

Economical inverter with simple operation

NE-S1 Series NEW



Hitachi Industrial Equipment Systems Co., Ltd.

What's "NES"? New Inverter Small, Simple

Next&New

NEXT generation inverter opens the door to NEW market segments

Ecological& Economical

ECOLOGICAL - saves energy ECONOMICAL - simple to install and easy to use

Space Saving

Among the smallest form-factors in their category: -43% smaller than equivalent X200 (0.2 kW) -Side-by-side installation to save panel space

no space between

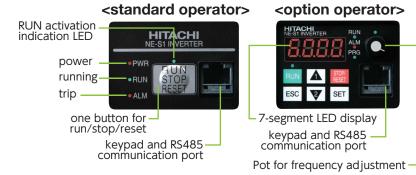


Side-by-side installation: derating for carrier frequency and output current required

Z Simple Operation

Run/Stop/Reset is integrated in one button for simple operation.

Full-function attachable operator available as an option. (refer to p.15)



3 Global Standards

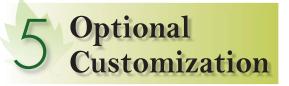
 Conformity to global standards Conforms to CE/UL/c-UL/c-Tick
 Compatible to both sink and source logic as standard



Logic input is compatible with both sink and source logic.



•RS485 Modbus-RTU Communication port is standard



Customization for specific applications is available. (contact Hitachi)

<image><section-header>

Inherent Functions to achieve energy savings

Automatic energy saving function is implemented to minimize energy consumption.

•Arithmetic and delay functions

Arithmetic operation and delay functions can simplify external hardware.

 Keypad / Terminal switching Source of frequency and run commands can be selected via intelligent terminal.
 2nd motor function

Settings for 1st and 2nd motor can be selected via intelligent input.

- Three-wire Operation function Momentary contact for RUN and STOP can be utilized.
- Analog Input Disconnection Detect Function

When wire for analog signal to command frequency is cut, pre-assigned signal can be output. *Parameter change and setting by keypad etc.



Optimal performance for energy saving applications such as fans and pumps

| \bigcap | | \sim |
|-----------|------------|--------|
| | | \gg |
| | × | |
| \sim | \searrow | > |
| | | |

Fan and air conditioners •air conditioning systems •fans and blowers •clean rooms

Coming soon.



Pumps •water and wastewater pump systems •tank-less water supply and drainage systems



Food Processing Machines •slicers •mixers •confectionery machines •Fruit Sorters

Model Configuration

| Applicable motor kW | 0.2 (1/4) | 0.4 (1/2) | 0.75(1) | 1.5(2) | 2.2(3) | |
|----------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|--------|--------|--|
| Three Phase 200V | LB | • | • | • | • | • |
| Single Phases 200V | SB | • | • | • | • | • |
| Three Phases 400V HB | | | | | | —————————————————————————————————————— |

Model Name Indication **NES1-002 S B**

Series Name

Applicable Motor Capacity 002: 0.2kW (1/4HP) – 022: 2.2kW (3HP) B : Without keypad Power Source S : 1-phase 200V class L : 3-phase 200V class

CONTENTS

| Features | — 1-2 |
|--|----------|
| Standard Specifications | — 3 |
| Dimensions | — 4 |
| Operation and Programming —— | - 5 |
| Operation / Terminal Functions — | 6 |
| Function List | -7-10 |
| Protective Functions | — 11 |
| Connecting Diagram | 12-13 |
| Wiring and Accessories | 14-15 |
| Torque characteristics/Derating Curves | <u> </u> |
| For Correct Operation ——— | 17-18 |
| | |

1-/3-phase 200V class

| Model NES1- | | | 002SB | 004SB | 007SB | 015SB | 022SB | |
|----------------|---|------|---|--|---------|------------|--------|--|
| Niddel NE31- | | | 002LB | 004LB | 007LB | 015LB | 022LB | |
| | Applicable motor size, 4-pole kW(HP) *1 | | 0.2(1/4) | 0.4(1/2) | 0.75(1) | 1.5 (2) | 2.2(3) | |
| | Rated capacity | 230V | 0.5 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 2.8 | 3.9 | |
| Output | haleu capacity | 240V | 0.5 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 2.9 | 4.1 | |
| Ratings | Rated output current (A) *2 | | 1.4 | 2.6 | 4.0 | 7.1 | 10.0 | |
| | Overload capacity(output current) | | 150% for 60 sec. | | | | | |
| | Rated output voltage (V) | | 3-phase (3-wire) 200 to 240V (corresponding to input voltage) | | | | | |
| In suit Daties | Rated input voltage (V) | | | SB: 1-phase 200 to 240V+10%, -15%, 50/60Hz ±5% LB: 3-phase 200 to 240V+10%, -15%, 50/60Hz ±5% | | | | |
| Input Rating | Deterline at surrent (A) | SB | 3.1 | 5.8 | 9.0 | 16.0 | 22.5 | |
| | Rated input current (A) | LB | 1.8 | 3.4 | 5.0 | 9.3 | 13.0 | |
| Enclosure *4 | | | | IP20 | | | | |
| Cooling method | | | Self-cooling Force ventilation | | | entilation | | |
| Moight (kg) | | SB | 0.7 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | |
| Weight (kg) | | LB | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.2 | 1.3 | |

General Specifications

| | Item | | General Specifications | | | | |
|----------------|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Control method | | Line-to-line sine wave pulse-width modulation (PWM) control | | | | |
| | Output frequency | • | 0.5 to 400Hz | | | | |
| | Frequency accur | • | Digital command : $\pm 0.01\%$, Analog command $\pm 0.2\%$ (25 $\pm 10^{\circ}$ C) | | | | |
| | Frequency setting resolution | | Digital: 0.1Hz, Analog: (max frequency)/1000 | | | | |
| Control | Voltage/Frequen | cy Characteristic | V/f control,V/f variable (constant torque, reduced torque) | | | | |
| Control | Acceleration/dec | eleration time | 0.00 to 3000 sec. (linear, sigmoid), two-stage accel./decel. | | | | |
| | Starting torque *7 | | 100%/6Hz | | | | |
| | Carrier frequency range Protective functions | | 2.0 to 15kHz | | | | |
| | | | Over-current, Over-voltage, Under-voltage, Overload, Overheat, Ground fault at power-on, Input over-voltage, External trip, Memory error, CPU error, USP error, Driver error, Output phase loss protection | | | | |
| | Specification | | 10kohm input impedance, sink/source logic selectable | | | | |
| Input terminal | Functions | FW(Forward), RV(Reverse), CF1-CF3(Multispeed command), JG(Jogging), DB(External DC braking), SET(Second mote constants setting), 2CH(Second accel/decel.), FRS(Free-run stop), EXT(External trip), USP(Unattended start protection SFT(Software lock), AT(Analog input selection), RS(Reset), STA(3-wire start), STP(3-wire stop), F/R(3-wire fwd./rev.), PID(PID On/Off), PIDC(PID reset), UP/DWN(Remote-controlled accel./decel.), UDC(Remote-contr data clearing), OPE(Operator control), SF1-SF3(multispeed bit), OLR(overload restriction selection), LAC(LAD cancellat ADD(ADD frequency enable), F-TM(force terminal mode), KHC(cumulative power clearance), AHD(analog command holding), HLD(retain output frequency), ROK(permission of run command), DISP (display limitation), NO(Not selected) | | | | | |
| | | Specification | 27V DC 50mA max open collector output, 1 terminals 1c output 250V AC/30V DC 2.5A relay (AL0, AL1, AL2 terminals) | | | | |
| Output signal | Intelligent output terminal | Function | RUN(run signal), FA1(Frequency arrival type 1 - constant speed), FA2(Frequency arrival type 2 - over-frequency), OL(overload advance notice signal), OD(Output deviation for PID control), AL(alarm signal), DC(Wire brake detect on analog input), FBV(PID Second Stage Output), NDC(ModBus Network Detection Signal), LOG(Logic Output Function), ODC(analog voltage input disconnection), LOC(Low load), FA3(Set frequency reached), UV(Under voltage), RNT(Operation time over), ONT(Plug-in time over), THM(Thermal alarm signal), ZS(0 Hz detection signal), IRDY(Inverter ready), FWR(Forward rotation),RVR(Reverse rotation), MJA(Major failure) | | | | |
| | Moniter output terminal | Function | PWM output; Select analog output frequency monitor, analog output current monitor or digital output frequency monitor | | | | |
| Operator | Operation key | | 1 unified key for RUN/STOP/RESET ON : this key has function of "RUN"(regardless run command source setting (A002/A201).) OFF : this key has function of "STOP/RESET When optional operator is connected, operation from key is disabled. | | | | |
| | Status LED Interface | | Control power supply LED (Red), LED during operation (yellow-green), Operation button operation LED (yellow-green), LEI during tripping (Red), 4LED in total | | | | |
| | _ | Operator keypad(Option) | Up and Down keys / Value settings or analog setting via potentiometer on operator keypad | | | | |
| | Frequency | External signal *8 | 0 to 10 V DC or 4 to 20 mA | | | | |
| 0 | setting | Serial port | RS485 interface (Modbus RTU) | | | | |
| Operation | | Operator Keypad(Option) | Run key / Stop key (change FW/RV by function command) | | | | |
| | FW/RV Run | External signal | FW Run/Stop (NO contact), RV set by terminal assignment (NC/NO), 3-wire input available | | | | |
| | | Serial port | RS485 interface (Modbus RTU) | | | | |
| | Operating tempe | rature | -10 to 50°C(carrier derating required for aambient temperature higher than 40°C), no freezing | | | | |
| | Storage tempera | | -20 to 60°C | | | | |
| Environment | Humidity | | 20 to 90% RH | | | | |
| | Vibration | | 5.9mm/s ² (0.6G) 10 to 55Hz | | | | |
| | Location | | Altitude 1,000 m or less, indoors (no corrosive gasses or dust) | | | | |
| | Other funct | ions | AVR (Automatic Voltage Regulation), V/f characteristic selection, accel./decel. curve selection, frequency upper/lower lim 8 stage multispeed, PID control, frequency jump, external frequency input bias start/end, jogging, trip history etc. | | | | |
| | Options | 3 | Remote operator with copy function (WOP), Remote operator (OPE-SRmini, OPE-SR), Operator (NES1-OP), input/output reactors, DC reactors, radio noise filters, LCR filter, communication cables (ICS-1, 3) | | | | |

Note 1: The applicable motor refers to Hitachi standard 3-phase motor (4-pole). When using other motors, care must be taken to prevent the rated motor current (50/60 Hz) from exceeding the rated output current of the inverter.

the inverter. Note 2: The output voltage decreases as the main supply voltage decreases (except when using the AVR function). In any case, the output voltage cannot exceed the input power supply voltage. Note 3: The braking torque via capacitive feedback is the average deceleration torque at the shortest deceleration (stopping from 50/60 Hz as indicated). It is not continuous regenerative braking torque. The average decel torque varies with motor loss. This value decreases when operating beyond 50 Hz. Note 4: The protection method conforms to JEM 1030.

