

FACTORY AUTOMATION

INVERTER FR-E700

All-rounder with a compact body



- Top level of driving performance in compact body
- Easy operability
- Extensive option lineup
- Ensured maintenance
- Compact and space-saving
- Supporting various applications

GLOBAL IMPACT OF MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC



Through Mitsubishi Electric's vision, "Changes for the Better" are possible for a brighter future.

Changes for the Better

We bring together the best minds to create the best technologies. At Mitsubishi Electric, we understand that technology is the driving force of change in our lives. By bringing greater comfort to daily life, maximizing the efficiency of businesses and keeping things running across society, we integrate technology and innovation to bring changes for the better. Mitsubishi Electric is involved in many areas including the following

Energy and Electric Systems

A wide range of power and electrical products from generators to large-scale displays.

Electronic Devices

A wide portfolio of cutting-edge semiconductor devices for systems and products.

Home Appliance

Dependable consumer products like air conditioners and home entertainment systems.

Information and Communication Systems

Commercial and consumer-centric equipment, products and systems.

Industrial Automation Systems

Maximizing productivity and efficiency with cutting-edge automation technology.

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Evolution in all functions

Top level of driving performance in compact body

The inverter became more powerful.

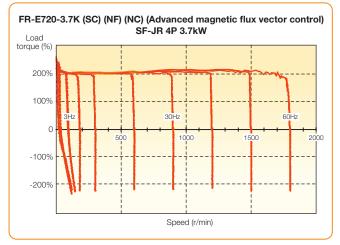
(1) High torque 200%/0.5Hz is realized by Advanced magnetic flux vector control (3.7K or less)

By the advancement of General-purpose magnetic flux vector control to Advanced magnetic flux vector control, top level of driving performance became possible.

Since V/F control and General-purpose magnetic flux vector control operations are available, operation after replacement of the conventional model (FR-E500 series) is ensured.

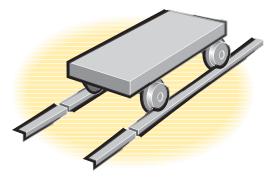
For the 5.5K to 15K, 150%/0.5Hz torque is realized.

Speed/torque characteristics example



(2) Short time overload capacity is increased (200% 3s)

Short time overload capacity is increased to 200% 3s (200% 0.5s for the conventional model). Overcurrent trip is less likely to occur.



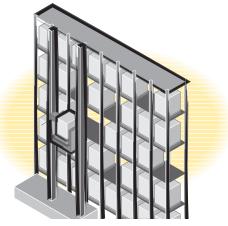
When a bogie runs over a bump, the impact can be beared by this function.

(4) Improved regeneration capability

A brake transistor is built-in to the 0.4K to 15K. Connecting an optional brake resistor increases regeneration capability.

Advanced auto tuning

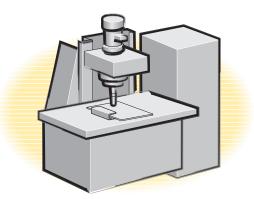
Many kinds of three phase induction motors can be optimally controlled with Mitsubishi's original "non-rotation" auto tuning function. High precision tuning is enabled even when a test operation of a machine cannot be performed at parameter adjustment.



Advanced magnetic flux vector control is ideal for a lift in an automated-storage system which requires high torque at low speed.

(3) Torque limit/current limit function

Improved torque limit/current limit function provides a machine protection, load limit, and stop-on-contact operation.



Using the torque limit function, machine breakage from overload can be avoided. For example, edge chipping of a tool can be avoided.

Easy & High performance

FREDROL-E700



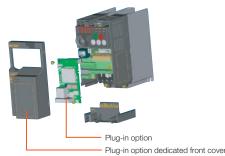
Enhanced expandability

Mitsubishi inverters offer the expandability that answers to every need

(1) A variety of plug-in options are mountable

Plug-in options supporting digital input, analog output extension, and a variety of communications provide extended functions which is almost equivalent to the FR-A700 series. (One type of plug-in option can be mounted.)

[For the standard control circuit terminal model, order the FR-A7 E kit, which contains an option board FR-A7 and its dedicated front cover.]



The FR-A7 E kit can be used for the standard control circuit terminal model only. For the safety stop function model, use an FR-A7 and a separate dedicated front cover.

Compatible Plug-in Options

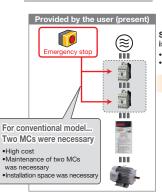
- FR-A7AX (E kit) ... 16-bit digital input • FR-A7AY (E kit) ... Digital output
- Extension analog output
- FR-A7AR (E kit) ... Relay output
- FR-A7NC (E kit) ... CC-Link FR-A7ND (E kit) ... DeviceNet • FR-A7NP (E kit) ... PROFIBUS-DP
- FR-A7NL (E kit) ... LONWORKS
- FR-E7DS 24VDC input*

*1: This option is available for the safety stop function model only. The dedicated front cover is enclosed with the option.

(2) Safety stop function (FR-E700-SC/NF/NC)

- Spring clamp terminals are adopted as control circuit terminals. Spring clamp terminals are highly reliable and can be easily wired.
- The FR-E700-SC series is compliant to the EU Machinery Directive without the addition of previously required external devices. Operation of an external Emergency Stop device results in a highly reliable immediate shutoff of the D700's output to the motor. This safety stop function conforms to the following standards.

EN ISO 13849-1 Category 3 / PLd EN62061 / IEC61508 SIL2





: Approved safety relay unit

(3) Control terminals are selectable according to applications

For the customers who need more than the standard terminals, the control terminal option, RS-485 2 port terminal block, is available. A terminal card is removable and can be

Terminal card easily replaced from a standard terminal card.

(4) Various kinds of networks are supported

- •EIA-485 (RS-485), MODBUS®RTU (equipped as standard), CC-Link, PROFIBUS-DP, DeviceNet[™], LONWORKS[®] (option)
- •Network-compatible inverters, the CC-Link communication model (FR-E700-NC) and the FL remote communication model (FR-E700-NF), are also available.

(5) Environment-conscious filter options

• Filterpack FR-BFP2 (the package of the power factor improving DC reactor, common mode choke, and capacitive filter) is available for compliance with the Japanese harmonic suppression guidelines.

 A noise filter option for compliance with the EMC Directive (EN61800-3 2nd Environment Category C3) is also available.





Compact design expands flexibility of enclosure design.

(1) Compact body with high performance function

Installation size is the same as the conventional mode (FR-E500 series) in consideration of intercompatibility. (7.5K or less)



FB-F520-0.2K FR-E720-0.2K

(2) Side by side installation saves space

Space can be saved by side by side no clearance installation*.

*: Use the inverter at the surrounding air temperature of 40°C or less.





Mitsubishi magnetic contactors

•Offer a selection of small frames •Offer a line-up of safety contactors

•Support with low-level load (auxiliary contact) •Support many international regulations as a standard model Refer to page 77 for the selection

|}}!!!0!*0**ĿE**700



Ensured maintenance

700 series are the pioneer of long life and high reliability.

(1) Long-life design

- •The design life of the cooling fan has been extended to 10 years*¹. The life of the fan can be further extended utilizing the it's ON/OFF control.
- •The design life of the capacitors has been extended to 10 years*1*2 by adopting a capacitor that endures about 5000 hours at 105°C surrounding air temperature.
- *1: Surrounding air temperature : annual average 40°C (free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt) Since the design life is a calculated value, it is not a guaranteed value.
 *2: Output current : 80% of the inverter rated current
- Estimated service lifespan of the long-life parts

	0 1	
Components	Estimated lifespan of the FR-E700	Guideline of JEMA*3
Cooling fan	10 years	2 to 3 years
Main circuit smoothing capacitor	10 years	5 years
Printed board smoothing capacitor	10 years	5 years

*3: Excerpts from "Periodic check of the transistorized inverter" of JEMA (Japan Electrical Manufacturer's Association)

(2) Leading life check function

- Degrees of deterioration of main circuit capacitor, control circuit capacitor, and inrush current limit circuit can be monitored.
- Trouble can be avoided with the self-diagnostic alarm^{*4} that is output when the life span is near.
- *4: Any one of main circuit capacitor, control circuit capacitor, inrush current limit circuit or cooling fan reaches the output level, an alarm is output.
- Capacity of the main circuit capacitor can be measured by setting parameter at a stop and turning the power from off to on. Measuring the capacity enables an alarm to be output.

(3) Easy replacement of cooling fan

A cooling fan is provided on top of the inverter for all capacities requiring a cooling fan*.

A cooling fan can be easily replaced without disconnecting main circuit wires.

*: Cooling fans are equipped with FR-E720-1.5K (SC) (NF) (NC) or more, FR-E740-1.5K (SC) (NF) (NC) or more, and FR-E720S-0.75K (SC) or more.



(4) Combed shaped wiring cover

Since a wiring cover can be installed after wiring, wiring work is easily done.



(5) Removable control terminal block

Wiring of the control circuit when replacing the same series inverter can be done by changing the terminal block.

Power-failure deceleration stop function/operation continuation

undervoltage occurs to prevent the motor from coasting.

*: The inverter may trip and the motor may coast depending on the load condition.

The motor can be decelerated to a stop when a power failure or

This function is useful to stop a motor at power failure as a fail

With the new operation continuation function at instantaneous power failure, the motor continues running without coasting

even if an instantaneous power failure occurs during operation.

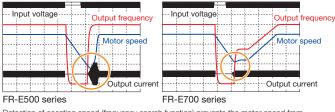
at instantaneous power failure function

safe of machine tool, etc.

Full of useful functions

Enhanced functions for all sorts of applications

•Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure function with frequency search



Detection of coasting speed (frequency search function) prevents the motor speed from decreasing at a restart, starting the motor smoothly with less output current.

- •Brake sequence mode is useful for mechanical brake control of a lift.
- •Regeneration avoidance function prevents regenerative overvoltage in a pressing machine.
- •Main circuit power supply DC input can be connected to DC power supply.
- Enhanced I/O terminal functionsupports switchover of analog input (voltage / current).
- Password function is effective for parameter setting protection. and so on

Energy saving for fans and pumps

Load pattern selection (Pr. 14)

Optimal output characteristics (V/F characteristics) for application or load characteristics can be selected. • Optimum excitation control (Pr. 60)

With Optimum excitation control to achieve the highest motor efficiency, further energy saving can be achieved.

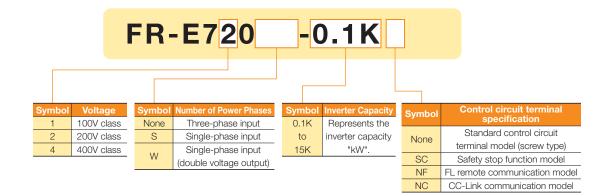
Options

Instructions

Motor

Compatibility





Inverter Capacity Inverter Model	0.1K	0.2K	0.4K	0.75K	1.5K	2.2K	3.7K	5.5K	7.5K	11K	15K
Three-phase 200V FR-E720-□ (SC)											•
Three-phase 400V FR-E740-□ (SC)	_	—							•		•
Single-phase 200V FR-E720S-□ (SC)*					•		—	—	—	—	_
Single-phase 100V FR-E710W-D*					_	_	_	_	_	—	_
*:Output of the single-phase 200V and single-phase 100V input specifications is three-phase 200V.											t available

:Output of the single-phase 200V and single-phase 100V input specifications is three-phase 200V.

Inverter Capacity Inverter Model	0.1K	0.2K	0.4K	0.75K	1.5K	2.2K	3.7K	5.5K	7.5K	11K	15K
Three-phase 200V FR-E720-□ NF/NC	•		•						•	•	
Three-phase 400V FR-E740- NF/NC	_	—	•					•	٠	•	

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•:Available models --:Not available

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Complies with UL, cUL, and EC Directives (CE marking), and the Radio Waves Act (South Korea) (KC marking). It is also certified as compliant with the Eurasian Conformity (EAC). The single-phase 100V power input model is not compliant with the EMC Directive.

The inverters are compliant with the EU RoHS Directive (Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment), friendly to people and to the environment.

Easy & High performance

Enclosure surface

E700

R/L1 S/L2 T/L3

I

Parameter unit

Ч

P/+ P1

EMC filter

(capacitor)

(FR-BIF)

Reduces

the radio

noise.

(FR-PU07/FR-PU07BB(-L))

operation panel (FR-PA07) Connect a connection cable (FR-CB2) to

the PU connector to use the FR-PA07, FR-PU07/FR-PU07BB(-L).*2

USB connector

A personal computer and an inverter can

be connected with a USB (Ver1.1) cable.

S1

S2

PC

P/-

PR

UVW

P/+N/- = Earth

(Ground)



Features

Standard Specifications

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Operation | Parametel FR Configu

Parameter

Explanations of Parameters

Protective Functions

Options

Instructions

Motor

Compatibility

Warranty

Inquiry

List



Connection example

AC power supply Use within the permissible power supply specifications of the inverter. To ensure safety, use a moulded case circuit breaker, earth leakage circuit breaker or magnetic contactor to switch power ON/OFF.

Molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) or earth leakage current breaker (ELB), fuse

The breaker must be selected carefully since an in-rush current flows in the inverter at power on.

Magnetic contactor (MC)

Install the magnetic contactor to ensure safety. Do not use this magnetic contactor to start and stop the inverter. Doing so will cause the inverter life to be shorten.

Reactor (FR-HAL, FR-HEL option)

Install reactors to suppress harmonics and to improve the power factor. A reactor (option) is required when installing the inverter near a large power supply system (500kVA or more). The inverter may be damaged if you do not use reactors. Select the reactor according to the model. Remove the jumpers across terminals P/+ - P1 to connect the DC reactor.





the electromagnetic noise generated from the inverter. Effective in the range from about 1MHz to 10MHz. When more wires are passed through, a more effective result can be obtained. A wire should be wound four turns or more.

*1: Filterpack (FR-BFP2), which contains DC reactor and noise filter in one package, is also available.



High power factor converter (FR-HC2) Power supply harmonics can be greatly suppressed. Install this as required.



Power regeneration common converter (FR-CV) Great braking capability is obtained Install this as required.



Resistor unit (FR-BR) Discharging resistor (GZG, GRZG) The regenerative braking capability of the inverter can be exhibited fully. Install this as required.

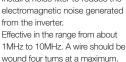


relay module Required for compliance with safety standard. The module can be used for the safety stop function model, FL remote communication model, and CC-Link communication model.



Braking capability can be improved. (0.4K or more) Always install a thermal relay when using a brake resistor whose capacity is 11K or more.





Motor

Earth (Ground)

Devices connected to the output

Do not install a power factor correction capacitor, surge suppressor or radio noise filter on the output side of the inverter. When installing a moulded case circuit breaker on the output side of the inverter, contact each manufacturer for selection of the moulded case circuit breaker.

Earth (Ground)

To prevent an electric shock, always earth (ground) the motor and inverter. For reduction of induction noise from the power line of the inverter, it is recommended to wire the earth (ground) cable by returning it to the earth (ground) terminal of the inverter

*2: The converter is used for the standard control circuit terminal model or the safety stop function model.

Rating

Three-phase 200V power supply

FI	Model R-E720-⊡K(SC)∗9(NF)∗10(NC)∗11	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15
Ар	plicable motor capacity (kW)*1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15
	Rated capacity (kVA)*2	0.3	0.6	1.2	2.0	3.2	4.4	7.0	9.5	13.1	18.7	23.9
Output	Rated current (A)*7	0.8 (0.8)	1.5 (1.4)	3 (2.5)	5 (4.1)	8 (7)	11 (10)	17.5 (16.5)	24 (23)	33 (31)	47 (44)	60 (57)
Out	Overload current rating*3			15	50% 60s,	200% 3s	(inverse	-time cha	racteristic	s)	-	
Ŭ	Rated voltage*4					Three-phase 200 to 240V						
	Regenerative braking torque*5	15	0%	10	0%	50%	50% 20%					
ply	Rated input AC (DC) voltage/frequency	Three-phase 200 to 240V 50Hz/60Hz (283 to 339VDC*8)										
Power supply	Permissible AC (DC) voltage fluctuation				170 to 2	64V 50H	z/60Hz (2	(240 to 373VDC*8)				
Pov	Permissible frequency fluctuation						±5%					
	Power supply capacity (kVA)*6	0.4	0.8	1.5	2.5	4.5	5.5	9	12	17	20	28
Pro	tective structure (JEM1030)	Enclosed type (IP20) Open type (IP00) for the FL remote communication model and CC-Link communication model.										
Co	oling system		Self-c	ooling				Forc	ed air co	oling		_
Ар	proximate mass (kg)	0.5	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.7	4.3	4.3	6.5	6.5

Three-phase 400V power supply

	Model										
	R-E740-□K(SC)∗9(NF)∗10(NC)∗11	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	
	\cdots										
App	blicable motor capacity (kW)*1	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	
	Rated capacity (kVA)*2	1.2	2.0	3.0	4.6	7.2	9.1	13.0	17.5	23.0	
	Rated current (A)*7	1.6	2.6	4.0	6.0	9.5	12	17	23	30	
put		(1.4)	(2.2)	(3.8)	(5.4)	(8.7)	12	17	20	00	
Output	Overload current rating*3			150% 60	s, 200% 3	s (inverse-t	ime charac	teristics)			
Ŭ	Rated voltage*4				Three-phase 380 to 480V						
	Regenerative braking torque*5	10	0%	50%	20%						
Ŋ	Rated input voltage/frequency	Three-phase 380 to 480V 50Hz/60Hz (537 to 679VDC*8)									
supply	Permissible AC voltage fluctuation	325 to 528V 50Hz/60Hz (457 to 740VDC*8)									
er s	Permissible frequency fluctuation					±5%					
Power	Power supply capacity (kVA)*6	1.5	2.5	4.5	5.5	9.5	12	17	20	28	
Dre	te etime etimetime (IEN4020)				Enclo	osed type (IP20)				
Pro	tective structure (JEM1030)	Open typ	e (IP00) fo	r the FL rer	note comm	nunication r	nodel and (CC-Link co	mmunicatio	on model.	
Coo	oling system	Self-cooling Forced air cooling									
Арр	proximate mass (kg)	1.4	1.4	1.9	1.9	1.9	3.2	3.2	6.0	6.0	

*1 The applicable motor capacity indicated is the maximum capacity applicable for use of the Mitsubishi 4-pole standard motor.

*2 The rated output capacity indicated assumes that the output voltage is 230V for three-phase 200V class and 440V for three-phase 400V class.

*3 The % value of the overload current rating indicated is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter's rated output current. For repeated duty, allow time for the inverter and motor to return to or below the temperatures under 100% load.

*4 The maximum output voltage does not exceed the power supply voltage. The maximum output voltage can be changed within the setting range. However, the pulse voltage value of the inverter output side voltage remains unchanged at about $\sqrt{2}$ that of the power supply.

