

ABB MACHINERY DRIVES

ACS380 drives

Quick installation and start-up guide



To install the drive to a DIN rail

To install the drive with screws

Make marks onto the surface for the mounting holes. Refer to Din

and weights. Use the included

Drill the holes for the mounting screws. If necessary, install suitable

plugs or anchors into the holes

holes. Leave a gap between the

Put the drive onto the mounting

Tighten the mounting screws.

screws.

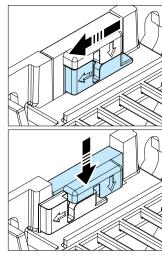
Install the mounting screws into the

screw head and installation surface.

mounting template for frames R3

- Move the locking part to the left. If necessary, use a flat-head screwdriver
- Push and hold the locking button down
- Put the top tabs of the drive onto the
- top edge of the DIN rail. Put the drive against the bottom edge of the DIN rail.
- Release the locking button.
- Move the locking part to the right. 6.
- Make sure that the drive is correctly
- installed.

To remove the drive, open the locking part and lift the drive from the DIN rail.



Safety instructions



WARNING! Obey these instructions. If you ignore them, injury or death, or damage to the equipment can occur. If you are not a qualified electrical professional, do not do electrical installation or maintenance work

- Do not do work on the drive, motor cable, motor, or control cables when the drive is connected to the input power. Before you start the work, isolate the drive from all dangerous voltage sources and make sure that it is safe to start the work. Always wait for 5 minutes after disconnecting the input power to let the intermediate circuit capacitors discharge.
- Do not do work on the drive when a rotating permanent magnet motor is connected to it. A rotating permanent magnet motor energizes the drive, including its input and output terminals.

1. Unpack the delivery

Keep the drive in its package until you are ready to install it. After unpacking, protect the drive from dust, debris and moisture.

Make sure that these items are included:

- options, if ordered with an option code
- installation accessories (cable clamps, cable ties, hardware, etc.) mounting template (frames R3 and R4 only)
- safety instructions
- multilingual warning sticker sheet (residual voltage warning) user interface guide (under the drive front cover)
- quick installation and start-up guide
- hardware and firmware manuals, if ordered with an option code.

Make sure that there are no signs of damage to the items.

2. Reform the capacitors

If the drive has not been powered up for a year or more, you must reform the DC link capacitors. The manufacturing date is on the type designation label. Refer to *Capacitor reforming instructions* (3BFE64059629 [English]).

- 3. Select the cables and fuses Select the power cables. Obey the local regulations.
 - $\textbf{Input power cable:} \, \mathsf{ABB} \, \mathsf{recommends} \, \mathsf{to} \, \mathsf{use} \, \mathsf{symmetrical} \, \mathsf{shielded} \, \mathsf{cable}$ (VFD cable) for the best EMC performance.
 - Motor cable: Use symmetrical shielded cable (VFD cable) for the best EMC performance. Symmetrical shielded cable also reduces bearing currents, wear, and stress on motor insulation.
 - **Power cable types:** In IEC installations, use copper or aluminum cables (if permitted). In UL installations, use only copper cables.
 - Current rating: max. load current.
 - Voltage rating: min. 600 V AC.
 - Temperature rating: In IEC installations, select a cable rated for at least 70 °C (158 °F) maximum permissible temperature of conductor in continuous use. In UL installations, select a cable rated for at least 75 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (167 °F).
 - Size: Refer to Fuses and typical power cable sizes for the typical cable sizes and to Terminal data for the power cables for the maximum cable
- Select the control cables. Use double-shielded twisted-pair cable for analog signals. Use double-shielded or single-shielded cable for the digital, relay and I/O signals. Do not run 24 V and 115/230 V signals in the same cable.
- Protect the drive and input power cable with the correct fuses. Refer to Fuses and typical power cable sizes.