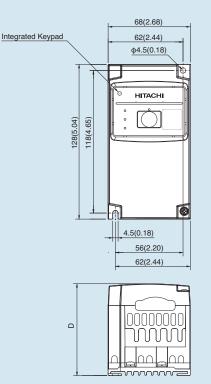
Note 5: To operate the motor beyond 50/60 Hz, consult the motor manufacturer for the

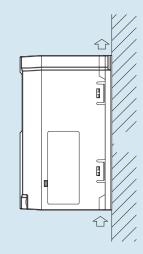
Note 5: To operate the motor beyond 50/60 Hz, consult the motor manufacturer for the maximum allowable rotation speed.
Note 6: The output frequency may exceed the maximum frequency setting (A004 or A204) for automatic stabilization control.
Note 7: At the rated voltage when using a Hitachi standard 3-phase, 4pole motor.
Note 8: DC 4 to 20 mA Input, need parameter setting by Keypad etc.
Analog input voltage or current can be switched by switch as individually and not use them in the same time.

Dimensions

NES1-002SB, NES1-004SB, NES1-002LB, NES1-004LB, NES1-007LB

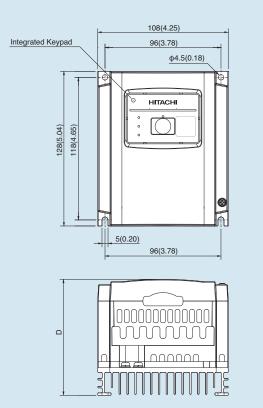
[Unit: mm(inch)] Inches for reference only

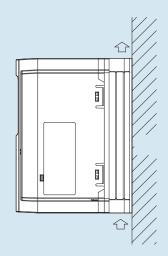




| Model | D |
|--------------|------------|
| 002LB, 002SB | 76 (2.99) |
| 004LB, 004SB | 91 (3.58) |
| 007LB | 115 (4.53) |

NES1-007SB, NES1-015SB, NES1-022SB, NES1-015LB, NES1-022LB



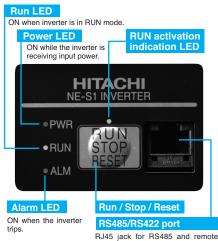


| Model | D |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| 007SB | 96 (3.78) |
| 015LB, 015SB | 107 (4.21) |
| 022LB, 022SB | 125 (4.92) |
| | 007SB 015LB, 015SB |

Operation and Programming

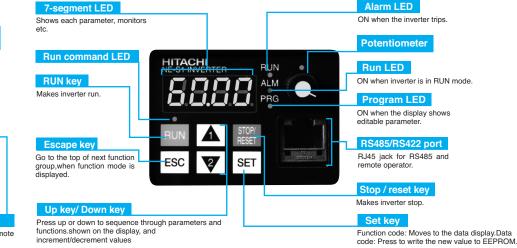
The NE-S1 series can be easily operated with the digital operator provided as standard. Change and setting parameter by Keypad (NES1-OP). The digital operator can also be detached and used for remote-control. An operator with copy function is also available as an option.

<NE-S1 Standard Operator Panel>

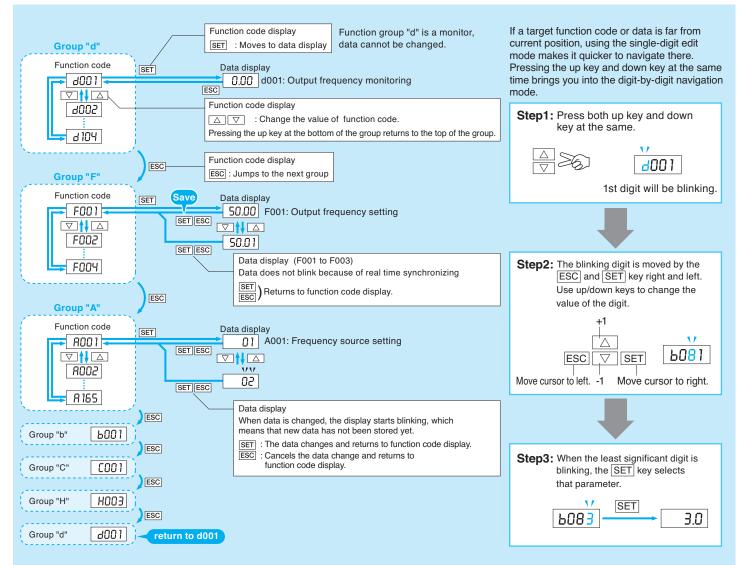


operator

<Exclusive use Operator Panel (Option)>



• Keypad Navigation Map Single-Digit Edit Mode (At the time of operator use.)



Operation / Terminal Functions

Terminal Description

| Terminal Symbol | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|
| Terminal Symbol | Terminal Name |
| L1,L2,N/L3 | Main power supply input terminals |
| U/T1,V/T2,W/T3 | Inverter output terminals |
| +1,+ | DC reactor connection terminals |
| Ð | Ground connection terminal |
| | |

Screw Diameter and Terminal Width

| Model | Screw diameter (mm) | Terminal width W (mm) | |
|-------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------|
| 002 - 004SB | M0.5 | 7.4 | + * + |
| 002-007LB | M3.5 | 7.1 | |
| 007- 022SB | | 0.0 | 1112 |
| 015-037LB | M4 | 9.2 | THE |

4 3

2

1 CM2

PLC P24

L

11

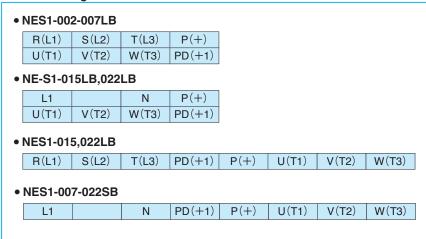
Control circuit terminals

Terminal arrangement

| | AL2 | AL1 | AL0 | н | 0/01 | L | FM |
|-----|----------|---------|----------|--------|---------|---|----|
| Sho | rt bar:c | default | position | (Sourc | e logic |) | |

5

Terminal arrangement



Terminal function

| | Terminal name | Description | Ranges and Notes |
|---------------------|---------------|--|--|
| | FM | Monitor terminal (frequency, current, etc.) | PWM out put(0 to10V DC, 1mA max.) |
| | L | Common for inputs | - |
| | P24 | +24V for logic inputs | 24V DC, 30mA (do not short to terminal L) |
| | PLC | Intelligent input common | - |
| Input/monitor | 5 | Intelligent (programable) input terminals, selection from: FW(Forward), RV(Reverse), CF1-CF3(Multispeed command), | |
| signals | 4 | JG(Jogging), DB(External DC braking), SF1-SF3(multispeed bit), SET(Second motor constants setting), 2CH(Second accel./d FRS(Free-run stop), EXT(External trip), USP(Unattended start protection), SFT(Software lock), RS(Reset), STA(3-wire start), | |
| | 3 | STP(3-wire stop), F/R(3-wire fwd./rev.), PID(PID On/Off), PIDC(PID reset), OLR(overload restriction selection), | SW (Input logic is colortable) |
| | 2 | UP/DWN(Remote-controlled accel./decel.), UDC(Remote-controlled data clearing), OPE(Operator control), ADD(Frequency set | point), 1-5 (input logic is selectable) |
| | 2 | F-TM(Force terminal enable), RDY(Quick start enable),KHC(cumulative power clearance), AHD(analog command holding), HLD(retain output frequency), ROK(permission of run command), DISP (display limitation) or NO(Not selected). | |
| | 1 | HED(retain output requency), NOK(permission of fun command), DISP (display initiation) of NO(Not selected). | |
| Freqency setting | н | +10V analog reference | 10V DC, 10mA max |
| | 0/01 | Analog input, voltage/ Analog input, current Switch able by switch but not use them in the same time. $\begin{array}{c c} H & 0/0I & L \\ \hline \\$ | 0 to 10V DC, input impedance10kohm 4 to 20mA DC, input impedance 250ohm |
| | L | Common for inputs Input inpedance 10kΩ Input inpedance 3 | |
| Output signals | 11 | Intelligent (programable) output terminals, selection from: RUN(run signal), FA1(Frequency arrival type 1 -constant speed), FA2(Frequency arrival type 2 -over-frequency), OL(overload advance notice signal), DQ(Output deviation for PID control), AL(alarm signal), FA3(Set frequency reached), UV(Under voltage), RNT(Operatii over), ONT(Plug-in time over), DC(Wire brake detect on analog input), FBV(Feedback voltage comparison), NDc(analog voltage input disconnection), LOG(Logic operation result), ODC(Option Card Detection signal), LOC(Low Load Detection). | on time L level at operation (ON) |
| | CM2 | Common for intelligent output terminals | _ |
| | AL2 | Relay contact (alarm output) | AC250V 2.5A (Resistive load) 0.2A (cos \u03c6 = 0.4) |
| Relay output | AL1 | terminals (programable, | DC30V 3.0A (Resistive load) 0.7A (cos φ =0.4) |
| | AL0 | intelligent output terminals). | (minimum) AC100V 10mA DC 5V 100mA |

Function List

The parameter tables in this chapter have a column titled "Run Mode Edit." An Ex mark x means the parameter cannot be edited; a Check mark ✓ means the parameter can be edited. The table example to the right contains two adjacent marks "x ✓ ". These two marks (that can also be "xx" or " < < ") correspond to low-access or high-access levels to Run Mode edits (note Lo and Hi in column heading). Parameter shown in case "b037" is "00" (Full display).