*5 The braking torque indicated is a short-duration average torque (which varies with motor loss) when the motor alone is decelerated from 60Hz in the shortest time and is not a continuous regenerative torque. When the motor is decelerated from the frequency higher than the base frequency, the average deceleration torque will reduce. Since the inverter does not contain a brake resistor, use the optional brake resistor when regenerative energy is large. A brake unit (FR-BU2) may also be used. (Option brake resisitor cannot be used for 0.1K and 0.2K.)

*6 The power supply capacity varies with the value of the power supply side inverter impedance (including those of the input reactor and cables).

*7 Setting 2kHz or more in *Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection* to perform low acoustic noise operation in the surrounding air temperature exceeding 40°C, the rated output current is the value in parenthesis.

*8 • Connect DC power supply to terminal P/+ and N/-. Connect the plus side of the power supply to terminal P/+ and minus side to terminal N/-.

• When energy is regenerated from the motor, the voltage between terminals P/+ and N/- may rise to 415V of more for the 200V class, or 830V or more for the 400V class. Use a DC power supply resistant to the regenerative voltage/energy.

• Although the FR-E700 series has the built-in inrush current limit circuit, select the DC power supply considering the inrush current at powering ON as the inrush current four times of the rated inverter flows at powering ON.

• Since the power supply capacity depends on the output impedance of the power, select the power supply capacity which has enough allowance according to the AC power supply system capacity.

*9 The safety stop function model is indicated with SC

*10 "NF" indicates the FL remote communication function model.

*11 "NC" indicates the CC-Link communication model.

• Single-phase 200V power supply

	Model FR-E720S-□K(SC)*10	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2		
Арр	blicable motor capacity (kW)*1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2		
	Rated capacity (kVA)*2	0.3	0.6	1.2	2.0	3.2	4.4		
Output	Rated current (A)*7	0.8 (0.8)	1.5 (1.4)	3.0 (2.5)	5.0 (4.1)	8.0 (7.0)	11.0 (10.0)		
Out	Overload current rating*3	15	50% 60s, 20	00% 3s (inv	erse-time cl	haracteristic	s)		
-	Rated voltage*4		Т	hree-phase	e 200 to 240V				
	Regenerative braking torque*5	150% 1			0%	50%	20%		
Ŋ	Rated input AC voltage/frequency	Single-phase 200 to 240V 50Hz/60Hz							
supply	Permissible AC voltage fluctuation			170 to 264V	50Hz/60H	Z			
er s	Permissible frequency fluctuation			Withir	า ±5%				
Power	Power supply capacity (kVA)*6	0.5	0.9	1.5	2.5	4.0	5.2		
Pro	tective structure (JEM1030)	Enclosed type (IP20)							
Coo	bling system		Self-cooling]	Forced air cooling				
Арр	proximate mass (kg)	0.6	0.6	0.9	1.4	1.5	2.0		

Single-phase 100V power supply

	Model FR-E710W-□K	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75		
App	licable motor capacity (kW)*1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75		
	Rated capacity (kVA)*2	0.3	0.6	1.2	2.0		
Ħ	Rated current (A)*7	0.8 (0.8)	1.5 (1.4)	3.0 (2.5)	5.0 (4.1)		
Output	Overload current rating*3	(inv	150% 60s erse-time d	, 200% 3s characterist	ics)		
	Rated voltage	Three-phase 200 to 230V*8, *9					
	Regenerative braking torque*5	15	0%	100%			
١y	Rated input AC voltage/frequency	Single-phase 100 to 115V 50Hz/60Hz					
supply	Permissible AC voltage fluctuation	90 to 132V 50Hz/60Hz					
er s	Permissible frequency fluctuation		Withir	า ±5%			
Power	Power supply capacity (kVA)*6	0.5	0.9	1.5	2.5		
Pro	tective structure (JEM1030)	Enclosed type (IP20)					
Coo	bling system		Self-c	ooling			
Арр	proximate mass (kg)	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.5		

*1 The applicable motor capacity indicated is the maximum capacity applicable for use of the Mitsubishi 4-pole standard motor.

*2 The rated output capacity indicated assumes that the output voltage is 230V.

- *3 The % value of the overload current rating indicated is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter's rated output current. For repeated duty, allow time for the inverter and motor to return to or below the temperatures under 100% load. If the automatic restart after instantaneous power failure function (*Pr. 57*) or power failure stop function (*Pr. 261*) is set and power supply voltage is low while load becomes bigger, the bus voltage decreases to power failure detection level and load of 100% or more may not be available.
- *4 The maximum output voltage does not exceed the power supply voltage. The maximum output voltage can be changed within the setting range. However, the pulse voltage value of the inverter output side voltage remains unchanged at about $\sqrt{2}$ that of the power supply.
- *5 The braking torque indicated is a short-duration average torque (which varies with motor loss) when the motor alone is decelerated from 60Hz in the shortest time and is not a continuous regenerative torque. When the motor is decelerated from the frequency higher than the base frequency, the average deceleration torque will reduce. Since the inverter does not contain a brake resistor, use the optional brake resistor when regenerative energy is large. A brake unit (FR-BU2) may also be used. (Option brake resisitor cannot be used for 0.1K and 0.2K.)
- *6 The power supply capacity varies with the value of the power supply side inverter impedance (including those of the input reactor and cables).
- *7 Setting 2kHz or more in *Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection* to perform low acoustic noise operation with the surrounding air temperature exceeding 40°C, the rated output current is the value in parenthesis.

*8 For single-phase 100V power input model, the maximum output voltage is twice the amount of the power supply voltage and cannot be exceeded.

*9 In a single-phase 100V power input model, the output voltage may fall down when the load is heavy, and larger output current may flow compared to a threephase input model. Use the motor with less load so that the output current is within the rated motor current range.

*10 The safety stop function model is indicated with SC.

Inquiry

Warranty

Common specifications

_								
		Control method		Soft-PWM control/high carrier frequency PWM control (V/F control, Advanced magnetic flux vector control, General-purpose magnetic flux vector control, Optimum excitation control are available)				
		Output frequency ra	ange	0.2 to 400Hz				
su		Frequency setting resolution	Analog input *9*12	0.06Hz/60Hz (terminal2, 4: 0 to 10V/10bit) 0.12Hz/60Hz (terminal2, 4: 0 to 5V/9bit) 0.06Hz/60Hz (terminal4: 0 to 20mA/10bit)				
atio			Digital input	0.01Hz				
Control specifications		Frequency accuracy	Analog input *9*12	Within $\pm 0.5\%$ of the max. output frequency (25°C ± 10 °C)				
SDI	5		Digital input	Within 0.01% of the set output frequency				
rol		Voltage/frequency c	haracteristics	Base frequency can be set from 0 to 400Hz, Constant-torque/variable torque pattern can be selected				
ont		Starting torque		200% or more (at 0.5Hz)when Advanced magnetic flux vector control is set (3.7K or less)				
0	' [Torque boost		Manual torque boost				
		Acceleration/deceler	ation time setting	0.01 to 360s, 0.1 to 3600s (acceleration and deceleration can be set individually), linear or S-pattern acceleration/ deceleration modes are available.				
		DC injection brake		Operation frequency (0 to 120Hz), operation time (0 to 10s), operation voltage (0 to 30%) can be changed.				
		Stall prevention ope	eration level	Operation current level can be set (0 to 200% adjustable), whether to use the function or not can be selected				
		Frequency setting	Analog input *9*12	Two terminals Terminal 2: 0 to 10V, 0 to 5V can be selected Terminal 4: 0 to 10V, 0 to 5V, 4 to 20mA can be selected				
		signal	Digital input	put from the operation panel or parameter unit. (Instead of the input from the parameter unit, input via the FL mote network is available for the FL remote communication model, and input via the CC-Link network is vailable for the CC-Link communication model.) Frequency setting increment is selectable. digit BCD or 16bit binary data (when the option FR-A7AX E kit is used)				
	;	Start signal		Forward and reverse rotation or start signal automatic self-holding input*9*12 (3-wire input) can be selected.				
Operation specifications		Input signal*9*13 (Standard control ci model: Seven termi Safety stop functior terminals)	nals	he following signals can be assigned to <i>Pr. 178 to Pr. 184 (input terminal function selection)</i> : multi-speed selection, emote setting, stop-on contact selection, second function selection, terminal 4 input selection*12, JOG operation election*12, PID control valid terminal, brake opening completion signal, external thermal input*12, PU-External beration switchover*12, V/F switchover, output stop, start self-holding selection*12, forward rotation, reverse tation command*12, inverter reset*12, PU-NET operation switchover*12, External-NET operation witchover*12, command source switchover*12, inverter operation enable signal*12, and PU operation external terlock*12				
		Operational function	ns	Maximum/minimum frequency setting, frequency jump operation, external thermal relay input selection*9*12, automatic restart after instantaneous power failure operation, forward/reverse rotation prevention, remote setting, brake sequence*9, second function, multi-speed operation, stop-on contact control, droop control, regeneration avoidance, slip compensation, operation mode selection, offline auto tuning function, PID control*9, computer link operation (RS-485)*9*12				
Oners		Safety stop function	1 *3	Safety shutoff signal can be input from terminals S1 and S2. (compliant with EN ISO 13849-1 Category 3 / PLd EN62061 / IEC61508 SIL2)				
		Output signal*10 Open collector outp Relay output (One	terminal)	The following signals can be assigned to $Pr.190$ to $Pr.192$ (output terminal function selection): inverter operation, up to-frequency, overload alarm, output frequency detection, regenerative brake prealarm, electronic thermal relay function prealarm, inverter operation ready, output current detection, zero current detection, PID lower limit, PID upper limit, PID forward/reverse rotation output, brake opening request, fan alarm*1, heatsink overheat pre- alarm, deceleration at an instantaneous power failure, PID control activated, safety monitor output*2, safety monitor output2*3, 24V external power supply operation*3, during retry, life alarm, current average value monitor remote output, alarm output, fault output, fault output 3, and maintenance timer alarm				
		For meter Pulse train outr (Max. 2.4kHz: o		The following signals can be assigned to <i>Pr.54 FM terminal function selection</i> : output frequency, motor current (steady), output voltage, frequency setting, motor torque, converter output voltage, regenerative brake duty, electronic thermal relay function load factor, output current peak value, converter output voltage peak value, reference voltage output, motor load factor, PID set point, PID measured value, output power Pulse train output (1440 pulses/s/full scale)				
ndication		Operation panel Parameter unit	Operating status	The following operating status can be displayed: output frequency, motor current (steady), output voltage, frequency setting, cumulative energization time, actual operation time, motor torque, converter output voltage, regenerative brake duty, electronic thermal relay function load factor, output current peak value, converter output voltage peak value, motor load factor, PID set point*9, PID measured value*9, PID deviation*9, inverter I/O terminal monitor, I/O terminal option monitor*9*12, output power, cumulative power, motor thermal load factor, and inverter thermal load factor.				
Indi			Fault record	Fault record is displayed when a fault occurs. Past 8 fault records (output voltage/current/frequency/cumulative energization time right before the fault occurs) are stored				
			Interactive guidance*9*12	Function (help) for operation guide*4				
		Protective functions		Overcurrent during acceleration, overcurrent during constant speed, overcurrent during deceleration, overvoltage during acceleration, overvoltage during constant speed, overvoltage during deceleration, inverter protection thermal operation, motor protection thermal operation, heatsink overheat, input phase failure*6, stall prevention stop, output side earth (ground) fault overcurrent at start*5, output short circuit, output phase failure, external thermal relay operation*5*9*12, option fault *5, parameter error, internal board fault, PU disconnection*9*12, retry count excess *5, CPU fault, brake transistor alarm, inrush resistance overheat, communication error, analog input error*9*12, USB communication error*9, brake sequence error 4 to 7*5*9, safety circuit fault*3				
			Warning functions	Fan alarm*1, overcurrent stall prevention, overvoltage stall prevention, PU stop, parameter write error, regenerative brake prealarm*5, electronic thermal relay function prealarm, maintenance output*5, undervoltage, operation panel lock, password locked*5, inverter reset, safety stop*3, 24V external power supply operation*11				
÷		Surrounding air tem	perature	-10°C to +50°C (non-freezing)*7				
Environment		Ambient humidity		90%RH or less (non-condensing)				
uuc		Storage temperatur	e *8	-20°C to +65°C				
wire		Atmosphere		Indoors (without corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt etc.)				
щ	i	Altitude/vibration		Maximum 1000m above sea level, 5.9m/s ² or less at 10 to 55Hz (directions of X, Y, Z axes)				
	1							

- As the FR-E720-0.1K(SC)(NF)(NC) to 0.75K(SC)(NF)(NC), *7 FR-E740-0.4K(SC)(NF)(NC) and 0.75K(SC)(NF)(NC), FR-E720S-0.1K(SC) to 0.4K(SC), FR-E710W-0.1K to 0.75K are not *8 provided with the cooling fan, this alarm does not function. *9 This function is available for the safety stop function model and the CC-Link communication model. *1
- *2
- *3 This function is not available for the standard control circuit terminal model.
- This operation guide is only available with option parameter unit (FR- *11 PU07). *4
- *5
- This protective function is not available in the initial status. This protective function is available with the three-phase power input *12*6 model only.

- When using the inverters at the surrounding air temperature of 40°C or less, the inverters can be installed closely attached (0cm clearance). Temperatures applicable for a short time, e.g. in transit. This function is not available for the FL remote communication model. The FL remote communication model and the CC-Link communication model have only one open collector output terminal. For the FL remote communication model, the terminal is used only for the safety monitor output signal (not selectable). This function is available for the safety stop function model with the FR-E7DS, FL remote communication model, and CC-Link communication model. This function is not available for the CC-Link communication model. This function is not available for the CC-Link communication model. *10

 - *13 For the CC-Link communication model, input signals can be assigned to the input virtual terminals for CC-Link communication.

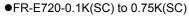
Features

Connection example

Motor

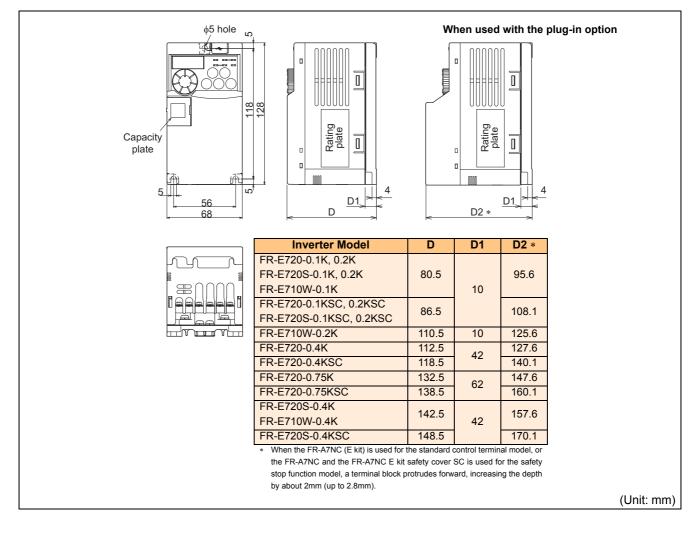
Compatibility

Warranty



•FR-E720S-0.1K(SC) to 0.4K(SC)

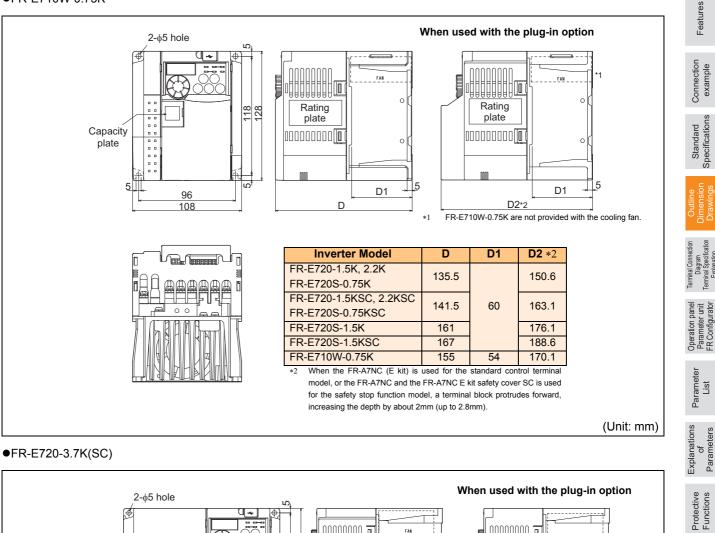
•FR-E710W-0.1K to 0.4K

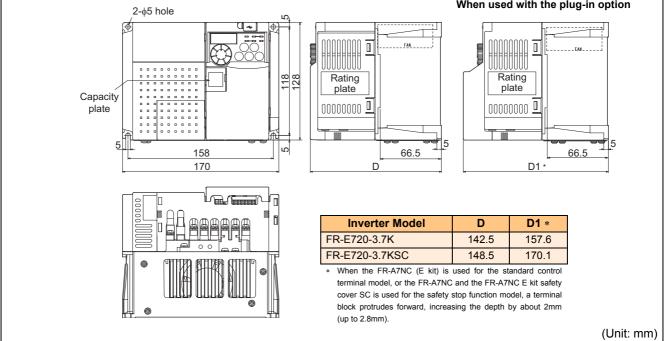


•FR-E720-1.5K(SC), 2.2K(SC)

•FR-E720S-0.75K(SC), 1.5K(SC)