4. Examine the installation area

The drive is intended for cabinet installation and has a degree of protection of IP20 / UL open type as standard

Examine the site where you will install the drive. Make sure that: The installation site is sufficiently ventilated and hot air does not

- There is sufficient free space around the drive for cooling, maintenance, and operation. For the minimum free space requirements, refer to Free space
- The ambient conditions meet the requirements. Refer to Ambient conditions
- The installation surface is as close to vertical as possible and strong enough to support the weight of the drive. Refer to Dimensions and weight The installation surface, floor and materials near the drive are not
- flammable.
- There are no sources of strong magnetic fields such as high-current singlecore conductors or contactor coils near the drive. A strong magnetic field can cause interference or inaccuracy in the operation of the drive.

5. Install the drive

recirculate.

You can install the drive with screws, or to a DIN rail (top hat type, width × height = 35 mm \times 7.5 mm [1.4 in \times 0.3 in]).

- Install RO drives vertically. RO drives do not have a cooling fan. You can install drives with frame size R1...R4 tilted by a maximum of
- 90 degrees, from vertical to fully horizontal orientation.
- Do not install the drive upside down
- You can install several drives side by side

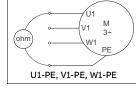
6. Measure the insulation resistance

Drive: Do not do voltage tolerance or insulation resistance tests on the drive, because this can cause damage to the drive.

Input power cable: Before you connect the input power cable, measure the insulation of the input power cable. Obey the local regulations. Motor and motor cable:

Make sure that the motor cable is connected to the motor and disconnected from the drive output terminals T1/U, T2/V and T3/W. Use a voltage of 1000 V DC to measure the

insulation resistance between each phase conductor and the protective earth conductor. The insulation resistance of an ABB motor must be more than 100 Mohm (at 25 °C [77 °F]). For the insulation resistance of other motors, refer to the manufacturer's documentation. Moisture in the motor decreases the insulation resistance. If you think that there



is moisture in the motor, dry the motor and do the measurement again.

7. Make sure that the drive is compatible with the grounding system

You can connect all drive types to a symmetrically grounded TN-S system (center-grounded wye). The drive is delivered with the EMC and VAR screws installed. The material of the screws (plastic or metal) depends on the product variant. The table shows when to remove the metal EMC screw (disconnect the internal EMC filter) or metal VAR screw (disconnect the varistor circuit).

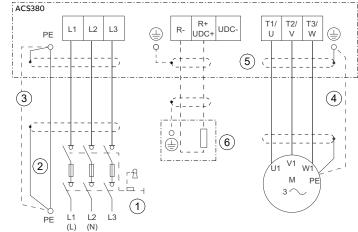
Screw	Factory default	Grounding systems								
label	screw material	Symmetrically grounded TN-S systems (center- grounded wye)	Corner-grounded delta, midpoint- grounded delta and TT systems	IT systems (ungrounded or high-resistance grounded)						
EMC	Metal	Do not remove	Remove	Remove						
	Plastic 1)	Do not remove ²⁾	Do not remove	Do not remove						
VAR	Metal	Do not remove	Do not remove	Remove						
	Plastic	Do not remove	Do not remove	Do not remove						

1) Drives sold in North America have a plastic EMC screw.

2) Can install the metal screw (included in the drive delivery) to connect the internal EMC filter.

8. Connect the power cables

Connection diagram (shielded cables)

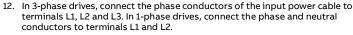


- Disconnecting device.
- Two protective earth (ground) conductors. Drive safety standard IEC/EN 61800-5-1 requires two PE conductors, if the cross-sectional area of the PE conductor is less than 10 mm² Cu or 16 mm² Al. For example, you can use the cable shield in addition to the fourth conductor.
- Use a separate grounding cable or a cable with a separate PE conductor for the line side, if the conductivity of the fourth conductor or shield does not meet the requirements for the PE conductor.
- Use a separate grounding cable for the motor side, if the conductivity of the shield is not sufficient, or if there is no symmetrically constructed $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PE}}$ conductor in the cable.
- 360-degree grounding of the cable shield is required for the motor cable and brake resistor cable (if used). It is also recommended for the input power cable.
- Brake resistor and resistor cable (optional).

