ | 1 | 0.080 | TE5S-120 |
|  | $220-240 \mathrm{AC}$ | 1 | 0.080 | TE5S-240 |
|  | $380-440 \mathrm{AC}$ | 1 | 0.080 | TE5S-440 |

## Application

## Utilization

When used in wye-delta starters, the TE5S lags the wye connection and provides a lapse of 50 ms before the switchover to the delta connection.

## Description

According to the type of device chosen, the electronic circuit has a 24 VAC/VDC, $110-120$ VAC or $220-230$ VAC supply. An output relay with reversing contact ensures high current switching. A two-position switch allows selection of one of the two time delay ranges: 0.8 to 8 s or 6 to 60 s . The 0.1 to 1.0 adjustable knob allows an initial setting without steps within the previously selected range which can then be adjusted using a stopwatch.
Note: We recommend that you allow for temperature drift for the final adjustment of the time delay setting. Drift: - $0.2 \%$ per
${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. For example, a setting made at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ will yield a time delay shorter by $7 \%$ at $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in an enclosure. $\left(-0.2 \%\right.$ per ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ i.e. $-0.2 \times 35=-7 \%$ ).
The TE5S, which is not affected by these settings, establishes a fixed "lapse" of 50 ms between the opening of contact 15 16 and the closing of contact 15-18. It is this time delay that prevents from arc short-circuit during wye to delta switching.

## Operation

On energization, the green $U$ indicator light (voltage applied) comes on. Contact 15-16 then immediately moves to the closed position.
Count-down of the programmed time immediately commences.
When the time delay has elapsed, contact 15-16 opens and at the same time the 50 ms lapse, t2, begins after which contact 15-18 moves to the closed position. The yellow $R$ indicator light comes on.
On de-energization, the $U$ and $R$ indicator lights go out and, after the 250 ms resetting time, the device is ready for a new cycle.

## Mounting

Mounts on 35 mm DIN rail.

## Accessories

## for A contactors <br> TE5S electronic timer for wye-delta starters, technical data

## Technical Data

| Types | TE5S-24 | TE5S-120 | TE5S-240 | TE5S-440 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Compliance with standards | IEC 60947-5-1, EN 60947-5-1 |  |  |  |
| Rated insulation voltage $U_{i}$ <br> according to IEC 60947-5-1 | 440 |  |  |  |
| Rated operational voltage $U_{e}$ V d.c. <br> according to IEC $60947-5-1$ V a.c. | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \\ & 24 \ldots 240 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $440$ |
| Conventional free air thermal current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {th }} \quad \mathrm{A}$ | 10 |  |  |  |
| Rated operational current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{e}}$ acc. to IEC 60947-5-1 |  |  |  |  |
| AC-15 24-120 V a.c. A | 5 |  |  |  |
| 220-240 V a.c. A | 4 |  |  | - |
| 380-440 V a.c. A | - |  |  | 3 |
| $\overline{\text { DC-13 }} 24 \mathrm{~V}$ d.c. A | 4 |  |  | - |
| Short-circuit protection-gG type fuses A | 10 |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Rated supply voltage } U_{C} & \text { V d.c. } \\ \text { V a.c. }\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \\ & 24 \end{aligned}$ | $110 \ldots 120$ | $220 \text {... } 240$ | $380 \text {... } 440$ |
| - Rated frequency limits Hz | $48 . . .63$ |  |  |  |
| - Supply voltage range | $0.85 \ldots 1.1 \mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{c}}$ |  |  |  |
| - Overvoltage protection | Built-in varistor |  |  |  |
| - Load factor \% | 100 |  |  |  |
| - Average consumption - in d.c. W | 0.7 | - | - | - |
| - in a.c. VA | 1.5 | 3.5 | 6.5 | 12.5 |
| Time delay range ( $\mathrm{t}_{1}$ ) selected by switch s | $0.8 \ldots 8$ and $6 \ldots 60$ |  |  |  |
| - Temperature drift $\quad \%$ per ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -0.2 |  |  |  |
| - Mechanical setting accuracy | $\pm 15 \%$ of the setting range |  |  |  |
| - On-load reiteration accuracy under constant conditions | $\pm 2 \%$ after 1 million operating cycles |  |  |  |
| Minimum time lapse ( $\mathrm{t}_{2}$ ) ms | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Min. time lapse after 1 million operating cycles ms |  |  |  |  |
| Resetting time (maximum) ms | 250 |  |  |  |
| Front panel display: - green indicator light <br> - yellow indicator light | Energization Output relay activated |  |  |  |


| Permissible air temperature |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| - for operation | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| - for storage | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Vibration withstand acc. to
IEC 60068-2-6, EN 60068-2-6
Shock withstand acc. to
IEC 60068-2-27, EN 60068-2-27

| Electrical durability | in millions of op. cycles |
| :--- | ---: |
| Mechanical durability | in millions of op. cycles |
| On-load maximum switching frequency | cycles/h |
| Fixing on mounting rail acc. to IEC/EN 60715 |  |
| Connecting terminals |  |
| Connecting capacity |  |
| - rigid solid |  |
| - flexible with cable end | 1 or $2 \times \mathrm{mm}^{2}$ |
| Tightening torque | or $2 \times \mathrm{mm}^{2}$ |
| Degree of protection | Nm |
| according to IEC $60947-1 /$ EN $60947-1$ Terminals <br> and IEC 60529 / EN 60529  |  |

$-25 \ldots+60$
$-40 \ldots+85$

3 g from 10 to 300 Hz in the 3 directions
$20 \mathrm{~g} / 11 \mathrm{~ms}$ in directions A and C
$15 \mathrm{~g} / 11 \mathrm{~ms}$ in direction B
1
5

| 720 | 600 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $35 \times 7.5$ or $35 \times 15$ |  |

(+,-) pozidriv 1 screw

1 ... 2.5
0.75 ... 2.5
0.6 ... 0.8 max.

IP 20
and IEC 60529 / EN 60529

## Accessories

Terminal marking and positioning for AE/AL contactors


AL Contactors - D.C. operated
Standard devices without addition of auxiliary contacts



AL9 - AL26-40-00


Other possible contact combinations with auxiliary contacts added by the user