•FR-E710W-0.75K





Options

Instructions

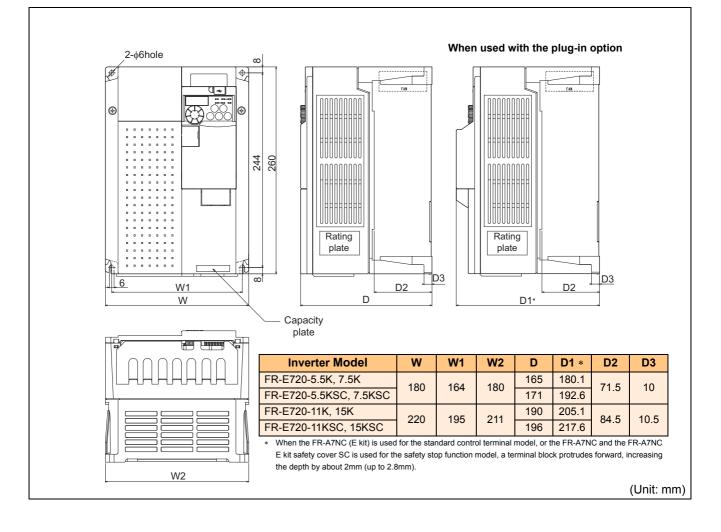
Motor

Compatibility

Warranty

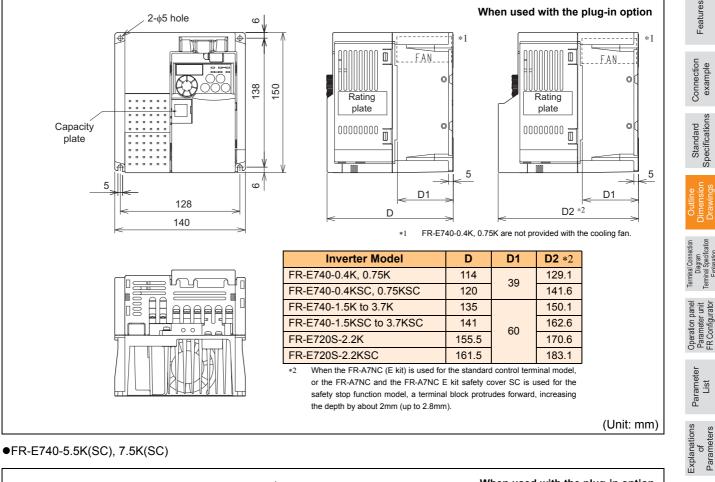
Inquiry

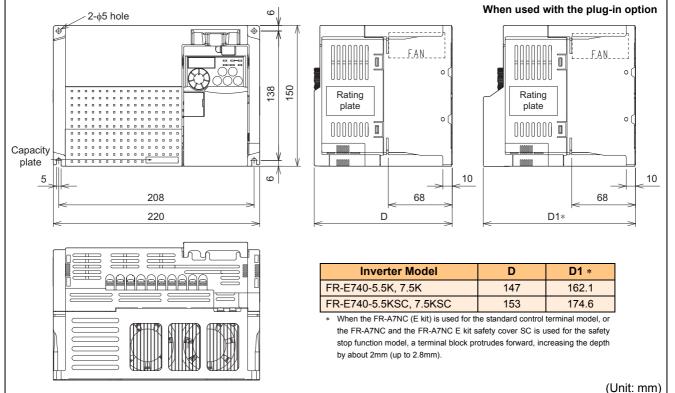
•FR-E720-5.5K(SC) to 15K(SC)



•FR-E740-0.4K(SC) to 3.7K(SC)

•FR-E720S-2.2K(SC)





Protective Functions

Options

Instructions

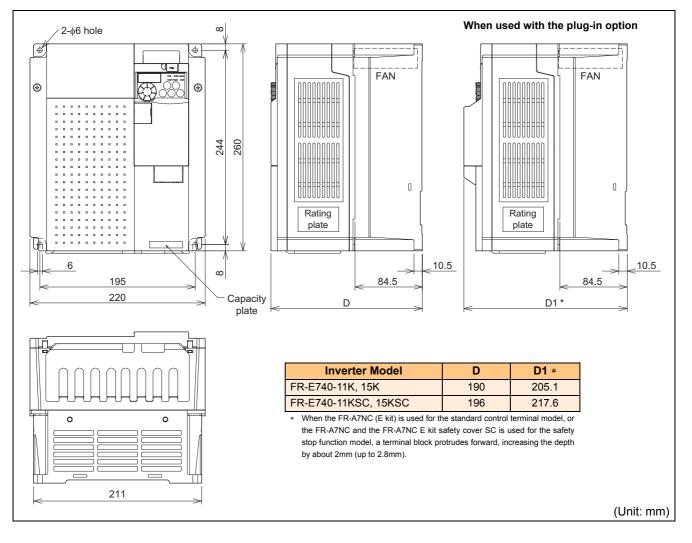
Motor

Compatibility

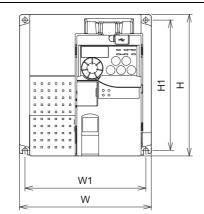
Warranty

Inquiry

•FR-E740-11K(SC), 15K(SC)



•FL remote communication model



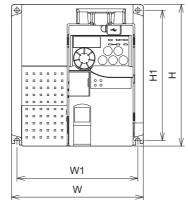
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(Unit: mm)

 Three-phase 200V cl 	ass				
Inverter Model	W	W1	Н	H1	D
FR-E720-0.1KNF					89.5
FR-E720-0.2KNF	68	56	128	118	09.5
FR-E720-0.4KNF	108	0 00			121.5
FR-E720-0.75KNF					141.5
FR-E720-1.5KNF		96			144.5
FR-E720-2.2KNF		30			144.5
FR-E720-3.7KNF	170	158			151.5
FR-E720-5.5KNF	180	164			174
FR-E720-7.5KNF	100	104	260	244	174
FR-E720-11KNF	220	105	200	244	199
FR-E720-15KNF	220	195			199

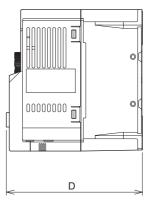
Three-phase 400V class									
Inverter Model	w	W1	Н	H1	D				
FR-E740-0.4KNF	140				123				
FR-E740-0.75KNF		40 128	150	138	125				
FR-E740-1.5KNF					144				
FR-E740-2.2KNF									
FR-E740-3.7KNF									
FR-E740-5.5KNF		208			156				
FR-E740-7.5KNF	220	200			150				
FR-E740-11KNF	220	195	260	244	199				
FR-E740-15KNF		195	200	244	199				

•CC-Link communication model



• Three-phase 200V class

Inverter Model	w	W1	н	H1	D
FR-E720-0.1KNC					108
FR-E720-0.2KNC	68	56			100
FR-E720-0.4KNC	00		128	118	140
FR-E720-0.75KNC					160
FR-E720-1.5KNC	108	96			163
FR-E720-2.2KNC	100				105
FR-E720-3.7KNC	170	158			170
FR-E720-5.5KNC	180	164			192.5
FR-E720-7.5KNC	100	104	260	244	192.5
FR-E720-11KNC	220	195	200	244	217.5
FR-E720-15KNC	220	195			217.0



(Unit: mm)

• Three-phase 400V class

Inverter Model	W	W1	Н	H1	D
FR-E740-0.4KNC				138	141.5
FR-E740-0.75KNC	140	128 208	150		141.5
FR-E740-1.5KNC					162.5
FR-E740-2.2KNC					
FR-E740-3.7KNC					
FR-E740-5.5KNC					174.5
FR-E740-7.5KNC	220	200			174.5
FR-E740-11KNC	220	195	260	244	217.5
FR-E740-15KNC		195	200	244	217.5

Standard Specifications Operation panel Parameter unit FR Configurator Parameter List

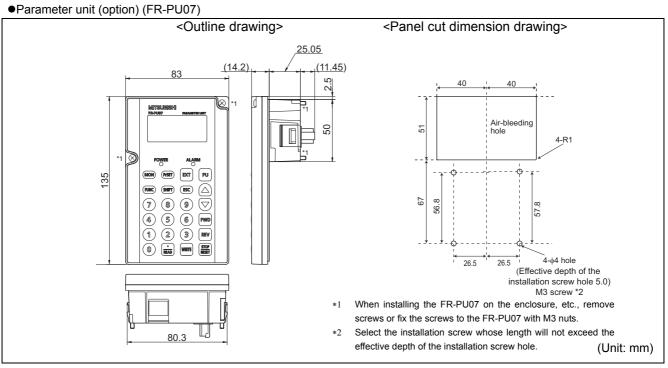
Features

Connection example

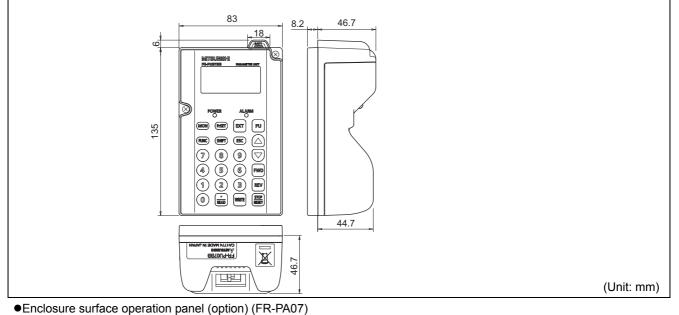
Options

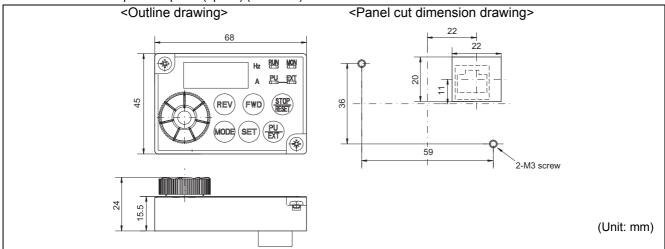
Motor

Warranty



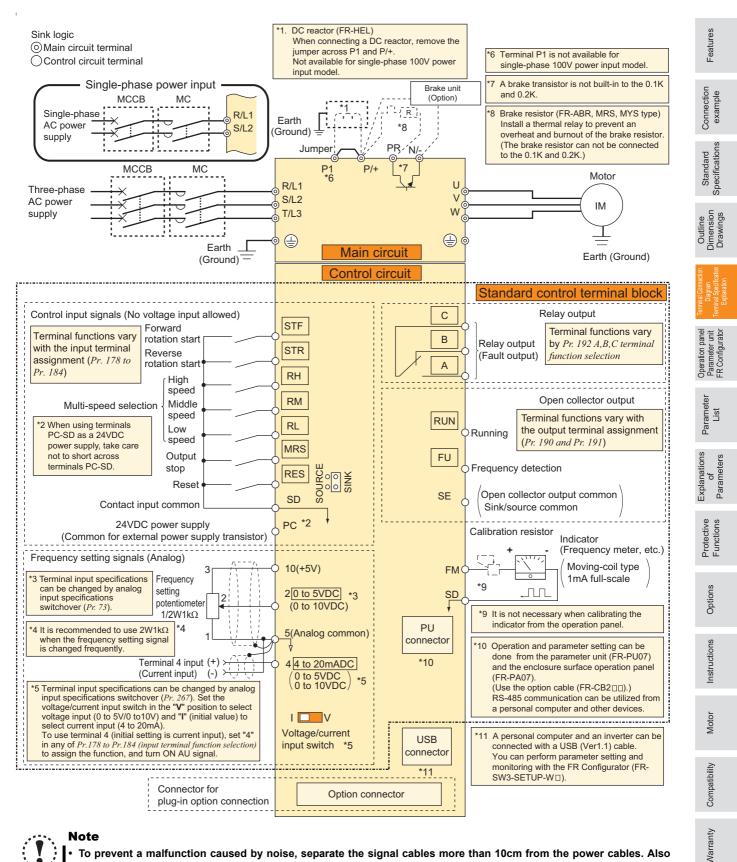
•Parameter unit with battery pack (option) (FR-PU07BB)





Terminal Connection Diagram

(1) Standard control circuit terminal model

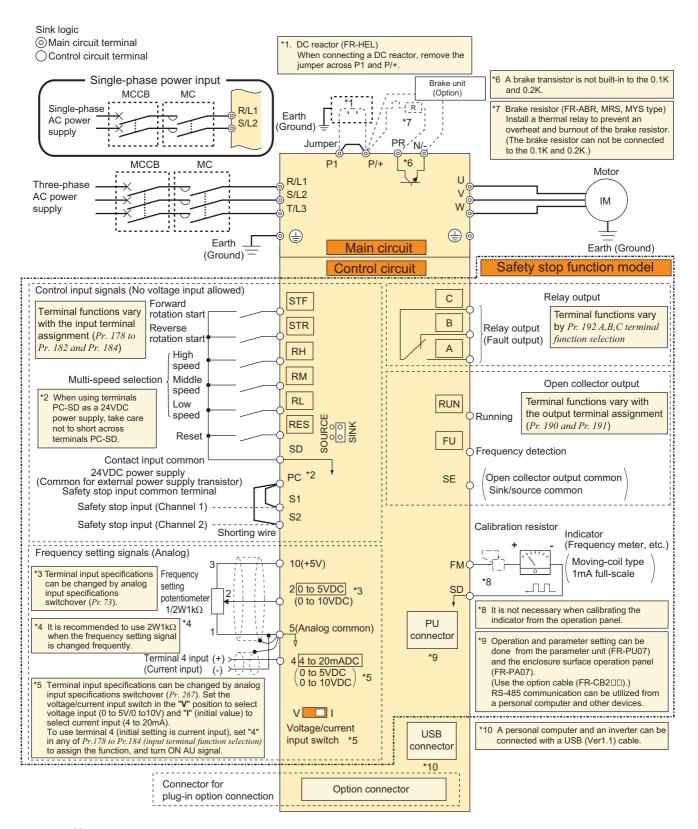


Note

- To prevent a malfunction caused by noise, separate the signal cables more than 10cm from the power cables. Also separate the main circuit wire of the input side and the output side.
- After wiring, wire offcuts must not be left in the inverter.
- Wire offcuts can cause an alarm, failure or malfunction. Always keep the inverter clean. When drilling mounting holes in an enclosure etc., take care not to allow chips and other foreign matter to enter the inverter.
- The output of the single-phase power input model is three-phase 200V.

Inquiry

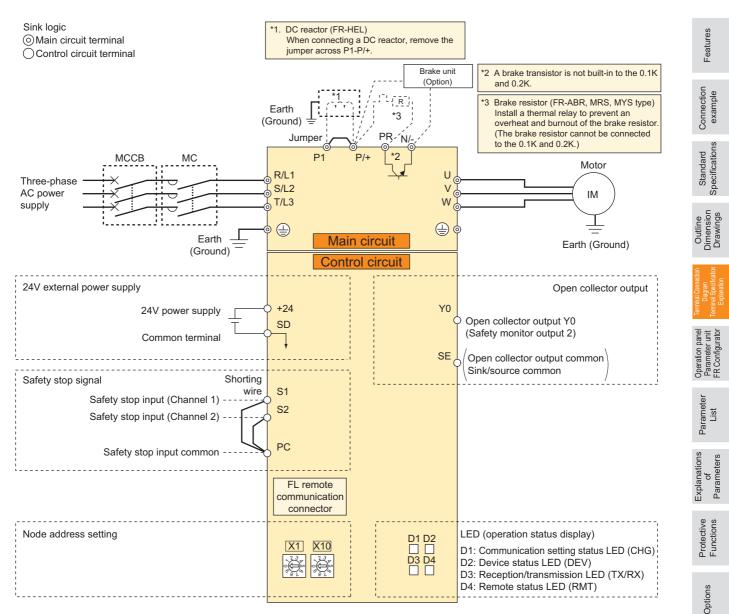
(2) Safety stop function model



Note

- To prevent a malfunction caused by noise, separate the signal cables more than 10cm from the power cables. Also separate the main circuit wire of the input side and the output side.
- After wiring, wire offcuts must not be left in the inverter.
- Wire offcuts can cause an alarm, failure or malfunction. Always keep the inverter clean. When drilling mounting holes in an enclosure etc., take care not to allow chips and other foreign matter to enter the inverter.
- The output of the single-phase power input model is three-phase 200V.

(3) FL remote communication model (NF)





Note

To prevent a malfunction caused by noise, separate the signal cables more than 10cm from the power cables. Also separate the main circuit wire of the input side and the output side.

After wiring, wire offcuts must not be left in the inverter.

Wire offcuts can cause an alarm, failure or malfunction. Always keep the inverter clean. When drilling mounting holes in an enclosure etc., take care not to allow chips and other foreign matter to enter the inverter.

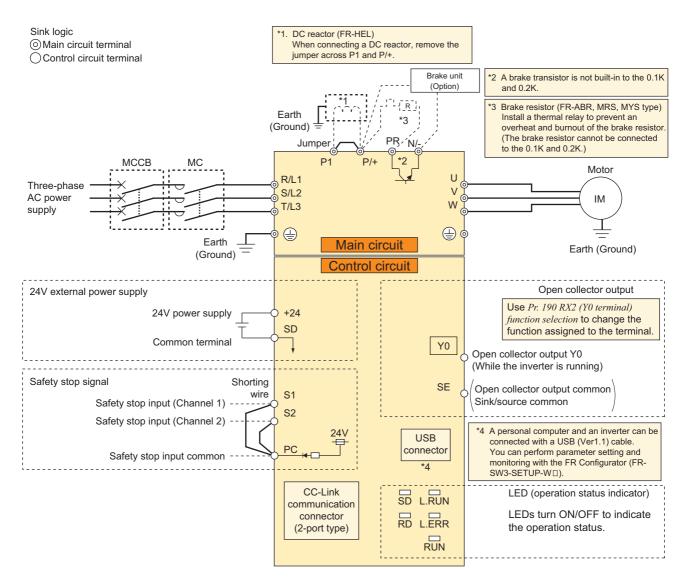
Warranty

Instructions

Motor

Compatibility

(4) CC-Link communication model (NC)





Note

• To prevent a malfunction caused by noise, separate the signal cables more than 10cm from the power cables. Also separate the main circuit wire of the input side and the output side.

After wiring, wire offcuts must not be left in the inverter.

Wire offcuts can cause an alarm, failure or malfunction. Always keep the inverter clean. When drilling mounting holes in an enclosure etc., take care not to allow chips and other foreign matter to enter the inverter.