Connection procedure (shielded cables)

For the tightening torques, refer to Terminal data for the power cables.

- Remove the screw on the drive front cover, then remove the front cover.
- Attach the residual voltage warning sticker in the local language to the
 - Strip the motor cable.
- Ground the motor cable shield under the grounding clamp.
- Twist the motor cable shield into a bundle, mark it and connect it to the grounding terminal.
- Connect the phase conductors of the motor cable to terminals T1/U, T2/V and T3/W.
- If you use a brake resistor, connect the brake resistor cable to terminals R- and UDC+. Use a shielded cable and ground the shield under the grounding clamp.
- Make sure that the R- and UDC+ terminal screws are tightened. Do this step also if you do not connect cables to the terminals.
- Strip the input power cable.
- 10. If the input power cable has a shield, ground the shield under the grounding clamp. Then twist the shield into a bundle, mark it and connect it to the grounding terminal.
- Connect the PE conductor of the input power cable to the grounding terminal. If necessary, use a second PE conductor.



13. Mechanically attach the cables on the outside of the drive.

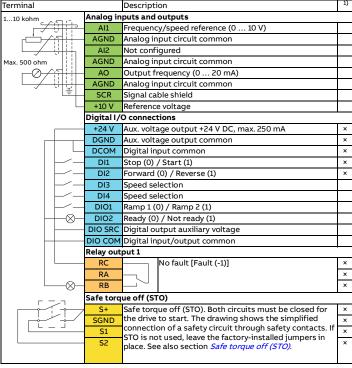
9. Connect the control cables

application macro that you select. Keep the signal wire pairs twisted as near to the terminals as possible to prevent inductive coupling. The tightening torque

- Connect the shields of the twisted pairs and grounding wires to the SCR terminal.
- Mechanically attach the control cables on the outside of the drive

Default I/O connections (ABB standard macro)

The ABB standard macro is the default macro. The connection diagram for the ABB standard macro is shown below. If you have a drive variant that does not have the BMIO-01 module, connect only the terminals that are on the base unit.



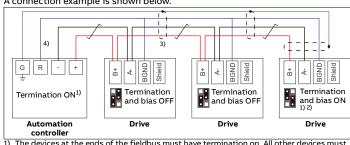
1) x = on base unit, empty = on BMIO-01 module.

Embedded fieldbus connection

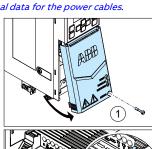
You can connect the drive to an EIA-485 serial communication link through the embedded fieldbus interface on the BMIO-01 I/O module. The embedded fieldbus interface supports the Modbus RTU protocol.

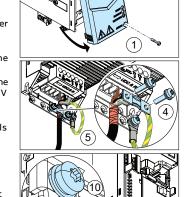
To configure Modbus RTU communication with the embedded fieldbus: 1. Connect the fieldbus cables and the necessary I/O signals.

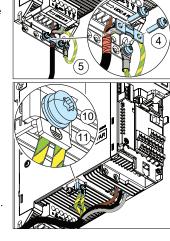
- Use the jumpers to set the termination and bias settings
- 3. Power up the drive and set the necessary parameters.
- A connection example is shown below.