| | | and main profile parameters | \$ | | | ✓: Allo ★: Not | owed t allowed |
|--------------|--------|--|--|---------|--------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Function | n Code | Name | Range | Default | Unit | Run m | ode edit |
| T difiction | 10006 | Name | nange | Delault | Onit | Lo | Hi |
| | d001 | Output frequency monitor | 0.00 to 400.00 | - | Hz | - | - |
| | d002 | Output current monitor | 0.00 to 655.35 (002 to 015S/L) 0.0 to 6553.5 (022S/L) | - | A | - | - |
| | d003 | Rotation direction monitor | F(Forward)/o(Stop)/r(Reverse) | - | - | - | - |
| | d004 | Process variable, PID feedback monitor | 0.0 to 100000.0 | - | - | - | - |
| | d005 | Intelligent input terminal status | ON e.g. :1,2 : ON 54 32 10 OFF 3,4,5 : OFF | - | - | - | - |
| | d006 | Intelligent output terminal status | AL 10 OFF AL OFF | - | - | - | - |
| | d007 | Scaled output frequency monitor | 0.00 to 40000.00 | - | - | - | - |
| | d013 | Output voltage monitor | 0.0 to 600.0 | - | V | - | - |
| | d014 | Power monitoring | 0 to 999.9 | - | kW | - | - |
| Monitor | d015 | Cumulative power monitoring | 0.0 to 999999.9 | - | kWh | - | - |
| WORITOR | d016 | Cumulative operation RUN time monitor | 0 to 999999 | - | hr | - | - |
| | d017 | Cumulative power-on time monitor | 0 to 999999 | - | hr | - | - |
| | d018 | Cooling fin temperature monitor | -20.0 to120.0 | - | °C | - | - |
| | d050 | Dual monitor | - | - | - | - | - |
| | d080 | Trip counter | 0 to 65535 | - | events | - | - |
| | d081 | Trip monitor 1 | | - | - | - | - |
| | d082 | Trip monitor 2 | | - | - | - | - |
| | d083 | Trip monitor 3 | Displays trip event information | - | - | - | - |
| | d084 | Trip monitor 4 | Displays the event mornation | - | - | - | - |
| | d085 | Trip monitor 5 | | - | - | - | - |
| | d086 | Trip monitor 6 | | - | - | - | - |
| | d102 | DC bus voltage monitor | 0.0 to 1000.0 | - | V | - | - |
| | d104 | Electronic themal monitor | 0.0 to 100.0 | - | % | - | - |
| | F001 | Output frequency setting | 0/"start frequency" to "maximum frequency | 0.00 | Hz | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| | F002 | Acceleration time (1) setting | 0.00 to 3600.00 | 10.00 | sec | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| Main Profile | F202 | Acceleration time (2) setting | 0.00 to 3600.00 | 10.00 | sec | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| Parameters | F003 | Deceleration time (1) setting | 0.00 to 3600.00 | 10.00 | sec | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| | F203 | Deceleration time (2) setting | 0.00 to 3600.00 | 10.00 | sec | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| | F004 | Keypad Run key routing | 00(Forward)/01(Reverse) | 00 | - | X | X |

A Group: Standard functions

| A Grou | ıp: St | andard functions | | | | X: No | t allowe |
|---|--|---|--|---------|------|--------------|----------|
| Function Code Name | | Nama | Range | | Unit | Run mode | |
| | | Name | Range | Default | Unit | Lo | H |
| | A001 | Frequency source setting | 00(Keypad potentiometer)/01 (control circuit terminal block)/02 (digital operator)/03 | 01 | - | Х | × |
| | A201 | Frequency source setting, 2nd motor | (Modbus)/10 (operation function result) | 01 | - | Х | > |
| A002 Rur Basic A202 Rur setting A003 Bas | | Run command source setting | Of (control give site to regional block) (OO (digital generator) (OO (Madhua) | 01 | - | Х | > |
| Basic | A202 | Run command source setting, 2nd motor | 01(control circuit terminal block)/02 (digital operator)/03 (Modbus) | 01 | - | Х | > |
| setting | A003 | Base frequency setting | 30.0 to "maximum frequency(1st)" 6 | | Hz | Х | > |
| Ŭ | A203 | Base frequency setting, 2nd motor | 30.0 to "maximum frequency(2st)" | 60.0 | Hz | Х | > |
| | A004 | Maximum frequency setting | "Base frequency(1st)" to 400.0 | 60.0 | Hz | Х |) |
| | A204 | Maximum frequency setting, 2nd motor | "Base frequency(2st)" to 400.0 | 60.0 | Hz | Х | > |
| | A011 | Aanalog input active range start frequency | 0.00 to 400.00 | 0.00 | Hz | Х | \ \ |
| | A012 Aanalog input active range end frequency 0.0 | | 0.00 to 400.00 | 0.00 | Hz | Х | × |
| Analog input A013 Aanalog input active range start voltage 0 to 1 | | Aanalog input active range start voltage | 0 to 100 | 0. | % | Х | × |
| setting | A014 | Aanalog input active range end voltage | 0 to 100 | 100. | % | Х | \ \ |
| Ŭ | A015 | Aanalog input start frequency enable | 00(use set value)/01(use 0 Hz) | 01 | - | Х | \ \ |
| | A016 External frequency filter time constant 1 to 31 | | 1 to 31 | 8. | - | Х | \ \ |
| | A019 | Multi-speed operation selection | 00(Binary mode)/01(Bit mode) | 00 | - | Х | 2 |
| | A020 | Multi-speed frequency setting (0) | | 60.00 | Hz | \checkmark | \ \ |
| | A220 | Multi-speed frequency (2nd), setting 2nd motor | | 40.00 | Hz | \checkmark | • |
| | A021 | Multi-speed frequency setting (1) | | 20.00 | Hz | \checkmark | \ \ |
| /ulti-speed | A022 | Multi-speed frequency setting (2) | | 0.00 | Hz | \checkmark | • |
| | A023 | Multi-speed frequency setting (3) | 0.0/start freq. to maximum freq. | 0.00 | Hz | \checkmark | \ \ |
| | A024 | Multi-speed frequency setting (4) | | | Hz | \checkmark | \ \ |
| | A025 | Multi-speed frequency setting (5) | | | Hz | \checkmark | \ \ |
| nd jogging | A026 | Multi-speed frequency setting (6) | | 0.00 | Hz | \checkmark | \ \ |
| | A027 | Multi-speed frequency setting (7) | | 0.00 | Hz | \checkmark | \ \ |
| | A038 | Jog frequency setting | 0.00/start freq. to 9.99 | 6.00 | Hz | \checkmark | \ \ |
| - | A039 | Jog stop mode | 00 (free-running after jogging stops [disabled during operation])/01 (deceleration and stop after jogging stops [disabled during operation])/02 (DC braking after jogging stops [disabled during operation])/03 (free-running after jogging stops [enabled during operation])/04 (deceleration and stop after jogging stops [enabled during operation])/05 (DC braking after jogging stops [enabled during operation]) | 04 | - | × | v |
| | A041 | Torque boost select | 00(Manual)/01(Automatic) | 00 | - | Х |) |
| | A241 | Torque boost select 2nd motor | 00(Manual)/01(Automatic) | 00 | - | Х | 2 |
| V/f | A042 | Manual torque boost value | 0.0 to 20.0 | 1.0 | % | \checkmark | \ \ |
| naracteristic | A242 | Manual torque boost value, 2nd motor | 0.0 to 20.0 | 1.0 | % | \checkmark | \ \ |
| | A043 | Manual torque boost frequency adjustment | 0.0 to 50.0 | 5.0 | % | \checkmark | \ \ |
| | A243 | Manual torque boost frequency adjustment, 2nd motor | 0.0 to 50.0 | 5.0 | % | \checkmark | • |
| | A044 | V/f characteristic curve selection | 00(VC)/01(VP)/02(free V/ f) | 00 | - | Х | 2 |
| | A244 | V/f characteristic curve selection, 2nd motor | 00(VC)/0(VP)/02(free V/ f) | 00 | - | Х | 1 |
| V/f | A045 | V/f gain setting | 20 to 100 | 100. | % | \checkmark | • |
| | A245 | V/f gain setting, 2nd motor | 20 to 100 | 100. | % | \checkmark | • |
| | A046 | Voltage compensation gain for automatic torque boost | 0 to 255 | 100. | - | \checkmark | • |
| naracteristic | A246 | Voltage compensation gain for utomatic torgue boost, 2nd motor | 0 to 255 | 100. | _ | \checkmark | • |
| | A047 | Slip compensation gain for automatic torque boost | 0 to 255 | 100. | - | \checkmark | • |
| | A247 | Slip compensation gain for automatic torque boost, 2nd motor | 0 to 255 | 100. | - | ~ | \ \ |