Terminal Specification Explanation

(1) Standard control circuit terminal model, safety stop function model (SC)

Туре	Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Description				
	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 *	AC power input	factor converter (FR-HC2) or pow	r supply. Keep these terminals ope ver regeneration common converte er input, terminals are R/L1 and S/	r (FR-CV)		
	U, V, W	Inverter output	Connect a three-phase squirrel-ca				
uit	P/+, PR	Brake resistor connection	Connect a brake transistor (MRS (The brake resistor can not be co	type, MYS type, FR-ABR) across nnected to the 0.1K or 0.2K)	terminals	P/+-PR.	
Main circuit		Brake unit connection	•	, power regeneration common con	verter (FR	-CV) or high power	
ain	P/+, N/-	DC power input		er supply to terminal P/+ and minu	s side to te	erminal N/	
ž	P/+, P1 *	DC reactor connection	Remove the jumper across termin input model is not compatible with	nals P/+-P1 and connect a DC rea	ctor. Single		
		Earth (Ground)	For earthing (grounding) the inver	rter chassis. Must be earthed (grou	unded).		
	STF	Forward rotation start	Turn on the STF signal to start for	ward rotation and turn it off to stop.		e STF and STR signals	
	STR	Reverse rotation start	Turn on the STR signal to start rev	verse rotation and turn it off to stop.		d on simultaneously, command is given.	
	RH, RM, RL	Multi-speed selection	Multi-speed can be selected according to the combination of RH, RM and RL signals.				1
	MRS *	Output stop	Use to shut off the inverter output * Terminal MRS is only available	more) to stop the inverter output. when stopping the motor by elect for the standard control circuit ter	minal mod	lel.	
	RES	Reset	more than 0.1s, then turn it off. In	led when protective circuit is activa itial setting is for reset always. By Recover about 1s after reset is ca	setting Pr.		
Iput		Contact input common (sink) (initial setting)	Common terminal for contact inpu	ut terminal (sink logic) and termina	I FM.		
Contact input	SD	External transistor common (source)		utput (open collector output), such nnect the external power supply co caused by undesirable currents.			-
Col		24VDC power supply common	Common output terminal for 24VI Isolated from terminals 5 and SE.	common output terminal for 24VDC 0.1A power supply (PC terminal).			
		External transistor common	When connecting the transistor of when sink logic is selected, conne	utput (open collector output), such ect the external power supply com			
Control circuit/input signal	PC	(sink) (initial setting) Contact input common (source)	terminal to prevent a malfunction Common terminal for contact input	•			
	10	24VDC power supply	Can be used as 24VDC 0.1A pow	ver supply.			-
		Safety stop input terminal common *	Common terminal for safety stop * Terminals S1 and S2 are provid stop function instruction manual	ded on the safety stop function mo	del. For de		
	10	Frequency setting power supply	Used as power supply when connecting potentiometer for frequency septed setting) from outside of the inverter.		y setting	5VDC permissible load current 10mA	
00	2	Frequency setting (voltage)	Inputting 0 to 5VDC (or 0 to 10V) provides the maximum output frequency at 5V (10V) and makes input and output proportional. Use <i>Pr.</i> 73 to switch between input 0 to 5VDC (initial setting) and 0 to 10VDC input.				
setting			Inputting 0 to 20mADC (or 0 to 5) maximum output frequency at 200 proportional. This input signal is v (terminal 2 input is invalid). To use current input), set "4" to any of <i>Pr</i> .	mA makes input and output alid only when the AU signal is on e terminal 4 (initial setting is	Voltago ii	pout	
Frequency	4	Frequency setting (current)	function selection), and turn AU sig among input 4 to 20mA (initial set Set the voltage/current input switt voltage input (0 to 5V/0 to 10V). Standard control circuit	nal ON. Use <i>Pr</i> : 267 to switch from ting), 0 to 5VDC and 0 to 10VDC.	Permissil 20VDC Current in	istance $10k\Omega \pm 1k\Omega$ ble maximum voltage	
-			terminal model	model		n permissible current	
			Current input (initial status) Voltage input	Current input (initial status) Voltage input	Joinia.		
		Frequency setting					-
	5	common		cy setting signals (terminals 2 or 4). Do not e	earth (ground).	
٩	S1	Safe stop input (Channel 1) ∗	S1/S2 are safe stop signals for us approved external safety unit. Bot channel form. Inverter output is sl	th S1/S2 must be used in dual hutoff depending on shorting/	Input res	istance 4.7kW	
Safety stop			opening between S1 and PC, S2 In the initial status, terminal S1 an by shortening wire. Remove the shortening wire and	d S2 are shorted with terminal PC connect the safety relay module	Voltage v 21 to 26	when contacts are open	
Sa	S2	Safe stop input (Channel 2) ∗		on. vided on the safety stop function e Safety stop function instruction	4 to 6mA	DC	

Ту	ре	Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Description	
lal	Relay	A, B, C	Relay output (fault output)	1 changeover contact output indicates that the inverter fault occurs. Fault: discontinuity across B-C (continuity across A-C), Normal: cont across A-C) Contact capacity 230VAC 0.3A (power factor = 0.4) 30V	
utput signal	collector	RUN	Inverter running	The output is in LOW state when the inverter output frequency is equal to or higher than the starting frequency (initial value: 0.5Hz). The output is in HIGH state during stop or DC injection brake operation. *	Permissible load 24VDC (Maximum 27VDC) 0.1A (a voltage drop is 3.4V maximum when the signal is on)
circuit/output	Open colle	FU	Frequency detection	The output is in LOW state when the inverter output frequency is equal to or higher than the preset detection frequency, and is in HIGH state when it is less than the preset detection frequency. *	 An open collector transistor is ON (conductive) in LOW state. The transistor is OFF (not conductive) in HIGH state.
Control	•	SE	Open collector output common	Common terminal of terminal RUN and FU.	
ö	Pulse	FM	For meter	Select one e.g. output frequency from monitor items. (Not output during inverter reset.) The output signal is proportional to the magnitude of the corresponding monitoring item.	Permissible load current 1mA 1440 pulses/s at 60Hz
ication	Caucil	Ι	PU connector	With the PU connector, RS-485 communication can be made. · Conforming standard: EIA-485 (RS-485) · Transmission format · Communication speed: 4800 to 38400bps · Overall extension: 50	
Communication	000	_	USB connector	The FR Configurator can be operated by connecting the inverter to the Interface: conforms to USB1.1 • Connector: USB mini B connector (receptacle mini B type)	

Note

Note
Set Pr. 267 and a voltage/current input switch correctly, then input an analog signal in accordance with the setting. Applying a voltage with voltage/current input switch in "I" position (current input is selected) or a current with switch in "V" position (voltage input is selected) could cause component damage of the inverter or analog circuit of output devices.
The inverter will be damaged if power is applied to the inverter output terminals (U, V, W). Never perform such wiring.

indicates that terminal functions can be selected using *Pr. 178* to *Pr. 192 (I/O terminal function selection)*.
Terminal names and terminal functions are those of the factory set.
When connecting the DC power supply, be sure to connect the plus side of the power supply to terminal P/+ and minus side to terminal N/-. Opposite polarity will damage the inverter.

(2) FL remote communication model (NF), CC-Link communication model (NC)

Ту	ре	Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Description					
		R/L1, S/L2, T/L3	AC power input	Connect to the commercial power supply.	Features				
+	.	U, V, W	Inverter output	Connect a three-phase squirrel-cage motor.					
Main circuit		P/+, PR	Brake resistor connection	Connect a brake resistor (FR-ABR, MRS type, MYS type) across terminals P/+ and PR. (The brake resistor cannot be connected to the 0.1K or 0.2K.)	Connection example				
i.		P/+, N/-	Brake unit connection	Connect the brake unit (FR-BU2).	Coni				
Ň	Ĕ	P/+, P1	DC reactor connection	Remove the jumper across terminals P/+ and P1 and connect a DC reactor.					
			Earth (Ground)	For earthing (grounding) the inverter chassis. Must be earthed (grounded).	Standard				
	power supply	+24	24V external power supply	Even when the main circuit power supply is OFF, FL-net communication continues with the input from the 24V external power supply. Input current 0.7A or less	Outline S Dimension Spe Drawings				
	24V external power	SD	24V external power supply common terminal	Common terminal for the terminal +24	Terminal Connection Diagram Terminal Specification Exclanation				
uit	nction	S1	Safety stop input (Channel 1)	Terminal S1/S2 are safety stop signals for use with in conjunction with an approved external safety unit. Both terminal S1/S2 must be used in dual channel form. Inverter output is shutoff depending on shorting/opening between S1 and PC, S2 and PC.	Operation panel Parameter unit FR Configurator				
Control circuit	Safety stop function	S2	Safety stop input (Channel 2)	S1 and PC, S2 and PC.When contacts are short-In the initial status, terminal S1 and S2 are shorted with terminalCircuitedPC by shorting wire. Remove the shorting wire and connect the safety relay module when using the safety stop function.4 to 6mADC	Parameter List				
Col	Safet	PC	Safety stop input terminal common	mmon terminal for safety stop input terminals S1 and S2.					
			FL re	emote communication model (NF)	Explanations of Parameters				
			Open collector output Y0 (safety monitor output 2)	The output is switched to HIGH state to activate the safety stop function when the safety circuit fault (E.SAF) occurs. Otherwise, the output is in LOW state. *					
	ctor		CC-	Link communication model (NC) maximum when the signal is on)					
	Open collector	Y0	Open collector output Y0 (Inverter running)	The output is in LOW state when the inverter output frequency is equal to or higher than the starting frequency (initial value: 0.5Hz). The output is in HIGH state during stop or DC injection brake operation. * Use <i>Pr. 190 RX2 (terminal Y0) function selection</i> to change the					
		SE	Open collector output common	function assigned to the terminal. Common terminal of terminal Y0.	Options				
				FL remote communication model (NF)	(0				
	FL-net	FL remote	communication connector	With the FL remote communication connector, FL remote communication can be performed.	Instructions				
	L,			CC-Link communication model (NC)					
cation				Pin arrangement 5 4 3 2 1 CONA Pin number 5 4 3 2 1	Motor				
Communication	CC-Link	CONA CONB	CC-Link communication connector	CONB Signal name SLD NC DG DB DA One-touch connector for CC-Link communication Model name Manufacturer	Compatibility				
				Model name Manufacturer A6CON-L5P Mitsubishi Electric Corporation 35505-6000-B0M GF 3M Japan Limited					
		– 、Note	USB connector	The FR Configurator can be operated by connecting the inverter to the personal computer through USB. Interface: conforms to USB1.1 Transmission Speed: 12Mbps Connector: USB mini B connector (receptacle mini B type) 	Inquiry Warranty				



The inverter will be damaged if power is applied to the inverter output terminals (U, V, W). Never perform such wiring.
When connecting the DC power supply, be sure to connect the plus side of the power supply to terminal P/+ and minus side to terminal N/-. Opposite polarity will damage the inverter.

Explanation of the Operation Panel

The operation panel cannot be removed from the inverter.

Operation mode indicator *1

- PU: Lit to indicate PU operation mode. EXT: Lit to indicate External operation mode.
- (Lit at power-ON at initial setting.) NET: Lit to indicate Network operation mode.
- PU, EXT: Lit to indicate External/PU combined operation mode 1. 2.

These turn OFF when command source is not on operation panel.

Unit indicator

Hz: Lit to indicate frequency. (Flickers when the set frequency monitor is displayed.)

A: Lit to indicate current. (Both "Hz" and "A" turn OFF when other than the above is displayed.)

Monitor (4-digit LED)

Shows the frequency, parameter number, etc.

Setting dial

(Setting dial: Mitsubishi inverter dial) Used to change the frequency setting and parameter settings.

Press to display the following.

- Displays the set frequency in the monitor mode
- Present set value is displayed during calibration
- Displays the order in the faults history mode

Mode switchover

Used to change each setting mode.

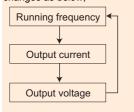
Pressing (PU) simultaneously changes

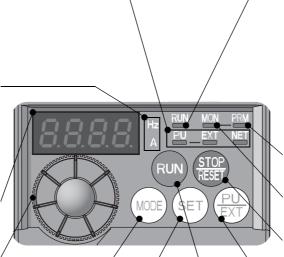
the operation mode. Pressing for a while (2s) can lock

operation.

Determination of each setting

If pressed during operation, monitor changes as below;





Operating status indicator

- Lit or flicker during inverter operation. *
- * Lit: When the forward rotation operation is being performed.
- Slow flickering (1.4s cycle):
 - When the reverse operation is being performed.
- Fast flickering (0.2s cycle):



- When (RUN) was pressed or the
- start command was given, but the operation cannot be made.
- When the frequency command is less than the starting frequency.
 When the MRS signal is input.

Parameter setting mode

Lit to indicate parameter setting mode.

Monitor indicator

Lit to indicate monitoring mode.

Stop operation

Used to stop Run command. Fault can be reset when protective function is activated (fault).

Operation mode switchover *1*2

Used to switch between the PU and External operation mode. When using the External operation mode (operation using a separately connected frequency setting potentiometer and start signal), press this key to light up the EXT indication.

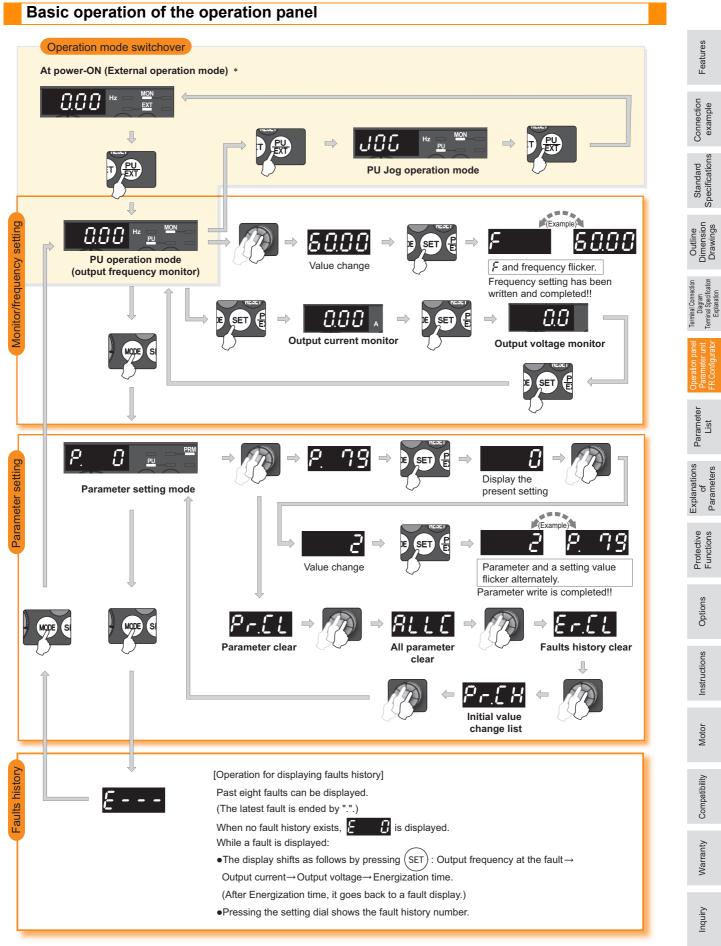
(Press (MODE) simultaneously (0.5s) or

change *Pr: 79* setting to change to combined mode.) PU: PU operation mode EXT: External operation mode Cancels PU stop also.

Start command

The rotation direction can be selected by setting *Pr. 40*.

- *1 The External operation mode cannot be selected for the FL remote communication model and the CC-Link communication model. (The EXT LED is OFF.) The NET LED turns ON at power-ON in the initial setting.
- *2 The operation is switched between the PU and NET modes for the FL remote communication model and the CC-Link communication model.



* The External operation mode cannot be selected for the FL remote communication model and the CC-Link communication model. (The EXT LED is OFF.) The NET LED turns ON at power-ON in the initial setting.

Parameter unit (FR-PU07), parameter unit with battery pack (FR-PU07BB(-L))

- The parameter unit is a convenient tool for inverter setting such as direct input method with a numeric keypad, operation status indication, and help function.
- Eight languages can be displayed.
- Parameter setting values of maximum of three inverters can be stored.
- With the FR-PU07BB(-L), parameter check and setting change can be made without connecting a power supply to the inverter. For the power supply, use AA nickel metal hydride batteries, AA alkaline batteries, or an AC adapter.
- Since the shape is specially designed for portable use, it is easy to work with the FR-PU07BB(-L) in hand.
- The parameter unit connection cable FR-CB20
 is required for connecting to the inverter. (Parameter unit connection cable FR-CB203(3m) is enclosed with FR-PU07BB(-L).)
- * To use a parameter unit with battery pack (FR-PU07BB) outside Japan, order a "FR-PU07BB-L" (parameter unit type indicated on the package has L at the end). Since enclosed batteries may conflict with laws in countries to be used (new EU Directive on batteries and accumulators, etc.), batteries are not enclosed with an FR-PU07BB-L.
- The parameter unit (FR-PU07 or FR-PU07BB) cannot be used for the FL remote communication model and the CC-Link communication model.

POWER lamp Lit when the power turns on.

Monitor

- Liquid crystal display
- (16 characters x 4 lines with backlight)
- Interactive parameter setting
- Trouble shooting guidance
- Monitor (frequency, current, power, etc.)

ALARM lamp

Lit to indicate an inverter alarm occurrence.

Operation keys

(Refer to the table on the right)





Battery indicator The color turns orange when the battery is low. Green: Normal condition Orange: Low battery (lasts 50min.)

FR-PU07BB(-L)

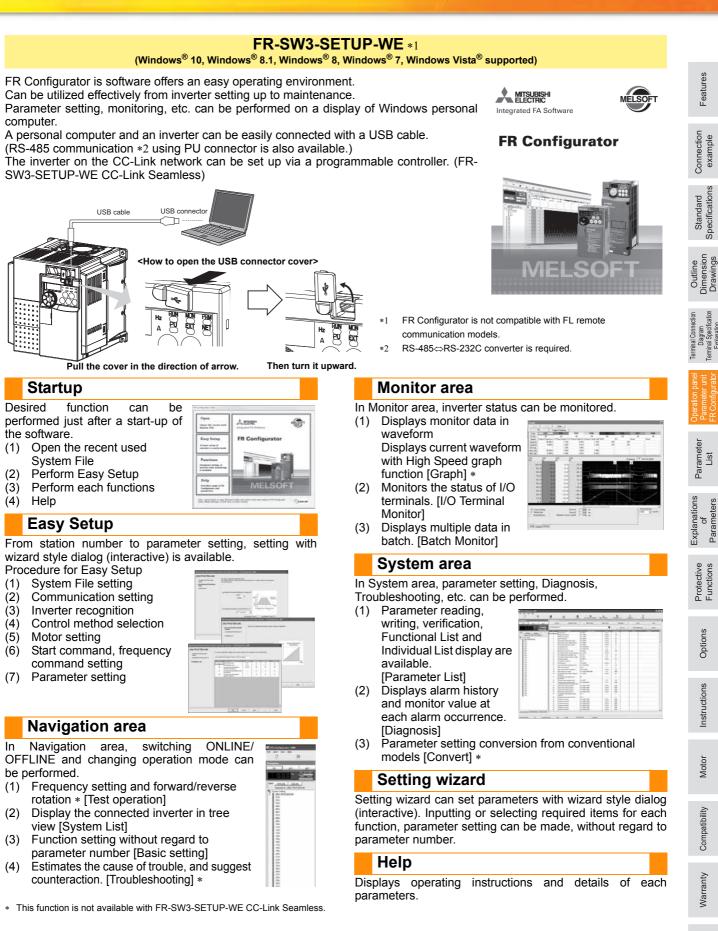
Main functions

Function	Description
Monitor	6 types of monitors appear by simply pressing (SHIFT).
	For PU operation mode and External/PU combined operation mode (Pr. 79 = "3"), frequency setting is available.
Frequency setting	Settings is performed by the direct setting, which sets frequency directly by (0) to (9), and the step setting, which
	sets frequency continuously by $(\blacktriangle) igvee$.
Parameter Setting	Reading parameter and changing setting values are easily done. To change the setting value of an parameter, specify
Farameter Setting	the parameter number, or select a parameter from the functional parameter list.
	FR-PU07 (PU07BB) reads parameter settings of an inverter, and stores three different parameter settings.
Batch copy	FR-PU07 (PU07BB) can also copy the stored parameter setting to another inverter of the same series, or verify its
	stored parameter setting against the parameter setting stored in an inverter.
Operation	Switching between External operation mode [EXT] and PU operation mode [PU] is easy.
Operation	Start/stop is enabled during PU operation mode and External/PU operation mode (Pr.79 = "3").

Available function differs by the inverter. Please refer to the instruction manual of the inverter and the parameter unit.