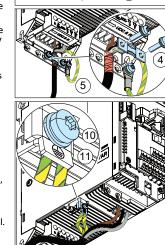


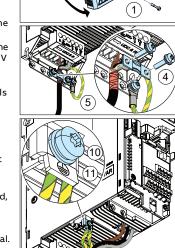
- 2) One device must have bias on. It is recommended that this device is at the end of the
- 3) Attach the cable shields together at each drive, but do not connect them to the drive.
- Connect the shields only to the grounding terminal in the automation controller.
 4) Connect the signal ground (BGND) conductor to the signal ground reference terminal in the automation controller. If the automation controller does not have a signal ground reference terminal, you can connect the signal ground to the cable shields through a 100 ohm resistor, preferably near the controller

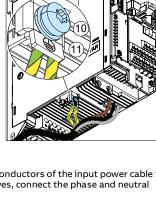


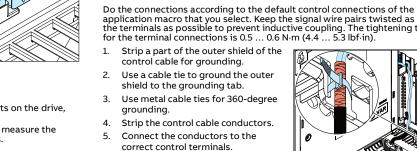












10. Start up the drive



WARNING! Before you start up the drive, make sure that the installation is completed. Make sure also that it is safe to start the motor Disconnect the motor from other machinery, if there is a risk of damage or injury.

AsynM

400.0V

50 Hz.

Max

Min

Orpm

1◆ 2क़`

13 2€

PID

0.75kW____1.90A

1460rpm 50.0Nm

U V W (5) Cosp 0.00

(6)

5.0s 5.0s

1500rpn 8 3.40A

(9)

1⊕2≒,

1\$\times 2\cap 3 + 4-

Modbus

050A-4 49.4

Scalar

50.0Hz

For information on the user interface, refer to the ACS380 User interface guide (3AXD50000022224 [English]), which is delivered with the drive.

- 1. Power up the drive. The drive software automatically identifies the connected adapter (BMIO-01 module or some of the fieldbus modules) and sets the applicable parameters.
- Select the units (international or US). In the Motor data view, select the motor type: AsynM: Asynchronous motor

PMSM: Permanent magnet synchronous motor **SynRM**: Synchronous reluctance motor.

Set the motor control mode: Vector: Speed reference. This is suitable for most

Scalar: Frequency reference. Do not use this mode for permanent magnet synchronous motors. Use this mode when:

- The number of motors can change.
- The nominal motor current is less than 20% of the nominal drive current.
- Set the nominal motor values.
- Start the motor and check the direction of rotation. If the direction is incorrect, you can:
 - change the Phase order setting, or
- change the phase order of the motor cable. Note: In vector control mode the drive does an automatic standstill ID run at the first start.
- In the Motor control view, set the start and stop
- 7. Set the acceleration and deceleration times.
- 8. Set the maximum and minimum speeds
- In the Control macros view, select the applicable macro. To configure fieldbus communications, refer
- 10. Tune the drive parameters to the application. You can also use an assistant control panel (ACS-AP-...) or the Drive Composer PC tool.



WARNING! If you activate the automatic fault reset or automatic restart functions of the drive control program, make sure that no dangerous situations can occur. These functions reset the drive automatically and continue operation after a fault or supply break. If these functions are activated, the installation must be clearly marked as defined in IEC/EN 61800-5-1, subclause 6.5.3, for example, "THIS MACHINE STARTS AUTOMATICALLY".

Fieldbus communication

Fieldbus communication with the BMIO-01 I/O module

- Select Modbus RTU from the Control macros view. The drive changes some parameter values automatically.
- Configure fieldbus communication from the parameter list. The minimum set of parameters for Modbus RTU configuration:

No.	Name	Value	
20.01	Ext1 commands	Embedded fieldbus	
22.11	Ext1 speed ref1 (vector)	EFB ref1	
28.11	Ext1 frequency ref1 (scalar)	EFB ref1	
31.11	Fault reset selection	DI1	
58.01	Protocol enable	Modbus RTU	
58.03	Node address	1 (default)	
58.04	Baud rate	19.2 kbps (default)	
58.05	Parity	8 EVEN 1 (default)	

Fieldbus communication with a fieldbus adapter module

The drive automatically identifies the connected adapter and selects the correct fieldbus control macro. If necessary, configure the adapter-specific settings Refer to the applicable fieldbus adapter documentation.