Function List

A Group: Standard functions

 Image: Constraint of the second se

| Function Code Name Based | | | | Run m | node edit | | |
|--|--------------|---|---|------------|-----------|--------------------|--------------|
| | | Name | Range | Default | Unit | Lo | Hi |
| | A051 | DC braking enable | 00(Disable)/01(Enable)/02(output freq < [A052]) | 00 | - | X | ✓ |
| | A052 | DC braking frequency setting | 0.00 to 60.00 | 0 | Hz | Х | \checkmark |
| | A053 | DC braking wait time | 0.0 to 5.0 | 0.00 | Sec | Х | \checkmark |
| | A054 | DC braking force during deceleration | 0 to 100 | 5 | Hz | Х | \checkmark |
| DC braking | A055 | DC braking time for deceleration | 0.0 to 10.0 | 0.5 | sec | Х | ✓ |
| | A056 | DC braking / edge or level detection for [DB] input | 00(Edge)/01(Level) | 01 | - | Х | \checkmark |
| | A057 | DC braking force at start | 0 to 100 | 0. | % | Х | ✓ |
| | A058 | DC braking time at start | 0.0 to 10.0 | 0.0 | sec | Х | ✓ |
| A059 Carrier frequency during DC braking 2.0 to 15.0 | | | | 5.0 | kHz | Х | \checkmark |
| | A061 | Frequency upper limit setting | 0.00/Freq. lower limit setting to maximum freq. | 0.00 | Hz | X | ✓ |
| | A261 | Frequency upper limit setting, 2nd motor | 0.00/Freq. lower limit setting (2nd) to maximum freq. (2nd) | 0.00 | Hz | X | |
| | A062 | Frequency lower limit setting | 0.00/Start freq. to freq. upper limit setting | 0.00 | Hz | X | |
| | A262 A063 | Frequency lower limit setting, 2nd motor Jump (center) frequency setting 1 | 0.00/Start freq. (2nd) to freq. upper limit setting (2nd) 0.00 to 400.00 | 0.00 | Hz Hz | X | |
| PID Control | A063 | Jump (hysteresis) frequency setting 1 | 0.00 to 10.00 | 0.00 | Hz | X | |
| | A065 | Jump (center) frequency setting 2 | 0.00 to 400.00 | 0.00 | Hz | X | Ň |
| | A065 | Jump (hysteresis) frequency setting 2 | 0.00 to 10.00 | 0.50 | Hz | X | - V |
| | A000 | Jump (center) frequency setting 3 | 0.00 to 400.00 | 0.00 | Hz | X | v |
| | A068 | Jump (hysteresis) frequency setting 3PID Enable | 0.00 to 10.00 | 0.50 | Hz | X | v |
| | A069 | Acceleration stop frequency setting | 0.00 to 400.00 | 0.00 | Hz | X | v |
| | A070 | Acceleration hold time setting | 0.0 to 60.0 | 0.0 | S | X | - v |
| | A071 | PID Enable | 00(Disable)/01(Enable)/02(Enabling inverted data output) | 00 | - | X | · · |
| | A072 | PID proportional gain | 0.00 to 25.00 | 1.00 | - | √ | |
| | A073 | PID integral time constant | 0.0 to 3600.0 | 1.0 | sec | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| PID Control | A074 | PID derivative time constant | 0.00 to 100.00 | 0.00 | Sec | \checkmark | ✓ |
| ID Control | A075 | PV scale conversion | 0.01 to 99.99 | 1.00 | - | Х | \checkmark |
| | A076 | PV source setting | 01 (Analog1)/02(Modbus)/10 (operation result output) | 01 | - | Х | \checkmark |
| | A077 | Reverse PID action | 00(OFF)/01(ON) | 00 | - | Х | \checkmark |
| | A078 | PID output limit | 0.0 to 100.0 | 0.0 | % | Х | \checkmark |
| | A081 | AVR function select | 00 (always on)/ 01 (always off)/ 02 (off during deceleration) | 02 | - | Х | X |
| | A281 | AVR function select, 2nd motor | | 02 | - | Х | Х |
| VR function | A082 | AVR voltage select | 200V class: 200/215/220/230/240 | 200 | V | Х | Х |
| | A282 | AVR voltage select, 2nd motor | | 200 | V | X | × |
| | A083 A084 | AVR filter time constant | 0.000 to 1.000 | 0.030 | Sec | X | |
| A | A084 A085 | AVR deceleration gain Operation mode selection | 50 to 200 00(Normal)/01(Energy-saver) | 105. 00 | % | X | × |
| Automatic | | Energy saving mode tuning | 0.0 to 100.0 | 50.0 | ~ % | $\hat{\checkmark}$ | |
| Energy Saving A086 A092 | | Acceleration (2) time setting | 0.00 to 3600.00 | 10.00 | Sec | V V | Ň |
| | A032 A292 | Acceleration (2) time setting Acceleration (2) time setting, 2nd motor | 0.00 to 3600.00 | 10.00 | Sec | v v | v |
| | A093 | Deceleration (2) time setting | 0.00 to 3600.00 | 10.00 | Sec | v | v |
| | A293 | Deceleration (2) time setting, 2nd motor | 0.00 to 3600.00 | 10.00 | Sec | , V | , V |
| | A094 | Select method to switch to Acc2/Dec2 profile | 00 (switching by 2CH terminal)/ 01 (switching by setting)/ 02 (Forward and reverse) | 00 | - | X | X |
| Operation | A294 | Select method to switch to Acc2/Dec2 profile, 2nd motor | 00 (switching by 2CH terminal)/ 01 (switching by setting)/ 02 (Forward and reverse) | 00 | _ | x | × |
| mode and | A095 | Acc1 to Acc2 frequency transition point | 0.00 to 400.00 | 0.00 | Hz | X | X |
| acc./dec. | A295 | Acc1 to Acc2 frequency transition point, 2nd motor | 0.00 to 400.00 | 0.00 | Hz | X | X |
| function | A096 | Dec1 to Dec2 frequency transition point | 0.00 to 400.00 | 0.00 | Hz | X | X |
| | A296 | Dec1 to Dec2 frequency transition point, 2nd motor | 0.00 to 400.00 | 0.00 | Hz | Х | × |
| | A097 | Acceleration curve selection | 00(Linear)/01(S-curve)/ 02 (U curve)/ 03 (inverted-U curve) | 00 | - | Х | X |
| | A098 | Deceleration curve selection | 00(Linear)/01(S-curve)/ 02 (U curve)/ 03 (inverted-U curve) | 00 | - | Х | Х |
| | A131 | Acceleration curve constant setting (for S, U, Inverse U) | 1 to 10 | 2 | - | Х | \checkmark |
| | A132 | Deceleration curve constant setting (for S, U, Inverse U) | 1 to 10 | 2 | - | Х | \checkmark |
| Frequency | A141 | A input select for calculate function | 00(Digital operator)/01(Keypad potentiometer) | 00 | - | Х | \checkmark |
| | A142 | B input select for calculate function | 02(input via Analog1)/04 (external communication) | 02 | - | Х | ✓ |
| | A143 | Calculation symbol | 00(A141+A142)/01(A141-A142)/02(A141*A142) | 00 | - | X | ~ |
| | A145 | ADD frequency | 0.00 to 400.00 | 0.00 | Hz | Х | V |
| | A146 | ADD direction select | 00 (frequency command + A145)/ 01 (frequency command - A145) | 00 | - | X | V |
| | A154 | Deceleration hold frequency setting | 0.00 to 400.00 | 0.00 | Hz | X | V |
| | A155 | Deceleration hold time setting | 0.0 to 60.0 | 0 | S | X | V |
| aluculation | A156 | PID sleep function action threshold | 0.00 to 400.00 | 0.00 | Hz | X | V |
| | A157 | PID sleep function action delay time | 0.0 to 25.5 | 0.0 | Sec | X | v |
| | A158 | PID sleep function return threshold | A156 to 400.00 | 0.00 | Hz | X | V |
| | A161 | Option operator input active range start frequency | 0.00 to 400.00 | 0.00 | Hz | X | V |
| | A162 | Option operator input active range end frequency | 0.00 to 400.00 | 0.00 | Hz | X | V |
| | A163 | Option operator input active range start current | 0 to 100 | 0. | % | X | |
| | A164 | Option operator input active range end voltage | 0 to 100 | 100. | % | X | \checkmark |
| | A165 | Option operator input start frequency enable | 00(A161)/01(0Hz) | 01 | - | Х | \checkmark |