1	Key	Description
	\bigcirc	Use for parameter setting
	PrSET	Press to choose the parameter setting mode.
		First priority monitor is displayed.
	MON	In the initial setting, the output frequency is displayed.
	ESC	Operation cancel key
	(FUNC)	Used to display the function menu.
	FUNC	A variety of functions can be used on the function menu.
	SHIFT	Used to shift to the next item in the setting or monitoring mode.
	0 to 9	Used to enter a frequency, parameter number or set value.
	EXT	Inverter operates in the External operation mode.
	G	Used to select the PU operation mode to display the frequency setting screen.
		 Used to keep on increasing or decreasing the running frequency. Hold down to vary the frequency. Press either of these keys on the parameter setting mode screen to change the parameter setting value sequentially. On the selecting screen, these keys are used to move the cursor. Hold down (SHIFT) and press either of these keys to advance or return the display screen one page.
	FWD	Forward rotation command key.
	REV	Reverse rotation command key.
	STOP RESET	Stop command key.Used to reset the inverter when an alarm occurs.
	WRITE	 Used to write a set value in the setting mode. Used as a clear key in the all parameter clear or alarm history clear mode.
	READ	 Used as a decimal point when entering numerical value. Used as a parameter number read key in the setting mode. Used as an item select key on the menu screen such as parameter list or monitoring list. Used as an alarm definition display key in the alarm history display mode. Used as a command voltage read key in the calibration mode.

FR Configurator (INVERTER SETUP SOFTWARE)



FR-SW3-SETUP-WE is available for download (free of charge) from the below URL on the internet. FR Configurator SW3 (FR-SW3-SETUP-WE or FR-SW1-SETUP-WE) needs to be installed to the personal computer prior to updating the software. Also, user registration is required for the download (free of charge.) (Registration is free of charge.)

Homepage address www.MitsubishiElectric.co.jp/fa

FR-SW3-SETUP-WE (for 700 series) and FR-SW1-SETUP-WE (500 series) can be installed from the FR Configurator SW3.

Inquiry

Had III $E_{700 \, \text{series}}$

example

Specificatio

Parameter List

For simple variable-speed operation of the inverter, the initial setting of the parameters may be used as they are. Set the necessary parameters to meet the load and operational specifications. Parameter setting, change and check can be made from the operation panel. For details of parameters, refer to the instruction manual.

() **REMARKS**

•
 lindicates simple mode parameters. (initially set to extended mode)

• The shaded parameters in the table allow its setting to be changed during operation even if "0" (initial value) is set in *Pr. 77Parameter write selection.*

(The setting value of *Pr.* 77 cannot be changed via communication for the FL remote communication model or CC-Link communication model.)

Func- tion	Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Refer to Page	Customer Setting
	© 0	Torque boost	0 to 30%	0.1%	6/4/3/2% *1	40	
	© 1	Maximum frequency	0 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	120Hz	40	
	© 2	Minimum frequency	0 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	40	
(0	© 3	Base frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	40	
ions	© 4	Multi-speed setting (high speed)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	40	
Basic functions	© 5	Multi-speed setting (middle speed)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	30Hz	40	
c fu	© 6	Multi-speed setting (low speed)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	10Hz	40, 58	
asi	© 7	Acceleration time	0 to 3600/360s	0.1/0.01s	5/10/15s *2	41	
ш	© 8	Deceleration time	0 to 3600/360s	0.1/0.01s	5/10/15s *2	41	
	© 9	Electronic thermal O/L relay	0 to 500A	0.01A	Rated inverter current	41	
tion	10	DC injection brake operation frequency	0 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	3Hz	41	
DC injection brake	11	DC injection brake operation time	0 to 10s	0.1s	0.5s	41	
ğ	12	DC injection brake operation voltage	0 to 30%	0.1%	6/4/2% *3	41	
—	13	Starting frequency	0 to 60Hz	0.01Hz	0.5Hz	41	
—	14	Load pattern selection	0 to 3	1	0	42	
JOG operation	15	Jog frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	5Hz	42	
opei	16	Jog acceleration/deceleration time	0 to 3600/360s	0.1/0.01s	0.5s	42	
—	17	MRS input selection	0, 2, 4	1	0	42	
—	18	High speed maximum frequency	120 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	120Hz	40	
—	19	Base frequency voltage	0 to 1000V, 8888, 9999	0.1V	9999	40	
Acceleration/ deceleration time	20	Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency	1 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	41	
Accele decelera	21	Acceleration/deceleration time increments	0, 1	1	0	41	
Stall evention	22	Stall prevention operation level	0 to 200%	0.1%	150%	43	
Stall	23	Stall prevention operation level compensation factor at double speed	0 to 200%, 9999	0.1%	9999	43	
p	24	Multi-speed setting (speed 4)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	40	
pee	25	Multi-speed setting (speed 5)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	40	
Multi-speed setting	26	Multi-speed setting (speed 6)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	40	
Mul	27	Multi-speed setting (speed 7)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	40	
_	29	Acceleration/deceleration pattern selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	43	
_	30	Regenerative function selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	43, 46	
d	31	Frequency jump 1A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	44	
jum	32	Frequency jump 1B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	44	
Icy .	33	Frequency jump 2A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	44	
uer	34	Frequency jump 2B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	44	
Frequency jump	35	Frequency jump 3A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	44	
Ľ.	36	Frequency jump 3B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	44	

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Frequency detection			Setting Range	Setting Increments	Initial Value	Refer to Page	Customer Setting	
tion						•		Features
lency tion	37	Speed display	0, 0.01 to 9998	0.001	0	44		Feat
lency stion	40	RUN key rotation direction selection	0, 1	1	0	44		
E E	41	Up-to-frequency sensitivity	0 to 100%	0.1%	10%	44		5 0
	42	Output frequency detection	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	6Hz	44		onnectior example
Frec	43	Output frequency detection for reverse rotation	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	44		Connection example
su	44	Second acceleration/deceleration time	0 to 3600/360s	0.1/0.01s	5/10/15s *2	41		Su
ctio	45	Second deceleration time	0 to 3600/360s, 9999	0.1/0.01s	9999	41		dard
Second functions	46	Second torque boost	0 to 30%, 9999	0.1%	9999	40		Standard Specifications
pu	47	Second V/F (base frequency)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	40		S, ad
00	48	Second stall prevention operation current	0 to 200%, 9999	0.1%	9999	43, 58		5
Š	51	Second electronic thermal O/L relay	0 to 500A, 9999	0.01A	9999	41		ine 1sior ings
su	52	DU/PU main display data selection	0, 5, 7 to 12, 14, 20, 23 to 25, 52 to 57, 61, 62, 100	1	0	45		Outline Dimension Drawings
Monitor functions	54 *12*13	FM terminal function selection	1 to 3, 5, 7 to 12, 14, 21, 24, 52, 53, 61, 62	1	1	45		Terminal Connection Diagram Terminal Specification Explanation
tor	55 *12*13	Frequency monitoring reference	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	45		ermina D Exp
Moni	56 *12*13	Current monitoring reference	0 to 500A	0.01A	Rated inverter	45		Operation panel ^T Parameter unit _T FR Configurator
estart IS	57	Restart coasting time	0, 0.1 to 5s, 9999	0.1s	current 9999	46		
Automatic restart functions	58	Restart cushion time	0 to 60s	0.1s	1s	46		Parameter List
_	59	Remote function selection	0, 1, 2, 3	1	0	47		ons
	60	Energy saving control selection	0.9	1	0	47		natio of mete
ation	61	Reference current	0 to 500A, 9999	0.01A	9999	47		Expla
matic acceleration deceleration	62	Reference value at acceleration	0 to 200%, 9999	1%	9999	47		Protective Functions
Automat /de	63	Reference value at deceleration	0 to 200%, 9999	1%	9999	47		Options
—	65	Retry selection	0 to 5	1	0	48		ğ
—	66	Stall prevention operation reduction starting frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	43		suc
	67	Number of retries at fault occurrence	0 to 10, 101 to 110	1	0	48		Instructions
Retry	68	Retry waiting time	0.1 to 360s	0.1s	1s	48		nstru
с	69	Retry count display erase	0	1	0	48		_
—	70	Special regenerative brake duty	0 to 30%	0.1%	0%	43		
—	71	Applied motor	0, 1, 3 to 6, 13 to 16, 23, 24, 40, 43, 44, 50, 53, 54	1	0	48		Motor
	72	PWM frequency selection	0 to 15	1	1	49		
	73 *12*13	Analog input selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1	1	49		lity
—	74 *12*13	Input filter time constant	0 to 8	1	1	49		atibil
-	75	Reset selection/disconnected PU detection/PU stop selection	0 to 3, 14 to 17	1	14	49		Compatibility
_	77 *11	Parameter write selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	49		>
	78	Reverse rotation prevention selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	49		Warranty
_	© 79 *12	Operation mode selection	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7	1	0	50		Varı

Inquiry

Func- tion	Parameter	Name	Setting Range		Initial Value	Refer to Page	Customer Setting
	80	Motor capacity	0.1 to 15kW, 9999	0.01kW	9999	51	
	81	Number of motor poles	2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 9999	1	9999	51	
	82	Motor excitation current	0 to 500A (0 to ****), 9999 *5	0.01A (1) *5	9999	51	
	83	Rated motor voltage	0 to 1000V	0.1V	200V/400V *4	51	
	84	Rated motor frequency	10 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	51	
		Speed control gain (Advanced					
ts	89	magnetic flux vector)	0 to 200%, 9999	0.1%	9999	51	
Motor constants	90	Motor constant (R1)	0 to 50Ω (0 to ****) , 9999 *5	0.001Ω (1) *5	9999	51	
Motor (91	Motor constant (R2)	0 to 50Ω (0 to ****) , 9999 *5	0.001Ω (1) *5	9999	51	
	92	Motor constant (L1)/d-shaft inductance	0 to 1000mH (0 to 50Ω, 0 to ****), 9999 *5	0.1mH (0.001Ω, 1) *5	9999	51	
	93	Motor constant (L2)/q-shaft inductance	0 to 1000mH (0 to 50Ω, 0 to ****) , 9999 *5	0.1mH (0.001Ω, 1) *5	9999	51	
	94	Motor constant (X)	0 to 100% (0 to 500Ω, 0 to ****) , 9999 *5	0.1% (0.01Ω, 1) *5	9999	51	
	96	Auto tuning setting/status	0, 1, 11, 21	1	0	51	
Ч	117 *12*13	PU communication station number	0 to 31 (0 to 247)	1	0	52	
cati	118 *12*13	PU communication speed	48, 96, 192, 384	1	192	52	
nnic	119 *12*13	PU communication stop bit length	0, 1, 10, 11	1	1	52	
i Lu	120 *12*13	PU communication parity check	0, 1, 2	1	2	52	
con	121 *12*13	Number of PU communication retries	0 to 10, 9999	1	1	52	
tor	122 *12*13	PU communication check time interval	0, 0.1 to 999.8s, 9999	0.1s	0	52	
lect	123 *12*13	PU communication waiting time setting	0 to 150ms, 9999	1	9999	52	
PU connector communication	124 *12*13	PU communication CR/LF selection	0, 1, 2	1	1	52	
_	@ 125 *12	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency/frequency setting gain frequency *15	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	53	
—	© 126 *12*13	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	53	
	127 *12	PID control automatic switchover frequency	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	53	
PID operation	128 *12	PID action selection	0, 20, 21, 40 to 43, 50, 51, 60, 61	1	0	53	
era.	129 *12	PID proportional band	0.1 to 1000%, 9999	0.1%	100%	53	
do	130 *12	PID integral time	0.1 to 3600s, 9999	0.1s	1s	53	
	131 *12	PID upper limit	0 to 100%, 9999	0.1%	9999	53	
4	132 *12	PID lower limit	0 to 100%, 9999	0.1%	9999	53	
	133 *12*13	PID action set point	0 to 100%, 9999	0.01%	9999	53	
	134 *12	PID differential time	0.01 to 10.00s, 9999	0.01s	9999	53	
Ы	145 *12*13	PU display language selection	0 to 7	1	0	53	
—	146 *8*12*13	Built-in potentiometer switching	0, 1	1	1	53	
_	147	Acceleration/deceleration time switching frequency	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	41	
	150	Output current detection level	0 to 200%	0.1%	150%	54	
Current detection	151	Output current detection signal delay time	0 to 10s	0.1s	0s	54	
CL	152	Zero current detection level	0 to 200%	0.1%	5%	54	
	153	Zero current detection time	0 to 1s	0.01s	0.5s	54	
_	154	Voltage reduction selection during stall prevention operation	1, 11	1	1	43	
	156	Stall prevention operation selection	0 to 31, 100, 101	1	0	43	
	157	OL signal output timer	0 to 25s, 9999	0.1s	0s	43	
			,	0.10	~~~		1

REGREE $E_{700 \text{ series}}$

Func- tion	Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Refer to Page	Customer Setting	ŵ
_	161	Frequency setting/key lock operation selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1	0	54		Features
Automatic restart functions	162	Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1	1	46		Connection example
Automati	165	Stall prevention operation level for restart	0 to 200%	0.1%	150%	46		
	168 169	Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do	not set.					Standard Specifications
Cumulative monitor clear	170	Watt-hour meter clear	0, 10, 9999	1	9999	45		Outline Dimension Drawings
Cumu monito	171	Operation hour meter clear	0, 9999	1	9999	45		
L 0.	172	User group registered display/batch clear	9999, (0 to 16)	1	0	54		onnecti am ecificat ation
User group	173	User group registration	0 to 999, 9999	1	9999	54		Terminal Connection Diagram Terminal Specification Explanation
9 ر	174	User group clear	0 to 999, 9999	1	9999	54		Tern Tern
	178 *12*13	STF terminal function selection	0 to 5, 7, 8, 10, 12, 14 to 16, 18, 24, 25, 60, 62, 65 to 67, 9999	1	60	55		Operation panel Parameter unit FR Configurator
Input terminal function assignment	179 *12*13	STR terminal function selection	0 to 5, 7, 8, 10, 12, 14 to 16, 18, 24, 25, 61, 62, 65 to 67, 9999	1	61	55		
tion as	180 *12	RL terminal function selection/RY4 function selection *15	0 to 5, 7, 8, 10, 12, 14 to 16, 18, 24, 25, 62, 65 to 67, 9999	1	0	55		Parameter List
al func	181 *12	RM terminal function selection/RY3 function selection *15		1	1	55		
t termin	182 *12	RH terminal function selection/RY2 function selection *15		1	2	55		Explanations of Parameters
Input	183 *12	MRS terminal function selection/RY9 function selection *15		1	24	55		
	184 *12	RES terminal function selection/RYB function selection *15		1	62	55		Protective Functions
nment	190 *12	RUN terminal function selection/RX2 (terminal Y0) function selection *15	0, 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 11 to 16, 20, 25, 26, 46, 47, 64, 68 *7, 80 *6, 81 *6, 90, 91, 93, 95, 96, 98, 99, 100, 101, 103, 104, 107, 108,	1	0	55		Options
unction assign	191 *12	FU terminal function selection/RX6 function selection *15	111 to 116, 120, 125, 126, 146, 147, 164, 168 *7, 180 *6, 181 *6, 190, 191, 193, 195, 196, 198, 199, 9999	1	4	55		Instructions
Output terminal function assignment	192 *12	A,B,C terminal function selection/RX7 function selection *15	0, 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 11 to 16, 20, 25, 26, 46, 47, 64, 68 *7, 80 *6, 81 *6, 90, 91, 95, 96, 98, 99, 100, 101, 103, 104, 107, 108, 111 to 116, 120, 125,	1	99	55		Motor
õ			126, 146, 147, 164, 168*7, 180 *6, 181 *6, 190, 191, 195, 196, 198, 199, 9999					Compatibility
	232 *12	Multi-speed setting (speed 8)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	40		
Multi-speed setting	233 *12	Multi-speed setting (speed 9)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	40		Jty
set	234 *12	Multi-speed setting (speed 10)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	40		Warranty
ed	235 *12	Multi-speed setting (speed 11)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	40		Š
spe	236 *12	Multi-speed setting (speed 12)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	40		
ulti-	237 *12	Multi-speed setting (speed 13)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	40		∠
Σ	238 *12	Multi-speed setting (speed 14)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	40		Inquiry
	239 *12 240	Multi-speed setting (speed 15) Soft-PWM operation selection	0 to 400Hz, 9999 0, 1	0.01Hz 1	<u>9999</u> 1	40 49		-
						_		
—	241 *12*13	Analog input display unit switchover	0, 1	1	0	53		l

Func- tion	Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Refer to Page	Customer Setting
_	244	Cooling fan operation selection	0, 1	1	1	56	
ition	245	Rated slip	0 to 50%, 9999	0.01%	9999	56	
Slip compensation	246	Slip compensation time constant	0.01 to 10s	0.01s	0.5s	56	
com	247	Constant-power range slip compensation selection	0, 9999	1	9999	56	
—	249	Earth (ground) fault detection at start	0, 1	1	0	56	
_	250	Stop selection	0 to 100s, 1000 to 1100s, 8888, 9999	0.1s	9999	56	
—	251	Output phase loss protection selection	0, 1	1	1	56	
sis	255	Life alarm status display	(0 to 15)	1	0	57	
sou	256	Inrush current limit circuit life display	(0 to 100%)	1%	100%	57	
Life diagnosis	257	Control circuit capacitor life display	(0 to 100%)	1%	100%	57	
feo	258	Main circuit capacitor life display	(0 to 100%)	1%	100%	57	
Ē	259	Main circuit capacitor life measuring	0, 1 (2, 3, 8, 9)	1	0	57	
Power failure stop	261	Power failure stop selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	57	
—	267 *12*13	Terminal 4 input selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	49	
—	268	Monitor decimal digits selection	0, 1, 9999	1	9999	45	
_	269	Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do	not set.				
—	270	Stop-on contact control selection	0, 1	1	0	58	
-on tact trol	275	Stop-on contact excitation current low- speed multiplying factor	0 to 300%, 9999	0.1%	9999	58	
Stop-on contact control	276	PWM carrier frequency at stop-on contact	0 to 9, 9999	1	9999	58	
_	277	Stall prevention operation current switchover	0, 1	1	0	43	
е,	278 *12	Brake opening frequency	0 to 30Hz	0.01Hz	3Hz	58	
enc	279 *12	Brake opening current	0 to 200%	0.1%	130%	58	
equ	280 *12	Brake opening current detection time	0 to 2s	0.1s	0.3s	58	
ke sequence function	281 *12	Brake operation time at start	0 to 5s	0.1s	0.3s	58	
Brak	282 *12	Brake operation frequency	0 to 30Hz	0.01Hz	6Hz	58	
8	283 *12	Brake operation time at stop	0 to 5s	0.1s	0.3s	58	
rol rol	286	Droop gain	0 to 100%	0.1%	0%	59	
Droop control	287	Droop filter time constant	0 to 1s	0.01s	0.3s	59	
_	292	Automatic acceleration/deceleration	0, 1, 7, 8, 11	1	0	47, 58	
—	293	Acceleration/deceleration separate selection	0 to 2	1	0	47	
—	295	Magnitude of frequency change setting	0, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10	0.01	0	54	
vord	296	Password lock level	0 to 6, 99, 100 to 106, 199, 9999	1	9999	59	
Password function	297	Password lock/unlock	(0 to 5), 1000 to 9998, 9999	1	9999	59	
—	298	Frequency search gain	0 to 32767, 9999	1	9999	51	
_	299	Rotation direction detection selection at restarting	0, 1, 9999	1	0	46	