Warnings and faults

Warning	Fault	Description
A2A1	2281	Warning: Current calibration is done at the next start.
		Fault: Output phase current measurement fault.
A2B1	2310	Overcurrent: The output current is more than the internal limit. This can be caused by an earth fault or phase loss.
A2B3	2330	Earth leakage: A load unbalance that is typically caused by an earth fault in the motor or the motor cable.
A2B4	2340	Short circuit: A short circuit in the motor or the motor cable.
-	3130	Input phase loss: The intermediate DC circuit voltage oscillates.
-	3181	Cross connection: The input and motor cable connections are
		incorrect.
A3A1	3210	DC link overvoltage: Intermediate DC circuit voltage too high.
A3A2	3220	DC link undervoltage: Intermediate DC circuit voltage too low.
-	3381	Output phase loss: All three phases are not connected to the motor.
A5A0	5091	Safe torque off: The Safe torque off (STO) function is active.
-	6681	EFB communication loss: A loss in embedded fieldbus communications.
-	7510	FBA A communication loss: A loss in communications between drive and fieldbus adapter.
AFF6	-	Identification run: Motor ID run occurs at the next start.
-	FA81	Safe torque off 1: Safe torque off circuit 1 is broken.
-	FA82	Safe torque off 2: Safe torque off circuit 2 is broken.

Ratings

ACS380	Input ratings Output ratings											
-04xx- 	No choke	With choke	Max. current	Nomir	nal use	Ligh	nt-duty	use	Heavy-duty use			
	4	1 ₁	/ _{max}	٨	P_{N}	/ _{Ld}	P	Ld	/ _{Hd}	P	-ld	
	Α	Α	Α	Α	kW	Α	kW	hp	Α	kW	hp	
1-phase U_N = 230 V												
02A4-1	5.0	4.2	3.2	2.4	0.37	2.3	0.37	0.5	1.8	0.25	0.33	
03A7-1	7.1	6.4	4.3	3.7	0.55	3.5	0.55	0.8	2.4	0.37	0.5	
04A8-1	8.8	8.3	6.7	4.8	0.75	4.6	0.75	1.0	3.7	0.55	0.75	
06A9-1	12.0	11.9	8.6	6.9	1.10	6.6	1.10	1.5	4.8	0.75	1.0	
07A8-1	14.2	13.5	12.4	7.8	1.5	7.4	1.5	2.0	6.9	1.1	1.5	
09A8-1	18.7	17.0	14.0	9.8	2.2	9.3	2.2	3.0	7.8	1.5	2.0	
12A2-1	24.6	21.1	17.6	12.2	3.0	11.6	3.0	3.0	9.8	2.2	3.0	
3-phase (ν _N = 230 \	/										
02A4-2	3.6	2.4	3.2	2.4	0.37	2.4	0.37	0.5	1.8	0.25	0.33	
03A7-2	5.1	3.7	4.3	3.7	0.55	3.2	0.55	0.75	2.4	0.37	0.5	
04A8-2	6.3	4.8	6.7	4.8	0.75	4.6	0.75	1.0	3.7	0.55	0.75	
06A9-2	8.4	6.9	8.6	6.9	1.1	6.6	1.1	1.5	4.8	0.75	1.0	
07A8-2	10.1	7.8	12.4	7.8	1.5	7.5	1.5	2.0	6.9	1.1	1.5	
09A8-2	13.8	9.8	14.0	9.8	2.2	9.3	2.2	2.0	7.8	1.5	2.0	
12A2-2	17.3	12.2	17.6	12.2	3.0	11.6	3.0	3.0	9.8	2.2	3.0	
17A5-2	22.2	17.5	22.0	17.5	4.0	16.7	4.0	5.0	12.2	3.0	3.0	

Related documents

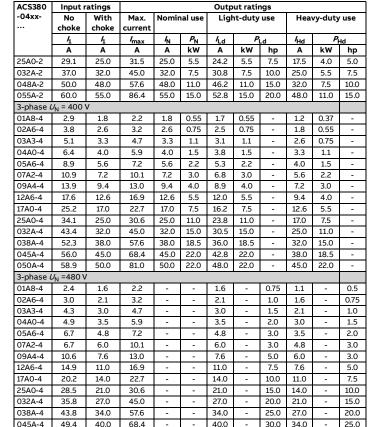
ACS380 manual list

Ecodesign information ACS380 online videos (EU 2019/1781)