roup: Fine-tuning function _

| b Group: Fir Function Code | | Name Range De | | Default | Unit | | ode edi |
|---|---|--|--|--------------------|------------|----------------------------------|----------|
| FUNCTION | I Code | Name | 00 (tripping)/ 01 (starting with 0 Hz)/ 02 (starting with matching frequency)/ | Delault | Unit | Lo | Н |
| | b001 | Selection of automatic restart mode | 03 (tripping) of (starting with one) of (starting with matching frequency) | 00 | - | х | ~ |
| | b002 | | 0.3 to 25.0 | 1.0 | Sec | Х | V |
| | b003 | | | 1.0 | Sec | Х | V |
| start after | b004 | 0003 Retry wait time before motor restart 0.3 to 100.0 0004 Under-voltage trip alarm enable 00 (OFF)/ 01 (ON)/ 02 (disabling during stopping and decelerating to stop) | | 00 | - | Х | ∖ |
| antaneous | | Under-voltage trip alarm enable 00 (OFF)/ 01 (ON)/ 02 (disabling during stopping and decelerating to stop) Under-voltage trip events 00 (16 times)/ 01 (No limit) | | 00 | - | Х | \ \ |
| wer failure | b007 | 005 Under-voltage trip events 00 (16 times)/ 01 (No limit) 007 Restart frequency threshold 0.00 to 400.00 0 | | 0.50 | Hz | Х | \ \ |
| Instantaneous power failure b005 Under-voltage trip events 00 (16 times)/ 01 (No limit) b007 Restart frequency threshold 0.00 to 400.00 b008 Selection of retry after tripping 00 (tripping)/ 01 (starting with 0 Hz)/ 02 (starting with matching frequency)/ 03 (trip after deceleration and stopping with matching frequency) b010 Selection of retry count after undervoltage 1 to 3 b011 Start frequency to be used in case of frequency pull-in restart 0.3 to 100.0 | | 00 | - | × | 、 、 | | |
| | b010 Selection of retry count after undervoltage 1 to 3 | | 3 | times | х | | |
| | b011 | | f frequency pull-in restart 0.3 to 100.0 | | S | Х | • |
| | b012 | Electronic thermal setting | 0.20*Rated current to 1.00*Rated current | Rated current | A | Х | , |
| | b212 | Electronic thermal setting, 2nd motor | | Rated current | A | X | , |
| | b013 | Electronic thermal characteristic | 00 (reduced-torque characteristic)/ 01 (constant-torque characteristic)/ 02 (free setting) | 01 | - | X | |
| | bo15 Free setting, electronic thermal currant (1) 0 to bo16 Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (1) 0 to bo16 Free setting, electronic thermal current (1) 0.00 Free setting, electronic thermal current (1) 0.00 | | 0 to Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (2) | 01 | – Hz | X | |
| bold Free setting, electronic thermal current (1) 0.00*r | | | 0.00*rated current to 1.00*rated current | 0.00 | A | × | |
| ermal | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (1) to Free setting, electronic thermal | | | | - |
| | b017 | Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (2) | frequency (3) | 0. | Hz | × | |
| | b018 | Free setting, electronic thermal current (2) | 0.00*rated current to 1.00*rated current | 0.00 | А | Х | |
| | b019 | Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (3) | Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (2) to 400 | 0. | Hz | Х | • |
| | b020 | Free setting, electronic thermal current (3) | 0.00*rated current to 1.00*rated current | 0.00 | A | Х | |
| | b021 | Overload restriction operation mode | 00(Disable)/01(Enable)/02(Enable for during acceleration) | 01 | - | X | |
| | b221 | Overload restriction operation mode, 2nd motor | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 01 | _ | X | |
| | b022 | Overload restriction setting 2nd meter | 0.20*Rated current to 2.00*Rated current | 1.50*Rated | A | X X | |
| | b222 | Overload restriction setting, 2nd motor | | current 1.0 | A | X X | |
| b023 Deceleration rate at overload restriction b223 Deceleration rate at overload restriction, 2nd motor | | Deceleration rate at overload restriction Deceleration rate at overload restriction, 2nd motor | 0.1 to 3000.0 | 1.0 | Sec Sec | X | |
| erload | | | 00 (disabling)/01 (enabling during acceleration and constant-speed operation)/ | | 300 | | - |
| striction | b024 | Overload restriction operation mode 2 | 02 (enabling during constant-speed operation) | 01 | - | × | · · |
| | b025 | Overload restriction level 2 setting | 0.20*rated current to 2.00*rated current | 1.50*Rated current | А | х | |
| | b026 | Deceleration rate 2 at overload restriction | 0.1 to 3000.0 | 1.0 | sec | Х | |
| | b027 | OC suppression selection | 00 (OFF)/ 01 (ON) | 01 | - | Х | |
| | b028 | Current level of active freq. matching restart setting | 0.20*rated current to 2.00*rated current | Rated current | A | Х | |
| | b029 | Deceleration rate of frequency pull-in restart | 0.1 to 3000.0 | 0.5 | Sec | X | |
| | b030 | Start freq to be used in case of active freq. Matching restart | 00 (frequency at the last shutoff)/ 01 (maximum frequency)/ 02 (set frequency) | 00 | - | х | |
| Lock | b031 | Software lock mode selection | 00([SFT] input blocks all edits)/01([SFT] input blocks edits except F001 and Multispeed parameters/02(No access to edits)/03(No access to edits except F001 and Multi-speed | 01 | _ | x | |
| LUUK | 5001 | Software lock mode selection | parameters)/10(High-level access, including b031) | 01 | _ | ~ | |
| | b034 | Run/power ON warning time | 0 to 65535 | 0. | hr | Х | |
| | b035 | Rotation direction restriction | 00(Enable for both dir)/ 01 (Enable for forward only)/ 02 (Enable for reverse only) | 00 | - | Х | |
| | b036 | Reduced voltage start selection | 0 (minimum reduced voltage start time) to 255 (maximum reduced voltage start time) | 3 | - | Х | |
| | b037 | Function code display restriction | 0 (full display), 1 (function-specific display), 3 (data comparison display), | 01 | _ | х | |
| E | | | 4 (basicdisplay), 5(monitor display) | | | | |
| | b038 | Initial-screen selection | 000 to 202 | 001 | - | Х | |
| | b050 | Selection of the non stop operation | 00(Disabled)/ 01 (enabling)/ 02 (nonstop operation at momentary power failure (no restoration))/03 (nonstop operation at momentary power failure (restoration to be done)) | 00 | - | х | |
| | b051 | Non stop operarion start voltage setting | 0.0 to 400.0/800.0 | 220.0/440.0 | V | x | |
| | b051 | OV-LAD Stop level of non stop operation setting | 0.0 to 400.0/800.0 | 360.0/720.0 | V | X | - |
| | b053 | Deceleration time of non stop operation setting | 0.01 to 300.00 | 1.00 | Sec | X | |
| | b054 | Frequency width of quick deceleration setting | 0.00 to 10.00 | 0.00 | Hz | Х | |
| | b060 | Maximum-limit level of window comparators | 0 to 100 | 100. | % | \checkmark | |
| | b061 | Minimum-limit level of window comparators | 0 to 100 | 0. | % | \checkmark | |
| | b062 | Hysteresis width of window comparators | 0 to 10 | 0. | % | \checkmark | 1 |
| | b070 | Operation level at disconnection | 0 to 100 /no | no | % | Х | |
| | b078 | Watt-hour clearance | 00(OFF)/01(CLR) | 00 | - | \checkmark | |
| | b079 | Watt-hour display gain setting | 1 to 1000 | 1. | - | \checkmark | |
| | b082 | Start frequency adjustment | 0.01 to 9.99 | 0.50 | Hz | X | |
| | b083 | Carrier frequency setting | 2.0 to 15.0 | 2.0 | kHz | X | |
| | b084 | Initialization mode (parameters or trip history) | 00(disabling)/ 01 (clearing the trip history)/ 02 (initializing the data)/ 03 (clearing the trip history and initializing the data) | 00 | - | × | |
| | b085 | Country code for initialization | 00 (Mode1)/ 01(Mode2) | 00 | - | х | |
| | b086 | Frequency scaling conversion factor | 0.01 to 99.99 | 1.00 | - | V V | |
| thers | b087 | STOP key enable | 00(Enable)/01(Disable) | 00 | - | X | |
| | b088 | Restart mode after FRS | 00(Restart from 0Hz)/01(Restart with frequency detection) | 00 | - | Х | |
| | b089 | Automatic carrier frequency reduction | 00(disabling)/01(enabling(output current controlled))/ | 00 | - | x | |
| | b091 | Stop mode selection | 02(enabling(fin temperature controlled)) 00(Deceleration and stop)(01(Free-run stop) | 00 | - | × | |
| | b091 b094 | Initialization target data setting | 00(Deceleration and stop)/01(Free-run stop) 00(All parameters)/01(All parameters except in/output terminals and communication) | 00 | - | X | - |
| | b094 b100 | Free-setting V/F freq. (1) | 0. to b102 | 0. | – Hz | x | - |
| | b100 | Free-setting V/F volt. (1) | 0.0 to 300.0 | 0.0 | V | X | - |
| | b102 | Free-setting V/F freq. (2) | b100 to b104 | 0. | Hz | X | |
| | b103 | Free-setting V/F volt. (2) | 0.0 to 300.0 | 0.0 | V | Х | |
| | b104 | Free-setting V/F freq. (3) | b102 to b106 | 0. | Hz | Х | |
| | b105 | Free-setting V/F volt. (3) | 0.0 to 300.0 | 0.0 | V | Х | |
| | b106 | Free-setting V/F freq. (4) | b104 to b108 | 0. | Hz | X | _ |
| | b107 | Free-setting V/F volt. (4) | 0.0 to 300.0 | 0.0 | V Llz | X | _ |
| | b108 b109 | Free-setting V/F freq. (5) Free-setting V/F volt. (5) | b106 to b110 0.0 to 300.0 | 0.0 | Hz V | X X | _ |
| | b109 b110 | Free-setting V/F volt. (5) Free-setting V/F freq. (6) | b108 to b112 | 0. | V Hz | X | |
| | b110 | Free-setting V/F volt. (6) | 0.0 to 300.0 | 0.0 | V | X | |
| | b112 | Free-setting V/F freq. (7) | b110 to 400 | 0.0 | Hz | X | |
| | b113 | Free-setting V/F volt. (7) | 0.0 to 300.0 | 0.0 | V | X | |
| | b130 | Over-voltage LADSTOP enable | 00 (OFF)/ 01 (V-count)/ 02 (Accel)/ 03(Acc/Dcc) | 00 | - | Х | |
| | b131 | Over-voltage LADSTOP level | 200V 330 to 390 | 360 | V | Х | |
| | b132 | DC bus AVR constant setting | 0.10 to 30.00 | 1.00 | sec | X | |
| | b133 | DC bus AVR for decel. Proportional-gain | 0.00 to 5.00 | 0.20 | - | \checkmark | _ |
| | b134 | DC bus AVR for decel. Integral-time | 0.0 to 150.0 | 1.0 | Sec | \checkmark | _ |
| | b150 | Panel Display selection | 001 to 050 | 001 | - | \checkmark | |
| | b160 | 1st data of d050 | 001 to 018 | 001 | - | \checkmark | |
| thers | b161 | 2nd parameter of Double Monitor | 001 to 018 | 002 | - | ✓ ✓ | |
| | b163 b164 | Data change mode selection of d001 and d007 | 00 (OFF)/ 01 (ON) | 01 | - | \sim | |
| | | Automatic return to the initial display Data Read/Write select | 00 (OFF)/ 01 (ON) 00 (Read/Write OK)/01 (Protected) | 00 | - | × | |
| b166 | | Initialization trigger | 00 (dNo action)/ 01 (Initialize) | 00 | _ | × | + |