REGROL $E_{700 \, series}$

Func- tion	Parameter	Name	Name Setting Range		Initial Value	Refer to Page	Customer Setting	Q
ction	@ 313 *14	RX9 function selection	0, 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 11 to 16, 20, 25, 26, 46, 47, 64, 68, 80, 81, 90, 91, 93,	1	9999	-		Features
Output terminal function assignment	@ 314 *14	RXA function selection	95, 96, 98, 99, 100, 101, 103, 104, 107, 108, 111 to 116, 120, 125,	1	9999	_		Connection example
Output a	@ 315 *14	RXB function selection	126, 146, 147, 164, 168, 180, 181, 190, 191, 193, 195, 196, 198, 199, 9999	1	9999	_		Standard Specifications
RS-485 communication	338 *12*13	Communication operation command source	0, 1	1	0	60		Outline Dimension Drawings
485 nica	339 *12*13	Communication speed command source	0, 1, 2	1	0	60		Dray
RS-485 Imunica	340 *12*13	Communication startup mode selection	0, 1, 10	1	0	50		
moc	342 *12	Communication EEPROM write selection	0, 1	1	0	52		ection
	343 *12*13	Communication error count	—	1	0	52		al Conn iagram
_	@ 349 *14	Communication reset selection	0, 1	1	0	_		Terminal Connection Diagram Terminal Specification
Second motor constant	450	Second applied motor	0, 1, 9999	1	9999	48		er Operation panel Parameter unit FR Configurator
	495 *12	Remote output selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1	0	60		Parameter List
put	496 *12	Remote output data 1	0 to 4095	1	0	60		Ъа
Output		•						<u>s</u>
	497 *12*13	Remote output data 2	0 to 4095	1	0	60		ation
n error	© 500 *14	Communication error execution waiting time	0 to 999.8s	0.1s	0s	-		Explanations of Parameters
Communication error	(◎) 501 ∗16	Communication error occurrence count display	0	1	0	_		Protective Functions
Comm	502 *12	Stop mode selection at communication error	0, 1, 2, 3	1	0	52		
Maintenance	503	Maintenance timer	0 (1 to 9998)	1	0	60		Options
Mainte	504	Maintenance timer alarm output set time	0 to 9998, 9999	1	9999	60		tions
Ŷ	◎ 541 ∗14	Frequency command sign selection (CC-Link)	0, 1	1	0	_		Instructions
CC-Link	◎ 542 ∗14	Communication station number (CC- Link)	1 to 64	1	1	_		Motor
5	© 543 *14	Baud rate selection (CC-Link)	0 to 4	1	0	—		Mo
	© 544 *14	CC-Link extended setting	0, 1, 12, 14, 18	1	0	—		
ßB	547 *12	USB communication station number	0 to 31	1	0	61		lity
USB	548 *12	USB communication check time interval	0 to 999.8s, 9999	0.1s	9999	61		atibil
ation	549 *12*13	Protocol selection	0, 1	1	0	52		Compatibility
Communication	550 *12*13	NET mode operation command source selection	0, 2, 9999	1	9999	60		Warranty
Com	551 *12	PU mode operation command source selection	2 to 4, 9999	1	9999	60		War
ge	555 *12	Current average time	0.1 to 1.0s	0.1s	1s	61		
era	556 *12	Data output mask time	0 to 20s	0.1s	0s	61		Inquiry
Current average time monitor	557 *12	Current average value monitor signal output reference current	0 to 500A	0.01A	Rated inverter current	61		lng

Func- tion	Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Refer to Page	Customer Setting
—	563	Energization time carrying-over times	(0 to 65535)	1	0	45	
	564	Operating time carrying-over times	(0 to 65535)	1	0	45	
—	571	Holding time at a start	0 to 10s, 9999	0.1s	9999	41	
_	611	Acceleration time at a restart	0 to 3600s, 9999	0.1s	9999	46	
_	653	Speed smoothing control	0 to 200%	0.1%	0	61	
	665	Regeneration avoidance frequency gain	0 to 200%	0.1%	100	61	
_	800	Control method selection	20, 30	1	20	51	
_	859	Torque current	0 to 500A (0 to ****) , 9999 *5	0.01A (1) *5	9999	51	
Protective functions	872 *10	Input phase loss protection selection	0, 1	1	1	56	
ance	882	Regeneration avoidance operation selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	61	
Regeneration avoidance function	883	Regeneration avoidance operation level	300 to 800V	0.1V	400VDC/ 780VDC *4	61	
neratio func	885	Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value	0 to 10Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	6Hz	61	
Rege	886	Regeneration avoidance voltage gain	0 to 200%	0.1%	100%	61	
Free parameter	888	Free parameter 1	0 to 9999	1	9999	61	
Fı para	889	Free parameter 2	0 to 9999	1	9999	61	
	C0 (900) *9*12*13	FM terminal calibration Terminal 2 frequency setting bias	_	_	_	62	
	C2 (902) *9*12 frequency/frequency setting bias frequency *15		0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	53	
	C3 (902) *9*12*13	Terminal 2 frequency setting bias	0 to 300%	0.1%	0%	53	
	125 (903) Terminal 2 frequency setting gain *9*12 frequency/frequency setting gain frequency *15 frequency *15		0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	53	
ស	C4 (903) *9*12*13	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain	0 to 300%	0.1%	100%	53	
amete	C5 (904) *9*12*13	Terminal 4 frequency setting bias frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	53	
ion par	C6 (904) *9*12*13	Terminal 4 frequency setting bias	0 to 300%	0.1%	20%	53	
Calibration parameters	126 (905) *9*12*13	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	53	
0	C7 (905) *9*12*13	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain	0 to 300%	0.1%	100%	53	
	C22 (922) *8*9*12*13	Frequency setting voltage bias frequency (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0	53	
	C23 (922) *8*9*12*13	Frequency setting voltage bias (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 300%	0.1%	0	53	
	C24 (923) *8*9*12*13	Frequency setting voltage gain frequency (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	53	
	C25 (923) *8*9*12*13	Frequency setting voltage gain (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 300%	0.1%	100%	53	
	990 *12*13	PU buzzer control	0, 1	1	1	62	
PU	991 *12*13	PU contrast adjustment	0 to 63	1	58	62	

HERIOL E_{700} series

Func- tion	Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Refer to Page	Customer Setting
ers e list	Pr.CL	Parameter clear	0, 1	1	0	62	
parameters ue change	ALLC	All parameter clear	0, 1	1	0	62	
ar val	Er.CL	Faults history clear	0, 1	1	0	62	
Cle Initial	Pr.CH	Initial value change list	—	_	_	62	

*1 Differ according to capacities. 6%: 0.75K(SC) or less

4%: 1.5K(SC) to 3.7K(SC) 3%: 5.5K(SC), 7.5K(SC)

- 2%: 11K(SC), 15K(SC)
- *2 Differ according to capacities. 5s: 3.7K(SC) or less 10s: 5.5K(SC), 7.5K(SC) 15s: 11K(SC), 15K(SC)
- *3 Differ according to capacities.
 6%: 0.1K(SC), 0.2K(SC)
 4%: 0.4K(SC) to 7.5K(SC)
 2%: 11K(SC), 15K(SC)
- *4 $\,$ The initial value differs according to the voltage class. (100V, 200V class/400V class)
- *5 The range differs according to the *Pr.* 71 setting.
- *6 The setting is available for the safety stop function model and CC-Link communication model.
- *7 The setting is available for the safety stop function model (with the FR-E7DS) and CC-Link communication model.
- *8 Set this parameter when calibrating the operation panel built-in potentiometer for the FR-E500 series operation panel (PA02) connected with cable.
- *9 The parameter number in parentheses is the one for use with the operation panel (PA02) for the FR-E500 series or parameter unit (FR-PU07).
- *10 Available only for the three-phase power input model.
- *11 The setting cannot be changed via communication for the FL remote communication model or CC-Link communication model.
- *12 This parameter in the FL remote communication model is for manufacturer setting. Do not set.
- *13 This parameter in the CC-Link communication model is for manufacturer setting. Do not set.
- *14 The parameter can be set only for the CC-Link communication model. For details, refer to the Instruction Manual of the CC-Link communication model inverter.
- *15 The parameter name differs depending on the control circuit terminal specification of the inverter. (The parameter name before the slash mark is for the standard control circuit terminal model and safety stop function model, and that after the slash mark is for the CC-Link communication model.) For details, refer to the Instruction Manual of the CC-Link communication model inverter.
- *16 The parameter can be set for the FL remote communication model and CC-Link communication model. (The parameter is one of the simple mode parameters for the CC-Link communication model.) For details, refer to the Instruction Manual of the CC-Link communication model inverter or FL remote communication model inverter.

Warranty

Compatibility

Explanations of Parameters

The abbreviations in the explanations below indicate V/F control, ADMEVC ...advanced magnetic flux vector control, GPMEVC ...general-purpose magnetic flux vector control. (Parameters without any indication are valid for all control)

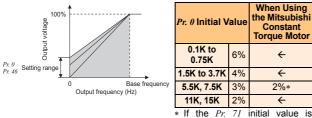
Manual torque boost

Pr. 0 Torque boost

You can compensate for a voltage drop in the low-frequency region to improve motor torque reduction in the low-speed region.

Pr. 46 Second torque boost

- Motor torque in the low-frequency range can be adjusted to the load to increase the starting motor torque.
- Two kinds of starting torque boost can be switched by using RT signal.
- This function is valid for V/F control only.



If the Pr, /1 initial value is changed to the setting for use with a constant-torque motor, the Pr. 0 setting changes to the corresponding value in the above table.

Pr. 2 Minimum frequency

<mark>- Pr.</mark> 1, 2, 18

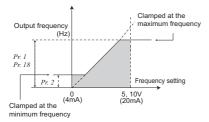
Maximum/minimum frequency

Pr. 1 Maximum frequency Pr. 18 High speed maximum frequency

Motor speed can be limited.

- Clamp the upper and lower limits of the output frequency.
- To perform operation above 120Hz, set the maximum output frequency in *Pr. 18.*

(When Pr. 18 is set, Pr. 1 is automatically changed to the frequency set in Pr. 18. Also, when Pr. 1 is set, Pr. 18 is automatically changed to the frequency set in Pr. 1.)



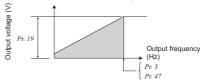
Pr. 3, 19, 47

Base frequency, voltage

 Pr. 3 Base frequency
 Pr. 19 Base frequency voltage

 Pr. 47 Second V/F (base frequency)

- Used to adjust the inverter outputs (voltage, frequency) to the motor rating.
- When running the standard motor, generally set the rated frequency of the motor in *Pr. 3 Base frequency*. When running the motor using electronic bypass operation, set *Pr. 3* to the same value as the power supply frequency.
- When you want to change the base frequency when switching two types of motors with one inverter, use the Pr. 47 Second V/F (base frequency).
- Use *Pr. 19 Base frequency voltage* to set the base voltage (e.g. rated motor voltage).
- This function is valid for V/F control only.



Pr. 4 to 6, 24 to 27, 232 to 239

Multi-speed setting operation

Pr. 4 Multi-speed setting (high speed)	Pr. 5Multi-
Pr. 6 Multi-speed setting (low speed)	Pr. 24 Mult
Pr. 25 Multi-speed setting (speed 5)	Pr. 26 Mult
Pr. 27 Multi-speed setting (speed 7)	Pr. 232 Mu
Pr. 233 Multi-speed setting (speed 9)	Pr. 234 Mu
Pr. 235 Multi-speed setting (speed 11)	Pr. 236 Mu
Pr. 237 Multi-speed setting (speed 13)	Pr. 238 Mu
Pr. 239 Multi-speed setting (speed 15)	

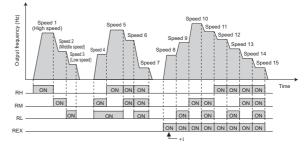
Pr. 5Multi-speed setting (middle speed) Pr. 24 Multi-speed setting (speed 4) Pr. 26 Multi-speed setting (speed 6) Pr. 232 Multi-speed setting (speed 8) Pr. 234 Multi-speed setting (speed 10) Pr. 236 Multi-speed setting (speed 12)

Pr. 238 Multi-speed setting (speed 14)

Can be used to change the preset speed in the parameter with the contact signals.

Any speed can be selected by merely turning on-off the contact signals (RH, RM, RL, REX signals).

- Operation is performed at the frequency set in *Pr. 4* when the RH signal turns on, *Pr. 5* when the RM signal turns on, and *Pr. 6* when the RL signal turns on.
- Frequency from 4 speed to 15 speed can be set according to the combination of the RH, RM, RL and REX signals. Set the running frequencies in *Pr. 24* to *Pr. 27, Pr. 232* to *Pr. 239* (In the initial value setting, speed 4 to speed 15 are unavailable)



*1 When "9999" is set in Pr. 232 Multi-speed setting (speed 8), operation is performed at frequency set in Pr. 6 when RH, RM and RL are turned OFF and REX is turned ON.

Pr. 7, 8, 20, 21, 44, 45, 147

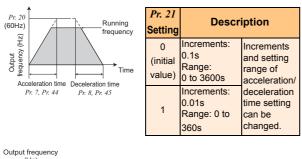
Acceleration/deceleration time setting

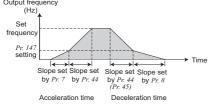
Pr. 7 Acceleration time	Pr. 8 Deceleration time
Pr. 20 Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency	Pr. 21 Acceleration/deceleration time increments
Pr. 44 Second acceleration/deceleration time	Pr. 45 Second deceleration time
Pr. 147 Acceleration/deceleration time switchin	ng frequency

Used to set motor acceleration/deceleration time.

Set a larger value for a slower speed increase/decrease or a smaller value for a faster speed increase/decrease.

- Use Pr. 7 Acceleration time to set the acceleration time to reach Pr. 20 Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency from OHz
- Use Pr. 8 Deceleration time to set the deceleration time taken to reach 0Hz from Pr. 20 Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency.
- When RT signal is off, automatic switching of the acceleration/ deceleration time is available with Pr. 147.





9, 51

Motor protection from overheat (electronic thermal relay function)

Pr. 9 Electronic thermal O/L relay Pr. 51 Second electronic thermal O/L relay

Set the current of the electronic thermal relay function to protect the motor from overheat. This feature provides the optimum protective characteristics, including reduced motor cooling capability, at low speed.

- This function detects the overload (overheat) of the motor, stops the operation of the inverter's output transistor, and stops the output.
- Set the rated current [A] of the motor in Pr. 9. (If the motor has both 50Hz and 60Hz rating and the Pr. 3 Base frequency is set to 60Hz, set the 1.1 times of the 60Hz rated motor current.)
- Set "0" in Pr. 9 to make the electronic thermal relay function invalid when using a motor with an external thermal relay, etc. (Note that the output transistor protection of the inverter functions (E.THT).)
- · When using a Mitsubishi constant-torque motor
 - 1) Set any of "1, 13 to 16, 50, 53, 54" in Pr. 71. (This provides a 100% continuous torque characteristic in the low-speed range.) 2) Set the rated current of the motor in Pr. 9.
- When the RT signal is on, thermal protection is provided based on the Pr. 51 setting.

Use this function when running two motors of different rated currents individually by a single inverter. (When running two motors together, use external thermal relays.)

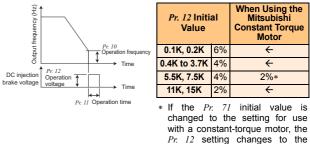
10 to 12

DC injection brake

Pr. 10 DC injection brake operation frequency Pr. 11 DC injection brake operation time Pr. 12 DC injection brake operation voltage

The DC injection brake can be operated at a motor stop to adjust the stop timing and braking torque.

When 0 is set in Pr. 11 or Pr. 12, DC injection brake is not performed.



0.014, 1.014	170	270
11K, 15K	2%	÷
changed f with a con Pr. 12 se	to th stan tting	initial value is se setting for use t-torque motor, the changes to the value in the above

13, 571

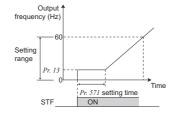
Pr. 13 Starting frequency

Starting frequency

Pr. 571 Holding time at a start

You can set the starting frequency and hold the set starting frequency for a certain period of time.

Set these functions when you need the staring torque or want smooth motor drive at a start.



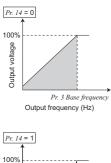
Pr. 14

V/F pattern matching applications

V/F

Pr. 14 Load pattern selection

You can select the optimum output characteristic (V/F characteristic) for the application and load characteristics. This function is valid for V/F control only.



voltage

Output

Constant-torque load application (setting "0", initial value)
At or less than the base frequency, the

output voltage varies linearly with the output frequency.

 Set this value when driving the load whose load torque is constant even if the speed varies, e.g. conveyor, cart or roll drive.

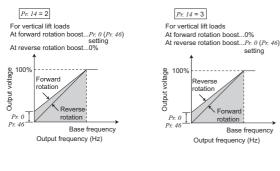
 Variable-torque load application (setting "1")

- At or less than the base frequency, the output voltage varies with the output frequency in a square curve.
- Set this value when driving the load whose load torque varies in proportion to the square of the speed, e.g. fan or pump.
- Constant-torque load application (setting "2, 3")

Pr. 3 Base frequen

Output frequency (Hz)

- Set "2" when a vertical lift load is fixed as power driving load at forward rotation and regenerative load at reverse rotation.
- Pr. 0 Torque boost is valid during forward rotation and torque boost is automatically changed to "0%" during reverse rotation. Pr. 46 Second torque boost is valid when the RT signal turns ON.
- Set "3" for an elevated load that is in the driving mode during reverse rotation and in the regenerative load mode during forward rotation according to the load weight, e.g. counterweight system.
- To assign the RT signal to a terminal, set "3" in any of *Pr. 178* to *184* (input terminal function selection).



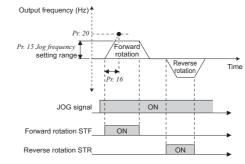
Pr. 15, 16

Jog operation

Pr. 15 Jog frequency Pr. 16 Jog acceleration/deceleration time

You can set the frequency and acceleration/deceleration time for jog operation. Jog operation can be performed from either of the external or the PU operation mode.

Can be used for conveyor positioning, test operation, etc.