Input current for 230 V and 400 V with motor power P_N (kW), and for 480 V with motor 1/1

42.0

30.0 40.0

30.0

- Maximum output current. Available for 2 seconds every 10 minutes when the output frequency is less than 9 Hz. Nominal output current. Maximum continuous rms output current (no overload).
- Continuous rms output current. Allows 10% overload for 1 minute every 10 minutes. Continuous rms output current. Allows 50% overload for 1 minute every 10 minutes.
- Typical motor power in nominal use (no overload) Typical motor power in light-duty use (10% overload)

42.0 81.0

- Typical motor power heavy-duty use (50% overload)
- The kilowatt ratings are applicable to most IEC 4-pole motors. The horsepower ratings are applicable to most NEMA 4-pole motors.

Fuses and typical power cable sizes

ACS380 -04xx-		Fuses		Cable cond sizes (C	Frame size	
	gG	gR	UL class T ^{1) 2)} 3) 4)	31263 (C	5128	
	ABB type	Bussmann type	Bussmann/ Edison type	mm ²	AWG	
1-phase (U _N = 230 V					
02A4-1	OFAF000H10	170M2695	JJN/TJN10	3×1.5 + 1.5	16	R0
03A7-1	OFAF000H10	170M2695	JJN/TJN10	3×1.5 + 1.5	16	R0
04A8-1	OFAF000H16	170M2696	JJN/TJN20	3×1.5 + 1.5	16	R1
06A9-1	OFAF000H20	170M2697	JJN/TJN20	3×1.5 + 1.5	16	R1
07A8-1	OFAF000H25	170M2698	JJN/TJN25	3×1.5 + 1.5	16	R1
09A8-1	OFAF000H32	170M2698	JJN/TJN25	3×2.5 + 2.5	14	R2
12A2-1	OFAF000H35	170M2698	JJN/TJN35	3×2.5 + 2.5	14	R2
3-phase (V _N = 230 V					
02A4-2	OFAF000H6	170M2694	JJS/TJS6	3×1.5 + 1.5	16	R1
03A7-2	OFAF000H10	170M2695	JJS/TJS10	3×1.5 + 1.5	16	R1
04A8-2	OFAF000H10	170M2695	JJS/TJS10	3×1.5 + 1.5	16	R1
06A9-2	OFAF000H16	170M2696	JJS/TJS20	3×1.5 + 1.5	16	R1
07A8-2	OFAF000H16	170M2696	JJS/TJS20	3×1.5 + 1.5	16	R1
09A8-2	OFAF000H16	170M2696	JJS/TJS20	3×2.5 + 2.5	14	R1
12A2-2	OFAF000H25	170M2697	JJS/TJS25	3×2.5 + 2.5	14	R2
17A5-2	OFAF000H32	170M2698	JJS/TJS35	3×6 + 6	10	R3
25A0-2	OFAF000H50	170M2699	JJS/TJS50	3×6 + 6	10	R3
032A-2	OFAF000H63	170M2700	JJS/TJS60	3×10 + 10	8	R3
048A-2	OFAF000H100	170M2702	JJS/TJS100	3×25 + 16	4	R4
055A-2	OFAF000H100	170M2702	JJS/TJS100	3×25 + 16	4	R4
3-phase (U _N = 400 V or 480 V					
01A8-4	OFAF000H4	170M2694	JJS/TJS6	3×1.5 + 1.5	16	RO
02A6-4	OFAF000H6	170M2694	JJS/TJS6	3×1.5 + 1.5	16	R1
03A3-4	OFAF000H6	170M2694	JJS/TJS6	3×1.5 + 1.5	16	R1
04A0-4	OFAF000H10	170M2695	JJS/TJS10	3×1.5 + 1.5	16	R1
05A6-4	OFAF000H10	170M2695	JJS/TJS10	3×1.5 + 1.5	16	R1
07A2-4	OFAF000H16	170M2696	JJS/TJS20	3×1.5 + 1.5	16	R1
09A4-4	OFAF000H16	170M2696	JJS/TJS20	3×2.5 + 2.5	14	R1
12A6-4	OFAF000H25	170M2697	JJS/TJS25	3×2.5 + 2.5	14	R2
17A0-4	OFAF000H32	170M2698	JJS/TJS35	3×6 + 6	10	R3
25A0-4	OFAF000H50	170M2699	JJS/TJS40	3×6 + 6	10	R3
032A-4	OFAF000H63	170M2700	JJS/TJS60	3×10 + 10	8	R4
038A-4	OFAF000H80	170M2701	JJS/TJS80	3×16 + 16	6	R4
045A-4	OFAF000H100	170M2702	JJS/TJS100	3×25 + 16	4	R4
050A-4	OFAF000H100	170M2702	JJS/TJS100	3×25 + 16	4	R4