Group: Intelligent terminal functions

| | | elligent terminal functions | | | | · | t allowe |
|--|--------------|--|--|---------------------|-----------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Function | n Code | Name | Range | Default | Unit | Run me | iode edit Hi |
| | C001 | Terminal [1] function | 00(FW:Forward), 01(RV:Reverse), 02-04(CF1-CF3:Multispeed command), 06(JG:Jogging), 07(DB:External DC braking), 08(SET:Second motor constants setting), 07(CDI-Docard event data 11 of (EDCOremon constants setting), | 00 | - | х | ~ |
| | C002 | Terminal [2] function | 99(2CH:Second accel./decel.), 11(FRS:Free-run stop), 12(EXT:External trip), 13(USP:Unattended start protection), 15(SFT:Software lock), 18(RS:Reset), 20(STA:3-wire start), 21(STP:3-wire stop), 22(F/R:3-wire fwd./rev.), 23(PID:PID On/Off), | 01 | - | х | ~ |
| Intelligent constrained constr | | Terminal [3] function | 24(PIDC:PID reset), 27(UP:Remote-controlled accel.), 28(DWN:Remote-controlled decel.), 29(UDC:Remote-controlled data clearing), 31(OPE:Operator control), | 02 | - | x | ~ |
| terminal | C004 | Terminal [4] function | 32-34(SF1-SF3: multispeed bit1, 39 (OLR: overload restriction selection), 50(ADD: Frequency setpoint), 51(F-TM: Force terminal enable), 53(S-ST: Special-Set (select) 2nd Motor Data), 65 (AHD: analog command holding), | 03 | - | х | ~ |
| C004 Terminal [4] function C005 Terminal [5] function | | Terminal [5] function | 33 (HLD: retain output frequency), 84 (ROK: permission of run command), 86 (DISP: display limitation),255(NO:Not selected), | 18 | - | х | ~ |
| | | Terminal [1] to [5] active state | 00(NO)/01(NC) | 00 | - | х | ~ |
| | C021 | Terminal [11] function | 00(RUN:run signal), 01(FA1:Frequency arrival type 1 - constant speed), 02(FA2:Frequency arrival type 2 - over-frequency), 03(OL:overload advance notice signal), 04(OD:Output deviation for PID control), 05(AL:alarm signal), 06(DC:Wire brake detect on analog input), 09(LOG: Logic operation result),11 (RNT: run time expired), 12 (ONT: power ON time expired), 13 (THM: thermal warning), 21 (ZS: 0Hz detection), 27 (ODc: Analog input disconnect detection),31 (FBV: PID second stage output), | 01 | - | × | ~ |
| | C026 | Alarm relay function | 32 (NDc: Network disconnect detection), 33 (LOG1: Logic output function 1), 41 (FR: Starting contact signal), 42 (OHF: Heat sink overheat warning), 50 (IRDV:Inverter ready), 51 (FWR:Forward rotation), 52 (RVR:Reverse rotation), 53 (MJA:Major failure), 54 (WCO: Window comparator), 58 (FREF: Frequency command source), 59 (REF: Run command source), 60 (SETM:Second motor in operation),255 (NO: Not selected) | 05 | - | × | V |
| | C027 | FM signal selection (Pulse/PWM output) | 00 (output frequency), 01 (output current), 03 (digital output frequency), 04 (output voltage), 05 (input power), 06 (electronic thermal overload), 07 (LAD frequency), 08 (digital current monitoring), 10 (heat sink temperature) | 07 | - | x | ~ |
| ntelligent | C030 | Digital current monitor reference value | 0.20*rated current to 2.00*rated current | Rated current | А | \checkmark | ✓ |
| input | C031 | Terminal [11] active state | 00(NO)/01(NC) | 00 | - | X | |
| terminal | C036 | Alarm relay active state | 00(NO)/01(NC) | 01 | - | Х | ~ |
| | C038 | Output mode of low load detection signal | 00 (output during acceleration/deceleration and constant-speed operation)/ 01 (output only during constant-speed operation) | 01 | - | x | ~ |
| | C039 C040 | Low load detection level Output mode of overload warning | 0.00 to 2.00*Rated current to 2.00*rated current 00 (output during acceleration/deceleration and constant-speed operation)/ | Rated current 01 | A | ✓ × | |
| | C040 | Overload level setting | 01 (output only during constant-speed operation) | 115% of | | $\overline{\mathbf{v}}$ | ~ |
| | C241 | Overload level setting, 2nd motor | 0.00*Rated current to 2.00*Rated current | Rated current | A | · ✓ | v |
| | C042 | Frequency arrival setting for acceleration | 0.00 to 400.00 | 0.00 | Hz | X | V |
| | C043 | Frequency arrival setting for deceleration | 0.00 to 400.00 | 0.00 | Hz | Х | ~ |
| | C044 | PID deviation level setting | 0.0 to 100.0 | 3.0 | % | Х | V |
| | C052 | Feedback comparison upper level | 0.0 to 100.0 | 100.0 | % | Х | V |
| | C053 | Feedback comparison lower level | 0.0 to 100.0 0 to 100 | 0.0 90 | % | X X | |
| | C061 C063 | Electronic thermal warning level setting Zero speed detection level setting | 0.00 to 100.00 | 0.00 | % Hz | X | ~ |
| | C064 | Heat sink overheat warning | 0. to 110. | 100 | °C | X | v |
| | C070 | SELECTION OF OPE/MODBUS | 00(OPE)/01(Modbus) | 00 | _ | X | v |
| | C071 | Communication speed selection | 03(2400bps)/04(4800bps)/05(9600bps)/06(19200bps)/07(38400bps) | 05 | - | X | · · |
| | C072 | Node allocation | 1 to 247 | 1. | - | Х | V |
| Serial | C074 | Communication parity selection | 00(No parity)/01(Even parity)/02(Odd parity) | 00 | - | Х | V |
| mmunication | C075 | Communication stop bit selection | 01(1-bit)/02(2-bit) | 01 | bit | Х | ~ |
| | C076 | Communication error mode | 00(Trip)/01(Tripping after decelerating and stopping the motor)/02(Disable)/ 03(FRS)/04(Deceleration stop) | 02 | - | х | ~ |
| | C077 | Communication error time | 0.00 to 99.99 | 0.00 | Sec | X | ~ |
| Analog | C078 C081 | Communication wait time [O] input span calibration | 0 to 1000 0. to 200.0 | 0. 100.0 | msec % | × | |
| eter setting | C081 | | | 00 | /0 | - | - |
| | C101 | Debug mode enable Up/Down memory mode selection | 00(MD0)/01(MD1) 00 (not storing the frequency data)/ 01 (storing the frequency data) | 00 | _ | × | - |
| - | C102 | Reset mode selection | 00(Cancel trip state at input signal ON transition)/ 01(Cancel trip state at signal OFF transition)/02(Cancel trip state at input signal ON transition) | 00 | - | ✓ | ~ |
| | C103 | Restart mode after reset | 00 (starting with 0 Hz)/ 01 (restarting with active matching frequency) | 00 | - | х | ~ |
| | C104 | UP/DWN clear: terminal input mode selection | 00(0Hz)/01(Flash data when power supply is turned on) | 00 | - | Х | V |
| | C105 | EO gain adjustment | 50 to 200 | 100. | % | \checkmark | V |
| | C130 | Output 11 on-delay time | 0.0 to 100.0 | 0.0 | Sec | X | ~ |
| | C131 | Output 11 off-delay time | 0.0 to 100.0 | 0.0 | Sec | X | ~ |
| | C140 C141 | Output RY on-delay time Output RY off-delay time | 0.0 to 100.0 0.0 to 100.0 | 0.0 | Sec | X X | |
| | C141 C142 | Logical output signal 1 selection 1 | Same as the settings of C021 to C026 (except those of LOG1 to LOG3 & OPO, no) | 0.0 | sec | X | > |
| Others | C142 C143 | Logical output signal 1 selection 1 | Same as the settings of C021 to C026 (except those of LOG1 to LOG3 & OPO , no) | 00 | _ | X | × |
| | C144 | Logical output signal 1 operator selection | 00(AND)/01(OR)/02(XOR) | 00 | - | X | v |
| | C151 | Button sensitivity selection | 0 to 250 / no | 10 | - | Х | V |
| | C152 | Scroll sensitivity selection | 1 to 20 | 10 | - | Х | ~ |
| | C155 | Ground fault set | 00(OFF) / 01(ON) | 01 | - | X | ~ |
| | C157 | Out phase-loss set | 00(OFF) / 01(ON) | 00 | - | X | ~ |
| | C160 | Response time of intelligent input terminal 1 | 0 to 200 (x2ms) | 1. | _ | X | |
| | C161 C162 | Response time of intelligent input terminal 2 Response time of intelligent input terminal 3 | 0 to 200 (x2ms) 0 to 200 (x2ms) | 1. 1. | _ | X | × |
| | C162 C163 | Response time of intelligent input terminal 3 Response time of intelligent input terminal 4 | 0 to 200 (x2ms) 0 to 200 (x2ms) | 1. | _ | X | |
| | C163 | Response time of intelligent input terminal 5 | 0 to 200 (x2ms) | 1. | _ | X | v |
| | C169 | Multistage speed determination time | 0. to 200.(x10ms) | 0. | - | ~ | |

H Group: Motor constants functions

| H Grou | up: Mo | otor constants function | IS | | | <pre>✓ : Allo X: Not</pre> | owed t allowed | |
|--------------------|--------|---|---|--|------------|----------------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| Function Code Name | | Name | Range | | Unit | Run mode edit | | |
| i unotion | 10000 | Hamo | Range Det | | Offic | Lo | Hi | |
| | H003 | Motor capacity, 1st motor | 0.1/0.2/0.4/0.55/0.75/1.1/1.5/2.2/3.0/4.0/5.5 | | kW | х | Х | |
| Matar | H203 | Motor capacity, 2nd motor | 0.1/0.2/0.4/0.55/0.75/1.1/1.5/2.2/3.0/4.0/5.5 | | kW | х | Х | |
| Motor constants | H004 | Motor poles setting, 1st motor | 2/4/6/8 | | poles | х | Х | |
| and gain | H204 | Motor poles setting, 2nd motor | 2/4/6/8 | | | poles | х | × |
| and gain | H006 | Motor stabilization constant, 1st motor | 0. to 255. | | % | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| | H206 | Motor stabilization constant, 2nd motor | | | 0. 10 255. | 100 | % | \checkmark |

Protective Functions

Error Codes (Standard)

The ALM (red) of the main body, LED indication of RUN (yellowish green) display it like a list shown below at the time of error outbreak.

| Error contents | LED Lighting, Blinking | | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Endr contents | Alarm LED | Run LED | | |
| Over-current event | Lighting | Blinking | | |
| Over-voltage | Blinking Same period | Blinking Same period | | |
| Under-voltage | Blinking Alternation | Blinking Alternation | | |
| Overload | Lighting | Lighting | | |
| Major failure*1 | Lighting | Lights out | | |
| Others | Blinking | Lights out | | |

Note 1) The Major fault: When a memory error, CPU error, Ground fault, Output phase loss protection error and Driver error. Note 2) The blinking is a period for 1s.

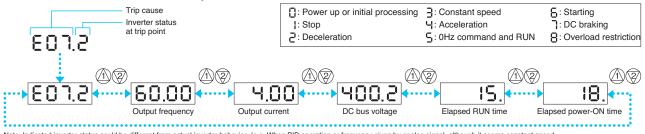
Error Codes (Operator)

| Name | Cause(s) | | |
|---|---|-----------------|-----------|
| Over current | The inverter output was short-circuited, or the motor shaft is locked or has a heavy load. These conditions cause excessive current for the inverter, so the inverter output is turned OFF. While at constant speed During deceleration During acceleration Others | | |
| Overload protection *1 | When a motor overload is detected by the electronic thermal function, the inverter trips and turns OFF | ts output. | E05. |
| Over voltage protection | When the DC bus voltage exceeds a threshold, due to regenerative energy from the motor. | | E O 7 |
| Memory error *2,3 | When the built-in memory has problems due to noise or excessive temperature, the inverter trips and turns OFF its output to the motor. | | E 0 8. |
| Under-voltage error | A decrease of internal DC bus voltage below a threshold results in a control circuit fault. This condition c excessive motor heat or cause low torque. The inverter trips and turns OFF its output. | E09. | |
| Current detection error | If an error occurs in the internal current detection system, the inverter will shut off its output and display | the error code. | E 10. |
| CPU error | A malfunction in the built-in CPU has occurred, so the inverter trips and turns OFF its output to the m | otor. | E I I E22 |
| External trip | A signal on an intelligent input terminal configured as EXT has occurred. The inverter trips and turns the motor. | E 12. | |
| USP *4 | When the Unattended Start Protection (USP) is enabled, an error occurred when power is applied while present. The inverter trips and does not go into Run Mode until the error is cleared. | E 13. | |
| Ground fault *5 | The inverter is protected by the detection of ground faults between the inverter output and the motor tests. This feature protects the inverter, and does not protect humans. | E 14. | |
| Input over-voltage | When the input voltage is higher than the specified value, it is detected 100 seconds after powerup a trips and turns OFF its output. | E 15. | |
| Inverter thermal detection system error | | | |
| Inverter thermal trip | When the inverter internal temperature is above the threshold, the thermal sensor in the inverter module detects the excessive temperature of the power devices and trips, turning the inverter output OFF. | | |
| Control circuit error | When abnormality occurred on a control circuit board, I make a error code | E26. | |
| Driver error | An internal inverter error has occurred at the safety protection circuit between the CPU and main driver unit. Excessive electrical noise may be the cause. The inverter has turned OFF the IGBT module output. | | |
| Output phase loss protection | Output Phase Loss Logic Detection (There are undetectable terms of use.) | | |
| Low-speed overload protection | If overload occurs during the motor operation at a very low speed, the inverter will detect the overload and shut off the inverter output. | | |
| Operator connection failure | When the connection between inverter and operator keypad failed, inverter trips and displays the error of | ode. | E 40. |
| Communications error | The inverter's watchdog timer for the communications network has timed out. | | E4 1. |

Note 1: Reset operations acceptable 10 seconds after the trip. Note 2: If an memory error (E08) occurs, be sure to confirm the parameter data values are still correct. Note 3: Memory error may occer at power-on after shutting down the power while copying data with remote operator or initializing data. Shut down the power after completing copy or initialization. Note 4: USP error occures at reseting trip after under-voltage error (E09) if USP is enabled. Reset once more to recover.