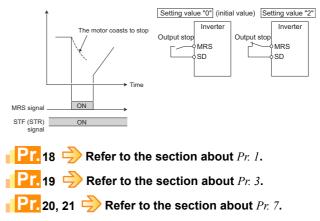
Pr. 17

Logic selection of output stop signal (MRS)

Pr. 17 MRS input selection

The inverter output can be shut off by the MRS signal. Also, logic for the MRS signal can be selected.

When *Pr. 17* is set to "4", the MRS signal from external terminal (output stop) can be changed to the normally closed (NC contact) input, and the MRS signal from communication can be changed to the normally open (NO contact) input.



Features

Connection example

Specifications

Dimension

Diagram

Operation panel Parameter unit FR Configurator

Parameter List

Protective Functions

Options

Instructions

Motor

Compatibility

Warranty

Inquiry

Standard

Pr. 22, 23, 48, 66, 154, 156, 157, 277

Stall prevention operation

Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level	<i>Pr. 23 Stall prevention operation level</i> <i>compensation factor at double speed</i>
Pr. 48 Second stall prevention	Pr. 66 Stall prevention operation
operation current	reduction starting frequency
Pr. 154 Voltage reduction selection	Pr. 156 Stall prevention operation
during stall prevention operation	selection
Pr. 157 OL signal output timer	<i>Pr. 277 Stall prevention operation</i> <i>current switchover</i>

This function monitors the output current and automatically changes the output frequency to prevent the inverter from coming to trips stop due to overcurrent, overvoltage, etc. It can also limit stall prevention and fast-response current limit operation during acceleration/deceleration, driving or regeneration.

In addition, torque limit which limits the output torque to the predetermined value can be selected.

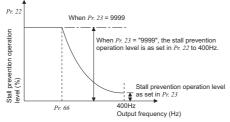
Stall prevention

If the output current exceeds the stall prevention operation level, the output frequency of the inverter is automatically varied to reduce the output current.

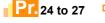
- Fast-response current limit
- If the current exceeds the limit value, the output of the inverter is shut off to prevent an overcurrent.
- Set in Pr. 22 the percentage of the output current to the rated inverter current at which stall prevention operation will be performed. Normally set this parameter to 150% (initial value).
- During high-speed operation above the rated motor frequency, acceleration may not be made because the motor current does not increase. If operation is performed in a high frequency range, the current at motor lockup becomes smaller than the rated output current of the inverter, and the protective function (OL) is not executed even if the motor is at a stop.

To improve the operating characteristics of the motor in this case, the stall prevention level can be reduced in the high frequency range. This function is effective for performing operation up to the high-speed range on a centrifugal separator etc. Normally, set 60Hz in Pr. 66 and 100% in Pr. 23.

• By setting "9999" (initial value) in Pr. 23 Stall prevention operation level compensation factor at double speed, the stall prevention operation level is constant at the Pr. 22 setting up to 400Hz.



- Set *Pr*:154 = "11" when the overvoltage protective function (E.OV□) activates during stall prevention operation in an application with large load inertia. Note that turning OFF the start signal (STF/STR) or varying the frequency signal during stall prevention operation may delay the acceleration/deceleration start.
- Stall prevention operation and fast response current limit function can be restricted according to the operation condition using Pr. 156.
- When Pr. 277 = "1", torque limit can be set. Torque limit level can be set using Pr. 22.



 \Rightarrow Refer to the section about *Pr.* 4.

29

(FZ)

Output frequency

frequency (Hz)

Output f fł

(ZH)

Set frequency

Dutput frequency (Hz)

f2

Acceleration/deceleration pattern

Pr. 29 Acceleration/deceleration pattern selection

Setting value "0" [Linear accelerat deceleration]

Setting value "1"

deceleration A]

Time

[S-pattern accele

Setting value "2"

deceleration B1

S-pattern acce

You can set the acceleration/deceleration pattern suitable for application.

> • Linear acceleration/deceleration (setting "0" initial value)

For the inverter operation, the output frequency is made to change linearly (linear acceleration/deceleration) to prevent the motor and inverter from excessive stress to reach the set frequency during acceleration, deceleration, etc. when frequency changes.

 S-pattern acceleration/deceleration A (setting "1") For machine tool spindle applications, etc.

Used when acceleration/deceleration must be made in a short time to a highspeed range of not lower than Pr. 3 Base frequency (fb).

 S-pattern acceleration/deceleration B (setting "2")

For prevention of load shifting in conveyor and other applications.

Since acceleration/deceleration is always made in an S shape from current frequency (f2) to target frequency (f1), this function eases shock produced at acceleration/deceleration and is effective for load collapse prevention, etc.

30, 70 Selection of regeneration unit

Pr. 30 Regenerative function selection

Time

Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty • When making frequent starts/stops, use the optional brake resistor

to increase the regeneration capability. (0.4K or more) • Use a power regeneration common converter (FR-CV) for continuous operation in regeneration status.

Use a high power factor converter (FR-HC2) for harmonic suppression and power factor improvement.

(The FR-CV/FR-HC2 can be used for the standard control circuit terminal model or the safety stop function model.)

Pr. 30 Set Value	Pr. 70 Set Value	Regeneration Unit
0 (initial value)	*1	Brake resistor (MRS type, MYS type) Brake unit (FR-BU2) Power regeneration common converter (FR-CV) High power factor converter (FR-HC2)
1	6%	Brake resistor (MYS type) (When using at 100% torque 6%ED) *3
	10/6% *2	High-duty brake resistor (FR-ABR)
2	_	High power factor converter (FR-HC2) (when an automatic restart after instantaneous power failure is selected)

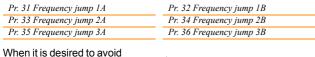
*1 The brake duty varies according to the inverter capacity.

*2 7.5K or less/11K or more

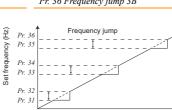
*3 Available only for the FR-E720-3.7K

Pr. 31 to 36

Avoid mechanical resonance points (frequency jump)



resonance attributable to the natural frequency of a mechanical system, these parameters allow resonant frequencies to



- Up to three areas may be set, with the jump frequencies set to either the top or bottom point of each area.
- The settings of frequency jumps 1A, 2A, 3A are jump points, and operation is performed at these frequencies in the jump areas.
- Frequency jump is not performed if the initial value is set to "9999".
- During acceleration/deceleration, the running frequency within the set area is valid.

Pr. 37

be jumped.

Speed display

Pr. 37 Speed display

The monitor display and frequency setting of the PU (FR-PU07) can be changed to the machine speed.

• To display the machine speed, set in *Pr. 37* the machine speed for 60Hz operation.

Pr. 37 Setting	Output Frequency Monitor	Set Frequency Monitor	Frequency Setting	Parameter Setting
0 (initial value)	Hz	Hz	Hz	Hz
0.01 to 9998	Machine speed *1	Machine speed *1	Machine speed *1	112

*1 Machine speed conversion formula......Pr:37 x frequency/60Hz *2 Hz is displayed in 0.01Hz increments and machine speed is in 0.001.

Pr. 40

RUN key rotation direction selection

Pr. 40 RUN key rotation direction selection

 Used to choose the direction of rotation by operating the RUN key of the operation panel.

Pr. 40 Setting	Description
0	Forward rotation
1	Reverse rotation

Pr. 41 to 43

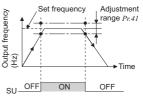
Detection of output frequency (SU, FU signal)

 Pr. 41 Up-to-frequency sensitivity
 Pr. 42 Output frequency detection

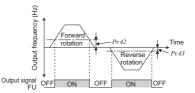
 Pr. 43 Output frequency detection for reverse rotation
 Pr. 42 Output frequency detection

The inverter output frequency is detected and output at the output signals.

- The *Pr. 41* value can be adjusted within the range 0% ±100% on the assumption that the set frequency is 100%.
- This parameter can be used to ensure that the running frequency has been reached to provide the operation start signal etc. for related equipment.



- When the output frequency rises to or above the *Pr*: 42 setting, the output frequency detection signal (FU) is output. This function can be used for electromagnetic brake operation, open signal, etc.
- When the detection frequency is set in *Pr. 43*, frequency detection used exclusively for reverse rotation can also be set. This function is effective for switching the timing of electromagnetic brake operation between forward rotation (rise) and reverse rotation (fall) during vertical lift operation, etc.



Pr. 44, 45 \rightarrow Refer to the section about *Pr.* 7.

Pr. 46 Refer to the section about *Pr. 0*.

- **Pr. 47** Refer to the section about *Pr. 3*.
- **Pr. 48 Refer to the section about** *Pr. 22*.
- **Pr.** 51 \Rightarrow Refer to the section about *Pr.* 9.

P7, 52, 54, 170, 171, 268, 563, 564

Change of DU/PU monitor descriptions Cumulative monitor clear

Pr. 52 DU/PU main display data selection Pr. 54 FM terminal function selection Pr. 171 Operation hour meter clear Pr. 170 Watt-hour meter clear Pr. 268 Monitor decimal digits selection Pr. 563 Energization time carrying-over times Pr. 564 Operating time carrying-over times

The monitor to be displayed on the main screen of the control panel and PU (FR-PU07) can be selected.

Turner		Pr. 52 S	etting	Pr. 54	E. H. S. S. L.
Types of Monitor	Unit	Operation Panel LED		(FM) Set Value	Full-scale Value
Output frequency	0.01Hz	0/10	00	1	Pr. 55
Output current	0.01A	0/100		2	Pr. 56
Output voltage	0.1V	0/10	00	3	100V, 200V class: 400V 400V class: 800V
Fault or alarm indication	-	0/100		-	_
Frequency setting value	0.01Hz	5	*1	5	Pr. 55
Motor torque *2	0.1%	7	*1	7	Rated torque of the applied motor $\times 2$
Converter output voltage	0.1V	8	*1	8	100V, 200V class: 400V 400V class: 800V
Regenerative brake duty	0.1%	9	*1	9	Brake duty set in <i>Pr</i> : 30 and <i>Pr</i> : 70
Electronic thermal O/L relay load factor	0.1%	10	*1	10	Electronic thermal relay function operation level
Output current peak value	0.01A	11	*1	11	Pr: 56
Converter output voltage peak value	0.1V	12	*1	12	100V, 200V class: 400V 400V class: 800V
Output power	0.01kW	14	*1	14	Rated inverter power × 2
Input terminal status	_	_	*1	_	—
Output terminal status	_	—	*1	_	_
Cumulative energization time *3	1h	20)	_	_
Reference voltage output	_		-	21	—
Actual operation time *3, *4	1h	23	3	_	—
Motor load factor	0.1%	24	Ļ	24	200%
Cumulative power	0.01kWh *5	25		_	_
PID set point PID measured	0.1%	52	2	52	100%
value	0.1%	53	3	53	100%
PID deviation	0.1%	54		_	
Inverter I/O terminal monitor	_	55	_	_	-
Option input terminal status *6	_	56	_	_	—
Option output terminal status *6	_	57	_	_	_
Motor thermal load factor	0.1%	61		61	Thermal relay operation level (100%)
Inverter thermal load factor	0.1%	62		62	Thermal relay operation level (100%)

*1 Selected by the PU (FR-PU07)

*2 The motor torque display remains "0" under V/F control.

*3 The cumulative energization time and actual operation time are accumulated from 0 to 65535 hours, then cleared, and accumulated again from 0. When the operation panel is used, the time is displayed up to 65.53 (65530h) on the assumption that 1h = 0.001, and thereafter, it is added up from 0.

- *4 The actual operation time is not added up if the cumulative operation time before power supply-off is less than 1h. *5 When using the PU (FR-PU07), "kW" is displayed.
- *6 The setting is available for the standard control circuit terminal model or the safety stop function model.
- Writing "0" in Pr. 170 clears the cumulative power monitor.
- You can check the numbers of cumulative energization time monitor • exceeded 65535h with Pr. 563 and the numbers of actual operation time monitor exceeded 65535h with Pr. 564.
- Writing "0" in Pr. 171 clears the actual operation time monitor.

Pr. 268 Setting	Description
9999 (initial value)	No function
0	For the first or second decimal places (0.1 increments or 0.01 increments) of the monitor, numbers in the first decimal place and smaller are rounded to display an integral value (1 increments). The monitor value smaller than 0.99 is displayed as 0.
1	When 2 decimal places (0.01 increments) are monitored, the 0.01 decimal place is dropped and the monitor displays the first decimal place (0.1 increments). When the monitor display digit is originally in 1 increments, it is displayed unchanged in 1 increments.

• When Pr. 52 is set to "100", the set frequency monitor is displayed during a stop and the output frequency monitor is displayed during operation. (LED of Hz flickers during stop and is lit during operation.)

\searrow	Pr. 52		
	0	100	
	During running/stop	During stop	During running
Output	Output	Set frequency	Output
frequency	frequency	*	frequency
Output current	Output current		
Output voltage	Output voltage		
Fault or alarm indication	Fault or alarm indication		

* The set frequency displayed indicates the frequency to be output when the start command is on.

Different from the frequency setting displayed when Pr: 52 = "5", the value based on maximum/minimum frequency and frequency jump is displayed.

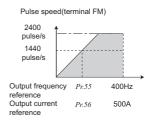
P 55, 56

Reference of the monitor output from terminal FM

Pr. 55 Frequency monitoring reference Pr. 56 Current monitoring reference Set the full-scale value of the monitor value output from terminal FM.

Monitor*	Reference Parameter	Initial Value	
Frequency	Pr. 55	60Hz	
Current	Pr. 56	Rated inverter current	

Refer to the section about Pr. 52 for monitor names



Features

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127. 30, 57, 58, 162, 165, 299, 611

Automatic restart operation after instantaneous power failure/flying start

Pr. 58 Restart cushion time

Pr. 30 Regenerative function selection Pr. 57 Restart coasting time Pr. 162 Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure selection Pr. 299 Rotation direction detection selection at restarting

Pr. 165 Stall prevention operation level for restart

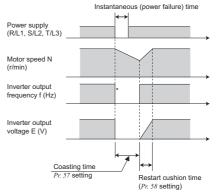
Pr. 611 Acceleration time at a restart

You can restart the inverter without stopping the motor in the following cases:

- · When power comes back on after an instantaneous power failure
- · When motor is coasting at start

Pr.	Setting	Description	
Number	Range	Description	
	0 (initial value),	When MRS (X10) turns ON then OFF	
30	1	The motor starts at the starting frequency	
30	2	When MRS (X10) turns ON then OFF	
	2	Automatic restart operation	
		1.5K or less 1s,	
	0	2.2K to 7.5K 2s,	
	0	11K or more 3s	
57		The above times are coasting time.	
57	0.1 to 5s	Set the waiting time for inverter-triggered	
	0.1 10 55	restart after an instantaneous power failure.	
	9999	No restart	
	(initial value)	No restart	
58	0 to 60s	Set a voltage starting time at restart.	
	0	Frequency search only performed at the	
	0	first start	
	1 (initial value)	Reduced voltage start only at the first start	
162		(no frequency search)	
	10	Frequency search at every start	
	11	Reduced voltage start at every start	
		(no frequency search)	
		Considers the rated inverter current as	
165	0 to 200%	100% and sets the stall prevention	
		operation level during restart operation.	
	0 (initial value)	Without rotation direction detection	
	1	With rotation direction detection	
299		When $Pr: 78 = 0$, the rotation direction is	
200	9999	detected.	
	3333	When $Pr: 78 = 1, 2$, the rotation direction is	
		not detected.	
		Acceleration time to reach Pr. 20	
	0 to 3600s	Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency	
611		at a restart.	
	9999	Acceleration time for restart is the normal	
	(initial value)	acceleration time (e.g. Pr. 7).	

• When Pr. 162 = "1" (initial value) or "11", automatic restart operation is performed in a reduced voltage system, where the voltage is gradually risen with the output frequency unchanged from prior to an instantaneous power failure independently of the coasting speed of the motor.

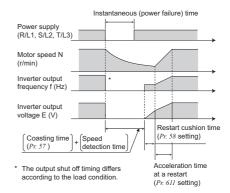


* The output shut off timing differs according to the load condition

• When "0" or "10" is set in Pr. 162, the inverter smoothly starts after detecting the motor speed upon power restoration. (The motor capacity should be equal to or one rank lower than the inverter capacity)

When using the frequency search, perform offline auto tuning. Also be noted that there is a wiring length limit. (Refer to page 81)

• Even when the motor is rotating in the opposite direction, the inverter can be restarted smoothly as the direction of rotation is detected. (You can select whether to make rotation direction detection or not with Pr. 299 Rotation direction detection selection at restarting.)



• Restart operation after turning MRS (X10) signal ON then OFF can be selected using Pr. 30. Set when restart operation after instantaneous power failure is selected while using the high power factor converter (FR-HC2).

(The FR-HC2 can be used for the standard control circuit terminal model or the safety stop function model.)

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Outline Dimension Drawings

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Protective Functions

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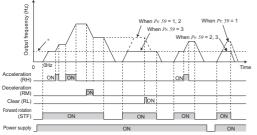
Pr. 59

Remote setting function

Pr. 59 Remote function selection

- If the operation panel is located away from the enclosure, you can use contact signals to perform continuous variable-speed operation, without using analog signals.
- By merely setting this parameter, you can use the acceleration, deceleration and setting clear functions of the motorized speed setter (FR-FK).

	Description			
Pr. 59 Setting	RH, RM, RL signal	Frequency setting		
	function	storage function		
0 (initial value)	Multi-speed setting	—		
1	Remote setting	With		
2	Remote setting	Not used		
3	Remote setting	Not used (Turning off STF/STR clears remotely set frequency)		



* External running frequency (other than multi-speed) or PU running frequency

Pr. 60

Energy saving control selection

Pr. 60 Energy saving control selection

Without a fine parameter setting, the inverter automatically performs energy saving operation.

This function is optimum for fan and pump applications This function is valid for V/F control only.

Pr. 60 Setting	Description	
0 (initial value)	Normal operation mode	
9	Optimum excitation control mode The optimum excitation control mode is a control system which controls excitation current to improve the motor efficiency to maximum and determines output voltage as an energy saving system. *	

* Output current may slightly increase, since output voltage is controlled.

Pr. 61 to 63, 292, 293

Automatic acceleration/deceleration

 Pr. 61 Reference current
 Pr. 62 Reference value at acceleration

 Pr. 63 Reference value at deceleration
 Pr. 292 Automatic acceleration/deceleration

 Pr. 293 Acceleration/deceleration separate selection
 Pr. 292 Automatic acceleration/deceleration

The inverter automatically sets appropriate parameters for operation.

- The inverter operates in the same conditions as when appropriate values are set in each parameter even if acceleration/deceleration time and V/F pattern are not set. This operation mode is useful when you just want to operate, etc. without fine parameter setting.
- If the automatic acceleration/deceleration has been selected, inputting the jog or RT (second function selection) signal during an inverter stop will switch to the normal operation and give priority to JOG operation or second function selection.