- 1) The recommended branch protection fuses must be used to maintain the IEC/EN/UL 61800-5-1 listing.
- 2) The drive is suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100000 symmetrical amperes (rms) at 480 V (480 V drives) or 240 V (240 V drives) maximum when protected by the fuses given in this table.

3) As an alternative to Class T fuses, you can use Class J or Class CF fuses of the same voltage and current rating for branch circuit protection of 3-phase drives.

[English]) for additional UL fuses and circuit breakers that can be used as branch circuit protection. 4) Refer to Alternate Fuses, MMPs and Circuit Breakers for ABB Drives (3AXD50000645015

Terminal data for the power cables

Frame	L1, L2, I	L3, T1/	U, T2/V, T	PE							
size	Min. wir (solid stranc	d/	Max. wire size (solid/ stranded)		Tighte torq	-	Max. wir (soli stranc	d/	Tightening torque		
	mm ²	AWG	mm ²	AWG	N⋅m	lbf∙in	mm ²	AWG	N⋅m	lbf∙in	
R0	0.5/0.5	18	4/2.5	10	0.50.6	5	6/4	10	1.2	11	
R1	0.5/0.5	18	4/2.5	10	0.50.6	5	6/4	10	1.2	11	
R2	0.5/0.5	18	4/2.5	10	0.50.6	5	6/4	10	1.2	11	
R3	0.5/0.5	18	10/6	6	1.21.5	1113	6/4	10	1.2	11	
R4	0.5/0.5	18	25/16	2	2.53.7	2232	25/16	4	2.9	26	

Notes: The minimum specified wire size does not necessarily have sufficient

- current carrying capacity at maximum load.
- The terminals do not accept a conductor that is one size larger than the maximum specified wire size
- The maximum number of conductors per terminal is 1.

Free space requirements

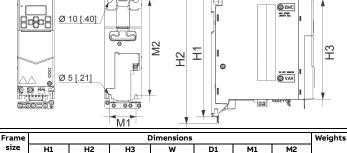
Frame size	Ab	ove	Bel	low	Sides 1)			
	mm	in mm		in	mm	in		
R0R4	75	3	75	3	0	0		

1) A side-mounted option requires approximately 20 mm (0.8 in) of space on the right side of