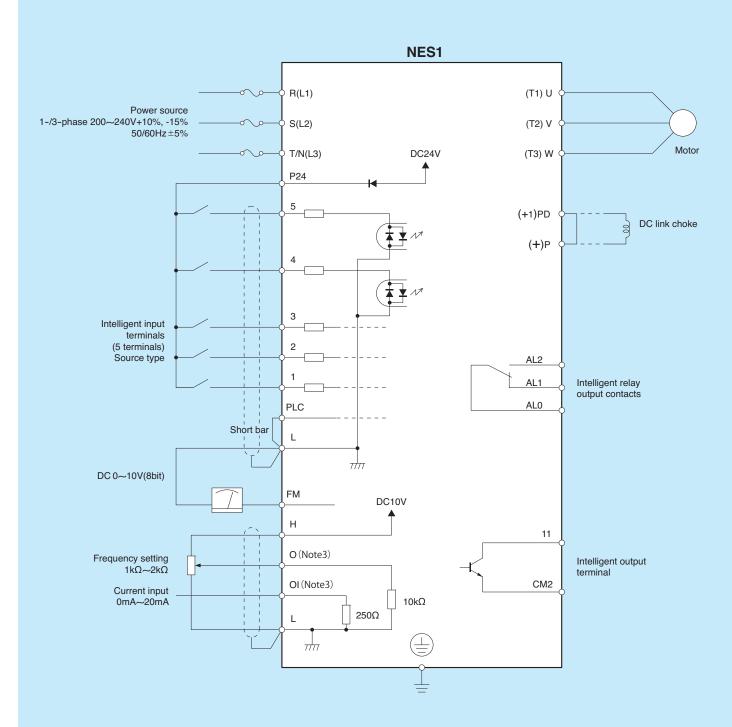
Note 5: Ground fault error (E14) cannot be released with resetting. Shut the power and check wiring. Note 6: When error E08 error, it may be required to perform initialization.

How to access the details about the present fault



Note: Indicated inverter status could be different from actual inverter behavior. (e.g. When PID operation or frequency given by analog signal, although it seems constant speed, acceleration and deceleration could be repeated in very short cycle.)

Source type logic



Note 1: Common terminals are depend on logic.

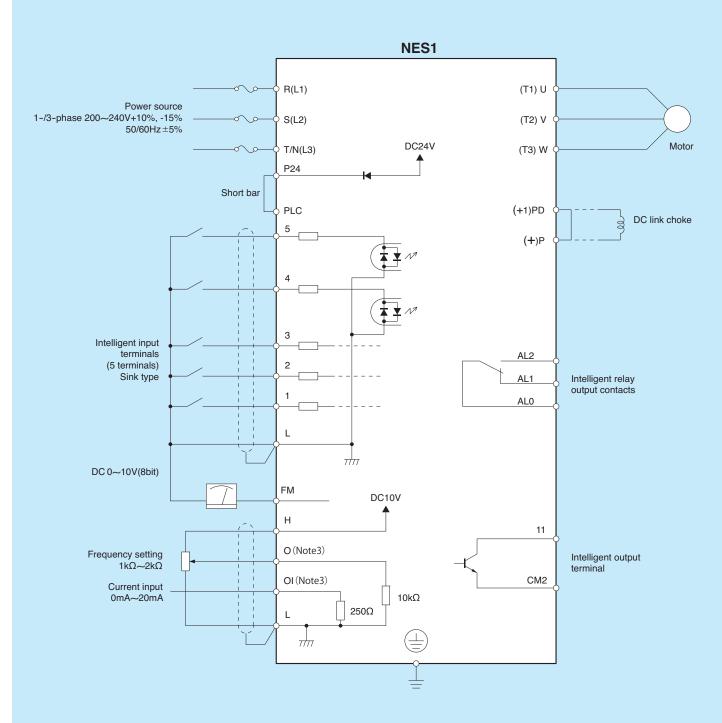
| Common P24 L CM2 | Terminal | 1,2,3,4,5 | H,O/OI | 11 |
|------------------|----------|-----------|--------|-----|
| | Common | P24 | L | CM2 |

Note 2: Please choose proper inverter input volotage rating.

Note 3: Voltage input: 0 to 10V and current input: 0 to 20mA (change parameter to move 4 to 20mA current input). O and OI is common input terminal (O / OI terminal) change voltage / current input by switch.

Connecting Diagram

Sink type logic



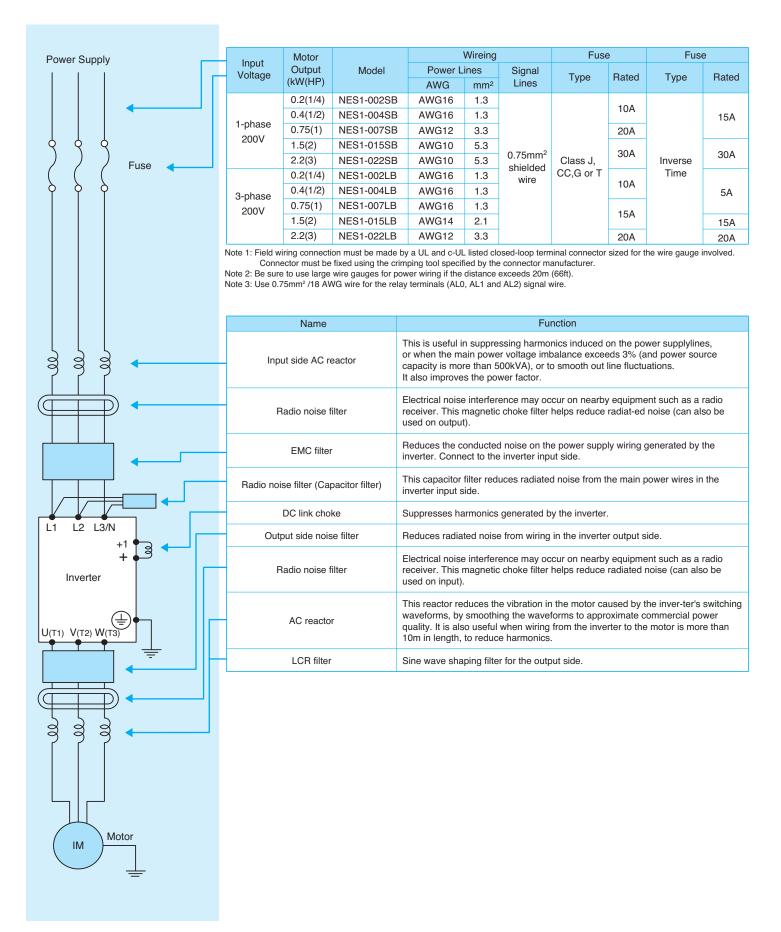
Note 1: Common terminals are depend on logic.

| Terminal | 1,2,3,4,5,H,O/OI | 11 | |
|----------|------------------|-----|---|
| Common | L | CM2 |] |
| | | | |

Note 2: Please choose proper inverter input volotage rating.

Note 3: Voltage input: 0 to 10V and current input: 0 to 20mA (change parameter to move 4 to 20mA current input). O and OI is common input terminal (O / OI terminal) change voltage / current input by switch.

Wiring and Accessories



Operator, Cable

Operator

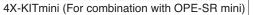
| Model | Potentiometer | Remote Control | Copy function |
|-------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| NES1-OP | 0 | | |
| OPE-SR mini | 0 | 0 | |
| OPE-SBK | | 0 | |
| OPE-SR | 0 | 0 | |
| WOP | | 0 | 0 |

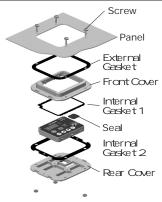
Cable

Cable <ICS-1、3>

| L ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ | |
|--|--|

| Model | Cable Length |
|-------|--------------|
| ICS-1 | 1m(3.3ft) |
| ICS-3 | 3m(9.8ft) |





You can mount the keypad with the potentiometer for a NEMA1 rated installation. The kit also provides for removing the potentiometer knob to meet NEMA 4X requirements, as shown (part no.4X-KITmini).

Operator







1 2

STR

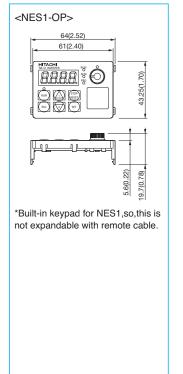
FUNC

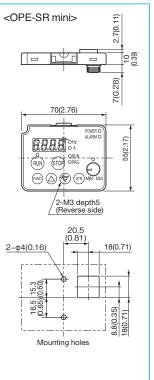
<OPE-SBK(SR)>

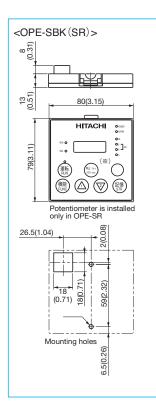


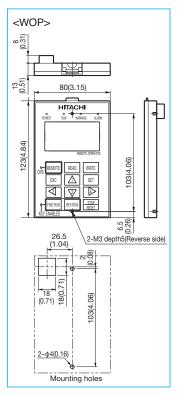


Dimentions (Unit:mm (inch)) Inches for reference only)









Torque characteristics

Base frequency = 60Hz Base frequency = 50Hz Short time performance Short time performance 150 150 0.2~2.2kW 130 130 Output torque (%) Output torque (%) 100 90 0.2~2.2kW Continuous performance Continuous performance 100 95 75 55 80 0.2~2.2kW 55 45 35 45 0.2~2.2kW 35 6 20 60 120 5 16.7 50 120 1 1 Output frequency (Hz) Output frequency (Hz)

Torque characteristics



Hitachi variable frequency drives (inverters) in this brochure are produced at the factory registered under the ISO 14001 standard for environmental manegement system and the ISO 9001 standard for inverter quality management system.