Ambient conditions

Requirement	During operation (installed for stationary use)						
Installation site	230 V drives:						
altitude	0 2000 m (0 6562 ft) above sea level.						
	400/480 V drives:						
	0 4000 m (0 13123 ft) above sea level.						
	At altitudes above 2000 m (6562 ft):						
	 only TN-S and TT grounding systems are permitted 						
	 the maximum permitted voltage for the relay output RO1 						
	decreases. At 4000 m (13123 ft), it is 30 V.						
	Derating:						
	The output current must be derated 1% for each 100 m (328 ft)						
	above 1000 m (3281 ft).						
Surrounding air	Frame R0:						
temperature	-10 +50 °C (14 122 °F). No frost permitted.						
	Frames R1R4:						
	-10 +60 °C (14 140 °F). No frost permitted.						
	The output current must be derated at temperatures above +50 °C						
	(122 °F) as follows:						
	 Types 055A-2, 038A-4 and 050A-4: 2% for each added 1 °C (1.8°F) 						
	 Other types: 1% for each added 1 °C (1.8°F). 						
Relative humidity	5 95%. No condensation permitted. Maximum permitted relative						
	humidity is 60% in the presence of corrosive gases.						
Contamination levels	No conductive dust permitted.						
Shock or free fall	Not permitted.						

Dimensions and weights



Frame		Dimensions												Wei	ghts	
size	H1 H		H2 H3		W D1		D1 M1		1	L M2						
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	lb
RO	205	8.1	223	8.8	170	6.7	70	2.8	176	6.9	50	2.0	191	7.5	1.4	3.1
R1	205	8.1	223	8.8	170	6.7	70	2.8	176	6.9	50	2.0	191	7.5	1.4	3.1
R2	205	8.1	223	8.8	170	6.7	95	3.7	176	6.9	75	3.0	191	7.5	2.0	4.4
R3	205	8.1	223	8.8	170	6.7	169	6.7	176	6.9	148	5.8	191	7.5	3.3	7.3
R4	205	8.1	240	9.5	170	6.7	260	10.2	181	7.1	234	9.2	191	7.5	5.3	11.7

Markings

The applicable markings are shown on the type label of the product.



D1

Safe torque off (STO)

The drive has a Safe torque off function (STO) in accordance with IEC/EN 61800-5-2. It can be used, for example, as the final actuator device of safety circuits that stop the drive in case of danger (such as an emergency stop circuit).

When activated, the STO function disables the control voltage of the power semiconductors of the drive output stage, thus preventing the drive from generating the torque required to rotate the motor. The control program generates an indication as defined by parameter 31.22. If the motor is running when Safe torque off is activated, it coasts to a stop. Closing the activation switch deactivates the STO. Any faults generated must be reset before

The STO function has a redundant architecture, that is, both channels must be used in the safety function implementation. The safety data given is calculated for redundant use, and does not apply if both channels are not used.

 $\mbox{\bf WARNING!}$ The STO function does not disconnect the voltage from the



- If stopping by coasting is not acceptable, stop the drive and machinery using the appropriate stop mode before activating the STO.
- The STO function overrides all other functions of the drive.

Wiring

The safety contacts must open/close within 200 ms of each other. Double-shielded twisted-pair cable is recommended for the connection. The maximum length of the cabling between the switch and the drive control unit is $300\,\mathrm{m}$ ($1000\,\mathrm{ft}$). Ground the shield of the cable at the control unit only.

Validation

To ensure the safe operation of a safety function, a validation test is required. The test must be carried out by a competent person with adequate expertise and knowledge of the safety function. The test procedures and report must be documented and signed by this person. Validation instructions of the STO function can be found in the drive hardware manual.

Technical data

- Minimum voltage at IN1 and IN2 to be interpreted as "1": 13 V DC
- STO reaction time (shortest detectable break): 1 ms
- STO response time: 2 ms (typical), 5 ms (maximum)
- Fault detection time: Channels in different states for longer than 200 ms
- Fault reaction time: Fault detection time + 10 ms
- STO fault indication (parameter 31.22) delay: < 500 ms
- STO warning indication (parameter 31.22) delay: < 1000 ms Safety integrity level (EN 62061): SIL 3
- Performance level (EN ISO 13849-1): PL e

The drive STO is a type A safety component as defined in IEC 61508-2. For the full safety data, exact failure rates and failure modes of the STO function, refer to the drive hardware manual.

Declarations of conformity



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