For Correct Operation

Application to Motors

Application to general-purpose motors

| Operating frequency | The overspeed endurance of a general-purpose motor is 120% of the rated speed for 2 minutes (JIS C4,004). For operation at higher than 60Hz, it is required to examine the allowable torque of the motor, useful life of bearings, noise, vibration, etc. In this case, be sure to consult the motor manufacturer as the maximum allowable rpm differs depending on the motor capacity, etc. |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Torque characteristics | The torque characteristics of driving a general-purpose motor with an inverter differ from those of driving it using commercial power (starting torque decreases in particular). Carefully check the load torque characteristic of a connected machine and the driving torque characteristic of the motor. |
| Motor loss and temperature increase | The torque characteristics of driving a general-purpose motor with an inverter differ from those of driving it using commercial power |
| Noise | When run by an inverter, a general-purpose motor generates noise slightly greater than with commercial power. |
| Vibration | When run by an inverter at variable speeds, the motor may generate vibration, especially because of (a) unbalance of the rotor including a connected machine, or (b) resonance caused by the natural vibration frequency of a mechanical system. Particularly, be careful of (b) when operating at variable speeds a machine previously fitted with a constant speed motor. Vibration can be minimized by (1) avoiding resonance points using the frequency jump function of the inverter, (2) using a tire-shaped coupling, or (3) placing a rubber shock absorber beneath the motor base. |
| Power transmission mechanism | Under continued, low-speed operation, oil lubrication can deteriorate in a power transmission mechanism with an oil-type gear box (gear motor) or reducer. Check with the motor manufacturer for the permissible range of continuous speed. To operate at more than 60 Hz, confirm the machine , s ability to withstand the centrifugal force generated. |

Application to special motors

| Gear motor | The allowable rotation range of continuous drive varies depending on the lubrication method or motor manufacturer. (Particularly in case of oil lubrication, pay attention to the low frequency range.) | |
|--|--|--|
| Brake-equipped motor | For use of a brake-equipped motor, be sure to connect the braking power supply from the primary side of the inverter. | |
| Pole-change motor | There are different kinds of pole-change motors (constant output characteristic type, constant torque characteristic type, etc.), with different rated current values. In motor selection, check the maximum allowable current for each motor of a different pole count. At the time of pole changing, be sure to stop the motor. Also see: Application to the 400V-class motor. | |
| Submersible motor | The rated current of a submersible motor is significantly larger than that of the general-purpose motor. In inverter selection, be sure to check the rated current of the motor. | |
| Explosion-proof motor | Inverter drive is not suitable for a safety-enhanced explosion-proof type motor. The inverter should be used in combination with a pressure-proof explosion-proof type of motor. *Explosion-proof verification is not available for NE-S1 Series. | |
| Synchronous (MS) motor High-speed (HFM) motor | In most cases, the synchronous (MS) motor and the high-speed (HFM) motor are designed and manufactured to meet the specifications suitable for a connected machine. As to proper inverter selection, consult the manufacturer. | |
| Single-phase motor | A single-phase motor is not suitable for variable-speed operation by an inverter drive. Therefore, use a three-phase motor. | |
| | | |

Application to the 400V-class motor

A system applying a voltage-type PWM inverter with IGBT may have surge voltage at the motor terminals resulting from the cable constants including the cable length and the cable laying method. Depending on the surge current magnification, the motor coil insulation may be degraded. In particular, when a 400V-class motor is used, a longer cable is used, and critical loss can occur, take the following countermeasures:

(1) install the LCR filter between the inverter and the motor,

(2) install the AC reactor between the inverter and the motor, or

(3) enhance the insulation of the motor coil.

Notes on Use

Drive

| Run/Stop | Run or stop of the inverter must be done with the keys on the operator panel or through the control circuit terminal. Do not operate by installing a electromagnetic contactor (MC) in the main circuit. |
|----------------------|---|
| Emergency motor stop | When the protective function is operating or the power supply stops, the motor enters the free run stop state. When an emergency stop is required or when the motor should be kept stopped, use of a mechanical brake should be considered. |
| High-frequency run | A max. 400Hz can be selected on the NE-S1 Series. However, a two-pole motor can attain up to approx. 24,000 rpm, which is extremely dangerous. Therefore, carefully make selection and settings by checking the mechanical strength of the motor and connected machines. Consult the motor manufacturer when it is necessary to drive a standard (general-purpose) motor above 60 Hz. A full line of high-speed motors is available from Hitachi. |

About the load of a frequent repetition use

About frequent repetition use (crane, elevator, press, washing machine), a power semiconductor (IGBT, a rectification diode, thyristor) in the inverter may come to remarkably have a short life by heat exhaustion.

The life can be prolonged by lower a load electric current. Lengthen acceleration / deceleration time. Lower carrier frequency. or increasing capacity of the inverter.

About the use in highlands beyond 1,000m above sea level

When the standard inverter is used at a place beyond 1,000m above sea level because it cool heating element with air, please be careful as follows. But please inquire for the highlands more than 2,500m separately.

- 1. Reduction of the inverter rating current
- The density of air decreases by 1% whenever rising by 100m when the altitude exceeds 1000m. For example, in the case of 2,000m above sea level, it is {2,000(m) -Because it becomes 1,000(m)}/100(m) X {-1(%)} =-10(%), please use with 10(%) reduction (0.9* inverter rating electric current) of a rating current of the inverter.

2. Reduction of the breakdown voltage

When using inverter at a place beyond 1,000m, the breakdown voltage decreases as follows. 1,000m or less:1.00/1,500m:0.95/2,000m:0.90/2,50 0m:0.85. But please do not perform the withstand pressure test as mention of the instruction manual.

Installation location and operating environment

Avoid installation in areas of high temperature, excessive humidity, or where moisture can easily collect, as well as areas that are dusty, subject to corrosive gasses, mist of liquid for grinding, or salt. Install the inverter away from direct sunlight in a well-ventilated room that is free of vibration. The inverter can be operated in the ambient temperature range from -10 to 50°C. (Carrier frequency and output current must be reduced in the range of 40 to 50°C.)

Main power supply

| Installation of an AC reactor on the input side | In the following examples involving a general-purpose inverter, a large peak current flows on the main power supply side, and is able to destroy the converter module. Where such situations are foreseen or the connected equipment must be highly reliable, install an AC reactor between the power supply and the inverter. Also, where influence of indirect lightning strike is possible, install a lightning conductor. (A) The unbalance factor of the power supply is 3% or higher. (Note) (B) The power supply capacity is at least 10 times greater than the inverter capacity (the power supply capacity is 500 kVA or more). (C) Abrupt power supply changes are expected. Examples: (1) Several inverters are interconnected with a short bus. (2) A thyristor converter and an inverter are interconnected with a short bus. (3) An installed phase advance capacitor opens and closes. In cases (A), (B) and (C), it is recommended to install an AC reactor on the main power supply side. Note: Example calculation with V _{RS} = 205V, V _{ST} = 201V, V _{TR} = 200V V _{RS} : R-S line voltage, V _{ST} : S-T line voltage (min.) - Mean line voltage Mean line voltage $\frac{V_{RS} - (V_{RS} + V_{ST} + V_{TR})/3}{(V_{RS} + V_{ST} + V_{TR})/3} \times 100 = \frac{205 - 202}{202} \times 100 = 1.5(%)$ | |
|---|--|--|
| Using a private power generator | An inverter run by a private power generator may overheat the generator or suffer from a deformed output voltage waveform of the generator. Generally, the generator capacity should be five times that of the inverter (kVA) in a PWM control system, or six times greater in a PAM control system. | |

Notes on Peripheral Equipment Selection

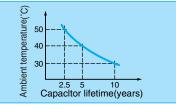
| (1) Be sure to connect main power wires with R(L1), S(L2), and T(L3) terminals (input) and motor wires to U(T1), V(T2), and W(T3) terminals (output). (Incorrect connection will cause an immediate failure.) (2) Be sure to provide a grounding connection with the ground terminal (()). |
|--|
| When an electromagnetic contactor is installed between the inverter and the motor, do not perform on-off switching during running operation. |
| When used with standard applicable output motors (standard three-phase squirrel-cage four-pole motors), the NE-S1 Series does not need a thermal relay for motor protection due to the internal electronic protective circuit. A thermal relay, however, should be used: during continuous running outside a range of 30 to 60 Hz. for motors exceeding the range of electronic thermal adjustment (rated current). when several motors are driven by the same inverter; install a thermal relay for each motor. The RC value of the thermal relay should be more than 1.1 times the rated current of the motor. Where the wiring length is 10 m or more, the thermal relay tends to turn off readily. In this case, provide an AC reactor on the output side or use a current sensor. |
| Install a circuit breaker on the main power input side to protect inverter wiring and ensure personal safety. Choose an inverter- compatible circuit breaker. The conventional type may malfunction due to harmonics from the inverter. For more information, consult the circuit breaker manufacturer. |
| The wiring distance between the inverter and the remote operator panel should be 20 meters or less. Shielded cable should be used on thewiring. Beware of voltage drops on main circuit wires. (A large voltage drop reduces torque.) |
| If the earth leakage relay (or earth leakage breaker) is used, it should have a sensitivity level of 15 mA or more (per inverter). |
| Do not use a capacitor for power factor improvement between the inverter and the motor because the high-frequency components of the inverter output may overheat or damage the capacitor. |
| |

High-frequency Noise and Leakage Current

(1) High-frequency components are included in the input/output of the inverter main circuit, and they may cause interference in a transmitter, radio, or sensor if used near the inverter. The interference can be minimized by attaching noise filters (option) in the inverter circuitry.
 (2) The switching action of an inverter causes an increase in leakage current. Be sure to ground the inverter and the motor.

Lifetime of Primary Parts

Because a DC bus capacitor deteriorates as it undergoes internal chemical reaction, it should normally be replaced every five years. Be aware, however, that its life expectancy is considerably shorter when the inverter is subjected to such adverse factors as high temperatures or heavy loads exceeding the rated current of the inverter. The approximate lifetime of the capacitor is as shown in the figure at the right when it is used 12 hours daily (according to the "Instructions for Periodic Inspection of General-Purpose Inverter " (JEMA).) Also, such moving parts as a cooling fan should be replaced. Maintenance inspection and parts replacement must beperformed by only specified trained personnel. Please plan to replace new INV depends on the load, ambient condition in advance.



Precaution for Correct Usage

- Before use, be sure to read through the Instruction Manual to insure proper use of the inverter.
- Note that the inverter requires electrical wiring; a trained specialist should carry out the wiring.
- The inverter in this catalog is designed for general industrial applications. For special applications in fields such as aircraft, outer space,
- nuclear power, electrical power, transport vehicles, clinics, and underwater equipment, please consult with us in advance.
- For application in a facility where human life is involved or serious losses may occur, make sure to provide safety devices to avoid a serious accident.
- The inverter is intended for use with a three-phase AC motor. For use with a load other than this, please consult with us.