After automatic acceleration/deceleration operation has been started, none of JOG signal and RT signal are accepted.

Pr. 292 Setting	Ор	eration	Automatic Setting Parameter	
0 (initial value normal mode)		-	_	
1 (shortest acceleration/ deceleration mode)	Without brake resistor and brake unit	Set when you want to accelerate/ decelerate the motor for the shortest time.	Pr. 7, Pr. 8	
11 (shortest acceleration/ deceleration mode)	With brake resistor and brake unit	(stall prevention operation level 150%)	ΡΙ. /, ΡΙ. ο	
7 (brake sequence mode 1)	With mechanical brake opening completion signal input	Operation mode in which a mechanical brake operation timing signal for vertical lift		
8 (brake sequence mode 2)	Without mechanical brake opening completion signal input	applications is output. (The setting is not available for the FL remote communication model.)	_	

 Use *Pr. 61* to *Pr. 63* to change the reference current for the shortest acceleration/deceleration mode and optimum acceleration/ deceleration mode.

• Calculation of acceleration/deceleration can be performed individually.

This function is made valid in the shortest acceleration/deceleration mode.

Pr. 293 Setting	Description
0 (initial value)	Both acceleration/deceleration time is calculated.
1	Only acceleration time is calculated.
2	Only deceleration time is calculated.

P. 65, 67 to 69

Retry function at fault occurrence

Pr. 65 Retry selection Pr. 68 Retry waiting time Pr. 67 Number of retries at fault occurrence Pr. 69 Retry count display erase

If a fault occurs, the inverter resets itself automatically to restart. You can also select the fault description for a retry.

When you have selected automatic restart after instantaneous power failure (*Pr. 57 Restart coasting time* \neq 9999), restart operation is performed at the retry operation time which is the same of that of a power failure.

• Use Pr. 65 to select the fault to be activated for retries.

"•" indicates the alarms selected for retry.

Fault Display	Pr. 65 Setting					
for Retry	0	1	2	3	4	5
E.OC1	•	•		•	•	•
E.OC2	•	•		•	•	
E.OC3	•	•		•	•	•
E.OV1	•		٠	•	•	
E.OV2	•		•	•	•	
E.OV3	•		•	•	•	
E.THM	•					
E.THT	٠					
E. BE	٠				•	
E. GF	٠				•	
E.OHT	٠					
E.OLT	٠				•	
E.OP1	٠				•	
E. PE	•				•	
E.MB4	•				•	
E.MB5	•				•	
E.MB6	•				•	
E.MB7	•				•	
E.USB	•				•	
E.ILF	•				•	

• Set the number of retries at fault occurrence in Pr. 67.

Pr. 67 Setting	ng Description	
0 (initial value)	value) No retry function	
1 to 10	Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. A fault output is not provided during retry operation.	
101 to 110	Set the number of retries at fault occurrence. (The setting value of minus 100 is the number of retries.) A fault output is provided during retry operation.	

- Use *Pr*: *68* to set the waiting time from when the inverter trips until a retry is made in the range 0.1 to 360s.
- Reading the *Pr. 69* value provides the cumulative number of successful restart times made by retry. (Use setting value "0" to clear.)

Pr. 66 \Rightarrow Refer to the section about *Pr. 22*.

Pr. 67 to 69 \rightarrow Refer to the section about *Pr.* 65.

Pr. 70 🏓 Refer to the section about Pr. 30.

<mark>Pr.</mark> 71, 450

Pr. 71 Applied motor

Motor selection (applied motor)

Pr. 450 Second applied motor

Setting of the used motor selects the thermal characteristic appropriate for the motor.

Setting is required to use a constant-torque motor. Thermal characteristic of the electronic thermal relay function suitable for the motor is set.

Pr. 71, Pr. 450 Setting		Thermal Characteristic of the Electronic Thermal		Motor (O:	Motor used)
Pr. 71	Pr. 450	Relay Fur	nction	Standard (SF-JR, etc.)	Constant-torque (SF-JRCA, etc.)
()	Thermal characteristi motor (<i>Pr: 71</i> initial va		0	
	I	Thermal characteristi Mitsubishi constant-to			0
40	_	Thermal characteristi high efficiency motor		O *1	
50	_	Thermal characteristi constant torque moto			O *2
3	_	Standard		0	
13	_	Constant-torque			0
23	_	Mitsubishi standard motor SF-JR4P (1.5kW or less)	Select "Offline auto tuning	0	
43		Mitsubishi high efficiency SF-HR	setting"	O *1	
53	_	Mitsubishi constant- torque SF-HRCA			O *2
4	_	Standard		0	
14	_	Constant-torque			0
24	_	Mitsubishi standard motor SF-JR4P (1.5kW or less)	Auto tuning data can be read, changed,	0	
44	_	Mitsubishi high efficiency SF-HR	and set.	O *1	
54	_	Mitsubishi constant- torque SF-HRCA			O *2
5	—	Standard*3	Direct input of	0	
15	—	Constant-torque *3	motor		0
6	—	Standard *4	constants is	0	
16	—	Constant-torque *4	enabled		0
—	9999	Without second app	lied motor (Pr. 4	50 initial valu	ie)

*1 Motor constants of Mitsubishi high efficiency motor SF-HR

*2 Motor constants of Mitsubishi constant-torque motor SF-HRCA.

*3 Star connection

*4 Delta connection

• For the 5.5K and 7.5K, the *Pr. 0 Torque boost* and *Pr. 12 DC injection brake operation voltage* settings are automatically changed according to the *Pr. 71* settings as follows.

Automatic Change Parameter	Standard Motor Setting *1	Constant-torque Motor Setting *2
Pr: 0	3%	2%
Pr. 12	4%	2%

*1 Pr: 71 setting: 0, 3 to 6, 23, 24, 40, 43, 44

*2 Pr: 71 setting: 1, 13 to 16, 50, 53, 54

Pr. 72, 240

Carrier frequency and Soft-PWM selection

Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection Pr. 240 Soft-PWM operation selection

You can change the motor sound.

N	Pr. lumber	Setting Range	Description
	72	0 to 15	PWM carrier frequency can be changed. The setting is in [kHz]. Note that 0 indicates 0.7kHz and 15 indicates 14.5kHz.
	240	0	Soft-PWM is invalid
	240	1	When $Pr. 72 = "0$ to 5", Soft-PWM is valid.

Pr. 73, 267

Pr. 73 Analog input selection

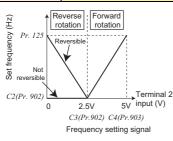
Analog input selection

Pr. 267 Terminal 4 input selection

- You can select the function that switches between forward rotation and reverse rotation according to the analog input terminal specifications and analog input level.
- Either voltage input (0 to 5V, 0 to 10V) or current input (4 to 20mA) can be selected for terminals 4 used for analog input.
 Set the voltage/current input switch in the "V" position to select voltage input (0 to 5V/0 to10V) and "I" position to select current input (4 to 20mA), and change the parameter setting (*Pr. 267*).

(indicates main speed setting)

Pr. 73 Setting	Terminal 2 Input	Terminal 4 Input	Reversible Operation
0	0 to 10V		
1 (initial value)	0 to 5V	When the AU signal is off	Not function
10	0 to 10V	~	Yes
11	0 to 5V		163
0		When the AU signal is on	
1	×	According to Pr. 267 setting	Not function
(initial value)		0:4 to 20mA (initial value)	
10	м	1:0 to 5V	Yes
11	×	2:0 to 10V	res



Pr. 74

Response level of analog input and noise elimination

Pr. 74 Input filter time constant

- The time constant of the primary delay filter can be set for the external frequency command (analog input (terminal 2, 4) signal).
 - Effective for filtering noise in the frequency setting circuit.
 - Increase the filter time constant if steady operation cannot be performed due to noise.

A larger setting results in slower response. (The time constant can be set between approximately 5ms to 1s with the setting of 0 to 8.)

Pr. 75

Reset selection, disconnected PU detection

Pr. 75 Reset selection/disconnected PU detection/PU stop selection

You can select the reset input acceptance, disconnected PU (FR-PU07) connector detection function and PU stop function.

Pr. 75 Setting	Reset Selection	Disconnected PU Detection	PU Stop Selection
0	Reset input normally enabled	If the PU is disconnected,	
1	Reset input is enabled only when a fault occurs.	operation will be continued.	Pressing (STOP) decelerates the
2	Reset input normally enabled	When the PU is disconnected,	motor to a stop only in the PU
3	Reset input is enabled only when a fault occurs.	the inverter output is shut off.	operation mode.
14 (initial value)	Reset input normally enabled	If the PU is disconnected,	
15	Reset input is enabled only when a fault occurs.	operation will be continued.	decelerates the motor to a stop in
16	Reset input normally enabled	When the PU is disconnected,	any of the PU, external and communication
17	Reset input is enabled only when a fault occurs.	the inverter output is shut off.	operation modes.

Reset selection

You can select the operation timing of reset function (RES signal, reset command through communication) input.

Disconnected PU detection

This function detects that the PU (FR-PU07) has been disconnected from the inverter for longer than 1s and causes the inverter to provide a fault output (E.PUE) and come to trip. (This function cannot be used for the FL remote communication model and the CC-Link communication model.)

PU stop selection

In any of the PU operation, external operation and network operation modes, the motor can be stopped by pressing $\binom{STOP}{RESET}$ of the PU.

Pr. 77

Prevention of parameter rewrite

Pr. 77 Parameter write selection

You can select whether write to various parameters can be performed or not. Use this function to prevent parameter values from being rewritten by misoperation.

Pr. 77 Setting	Description	
0 (initial value)	Write is enabled only during a stop.	
1	Parameter can not be written.	
2	Parameter write is enabled in any operation mode	
2	regardless of operating status.	

Pr. 78

Prevention of reverse rotation of the motor

Pr. 78 Reverse rotation prevention selection

This function can prevent reverse rotation fault resulting from the incorrect input of the start signal.

Pr. 78 Setting	Description	
0 (initial value)	Both forward and reverse rotations allowed	
1	Reverse rotation disabled	
2	Forward rotation disallowed	

Options

Parameter List

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Pr. 79, 340

Operation mode selection

Pr. 79 Operation mode selection

Used to select the operation mode of the inverter.

Mode can be changed as desired between operation using external signals (external operation), operation from the PU (FR-PU07), combined operation of PU operation and external operation (external/PU combined operation), and network operation (when RS-485 communication or a communication option is used)

Pr. 340 Communication startup mode selection

(For the CC-Link communication model, the operation can be switched between the NET and PU modes.)

Pr. 79 Setting	Descript	tion	LED Indication CFF COFF CN
0 (initial value)	Use external/PU switchover mode (press (PU)/EXT) to switch between the PU and External operation mode. At power on, the inverter is placed in the External operation mode.		PU operation mode External operation mode NET operation mode
1	Fixed to PU operation m	ode	PU operation mode
2	Fixed to External operati Operation can be perforr between the external and mode.	External operation mode NET operation mode	
3	External/PU combined o Frequency command Operation panel and PU (FR-PU07) setting or external signal input (multi-speed setting, across terminals 4-5 (valid when AU signal turns on)).	External signal input (terminal STF, STR)	External/PU combined operation mode
4	External/PU combined o Frequency command External signal input (terminal 2, 4, JOG, multi-speed selection, etc.)	peration mode 2 Start command Input from the operation panel and the PU (FR- PU07) (RUN)	
6	Switchover mode Switch among PU opera operation, and NET oper keeping the same operat	PU operation mode	
7	keeping the same operating status. External operation mode (PU operation interlock) X12 signal ON Operation mode can be switched to the PU operation mode. (output stop during external operation) X12 signal OFF Operation mode can not be switched to the PU operation mode.		External operation mode NET operation mode

- Specify the operation mode at power on (Pr. 340)
 - When power is switched on or when power comes back on after instantaneous power failure, the inverter can be started up in the network operation mode.

After the inverter has started up in the network operation mode, parameter write and operation can be performed from a program. Set this mode for communication operation using the inverter RS-485 communication or communication option.

• You can set the operation mode at power on (reset) according to the *Pr*: 79 and *Pr*: 340 settings.

Pr. 340 Setting	Pr. 79 Setting	Operation Mode at Power-on, Power Restoration, Reset	Operation Mode Switching	
0 (initial value)	As set in <i>Pr. 79.</i>			
	0	NET operation mode	Can be switched to external, PU or NET operation mode*1	
	1	PU operation mode	Fixed to PU operation mode	
	2	NET operation mode	Switching between the external and NET operation mode is enabled Switching to PU operation mode disabled	
1	3, 4	External/PU combined operation mode	Operation mode switching disabled	
	6	NET operation mode	Switching among the external, PU, and NET operation mode is enabled while running.	
	7	X12 (MRS) signal ON NET operation mode	Can be switched to external, PU or NET operation mode*1	
		X12 (MRS) signal ON External operation mode	Fixed to External operation mode (forcibly switched to External operation mode)	
0		NET operation mode	Switching between the PU and Net operation mode is enabled*2	
	1	PU operation mode	Fixed to PU operation mode	
10	2	NET operation mode	Fixed to NET operation mode	
	3, 4	External/PU combined operation mode	Operation mode switching disabled	
	6	NET operation mode	Switching between the PU and NET operation mode is enabled while running*2	
	7	External operation mode	Fixed to External operation mode (forcibly switched to External operation mode)	

*1 Operation mode can not be directly changed between the PU operation mode and network operation mode
 *2 Operation mode can be changed between the PU operation mode and

*2 Operation mode can be changed between the PU operation mode and

network operation mode with $\frac{PU}{EXT}$ key of the operation panel and X65 signal.

P. 80, 81, 89, 800

Selection of control method and control

mode AD MEVC GP MEVC

Pr. 80 Motor capacity	Pr. 81 Number of motor poles
Pr. 89 Speed control gain (Advanced magnetic flux vector)	Pr. 800 Control method selection

Advanced magnetic flux vector control and general-purpose magnetic flux vector control can be selected by setting the motor capacity, number of poles in *Pr. 80 and Pr. 81*. Selection of advanced magnetic flux vector control or general-purpose magnetic flux vector control can be made by *Pr. 800*.

Parameter Number	Setting Range	Description	
	0.1 to 15kW	Set the applied motor capacity.	
80	9999 (initial value)	V/F control	
	2, 4, 6, 8, 10	Set the number of motor poles.	
81	9999 (initial value)	V/F control	
800	20 (initial value)	Advanced magnetic flux vector control *	
000	30	General-purpose magnetic flux vector control *	

* Set a value other than "9999" in Pr. 80 and Pr. 81.

• The motor speed fluctuation at load fluctuation can be adjusted using *Pr.* 89.

Pr. 82 to 84, 90 to 94, 96, 298, 859

Offline auto tuning

Pr. 82 Motor excitation current	Pr. 83 Rated motor voltage	
Pr. 84 Rated motor frequency	Pr. 90 Motor constant (R1)	
Pr. 91 Motor constant (R2)	Pr. 92 Motor constant (L1)/d-shaft inductance	
Pr. 93 Motor constant (L2)/q-shaft inductance	Pr. 94 Motor constant (X)	
Pr. 96 Auto tuning setting/status	Pr. 298 Frequency search gain	
Pr. 859 Torque current		

Offline auto tuning operation for automatic calculation of motor constants can be executed when using advanced magnetic flux vector control and general-purpose magnetic flux vector control. When offline auto tuning is performed under V/F control, *Pr: 298 Frequency search gain* necessary for frequency search for automatic restart after instantaneous power failure is set as well as the motor constants (R1).

Parameter	Setting	Description	
Number	Range	Description	
	0		
	(initial	Without offline auto tuning	
	value)		
	1	Offline auto tuning for advanced magnetic	
	'	flux vector control	
96	11	Offline auto tuning for general-purpose	
		magnetic flux vector control	
		(compatible with FR-E500 series)	
	21	Offline auto tuning for V/F control	
		(automatic restart after instantaneous power	
		failure (with frequency search))	

 You can copy the offline auto tuning data (motor constants) to another inverter with the PU (FR-PU07).

- Even if a motor other than the Mitsubishi's standard motor (SF-JR 0.2kW or higher), high-efficiency motor (SF-HR 0.2kW or higher), or constant-torque motor (SF-JRCA 4P, SF-HRCA 0.2 to 15kW) (such as other manufacturer's motor or Mitsubishi SF-JRC motor) is used, or the wiring length is long (about 30m or longer), a motor can run with the optimum operation characteristics by using the offline auto tuning function.
- Offline auto tuning conditions
 - A motor should be connected.
 - The motor capacity is equal to or one rank lower than the inverter capacity.
 - (note that the capacity should be 0.1kW or more)
 - The maximum frequency is 120Hz.
 - A high-slip motor, high-speed motor and special motor cannot be tuned.
- As the motor may run slightly, fix the motor securely with a mechanical brake or make sure that there will be no problem in safety if the motor runs.

* This instruction must be followed especially in elevator.

Note that if the motor runs slightly, tuning performance is unaffected.

Pr. 89 \Rightarrow Refer to the section about *Pr.* 80.

Compatibility

Pr. 117 to 124, 342, 343, 502, 549

Dr. Cotting

Communication initial setting

Pr. 117 PU communication station number	Pr. 118 PU communication speed
Pr. 119 PU communication stop bit length	Pr. 120 PU communication parity check
<i>Pr. 121 Number of PU communication retries</i>	Pr. 122 PU communication check time interval
Pr. 123 PU communication waiting time setting	Pr. 124 PU communication CR/LF selection
Pr. 342 Communication EEPROM write selection	Pr. 343 Communication error count
Pr. 502 Stop mode selection at communication error	Pr. 549 Protocol selection

(1) Initial settings and specifications of RS-485 communication (*Pr. 117 to Pr. 124*)

Used to perform required settings for RS-485 communication between the inverter and personal computer.

- Use PU connector of the inverter for communication.
- You can perform parameter setting, monitoring, etc. using the Mitsubishi inverter protocol or MODBUS RTU protocol.
- To make communication between the personal computer and inverter, initialization of the communication specifications must be made to the inverter. Data communication cannot be made if the initial settings

are not made or there is any setting error.

Pr.	Setting	Description	
Number	Range		
117	0 to 31 (0 to 247) *1	Specify the inverter station number. Set the inverter station numbers when two or more inverters are connected to one personal computer.	
118	48, 96, 192, 384	Set the communication speed. The setting value × 100 equals the communication speed. For example, the communication speed is 19200bps when the setting value is 192.	
		Stop bit length	Data length
	0	1bit	
119	1 (initial value)	2bit	8bit
	10	1bit	7bit
	11	2bit	7.510
	0	Without parity check	
120	1	With odd parity check	
120	2 (initial value)	With even parity check	
121	0 to 10	Set the permissible number of retries at occurrence of a data receive error. If the number of consecutive errors exceeds the permissible value, the inverter will come to trip.	
	9999	If a communication error occurs, the inverter will not come to trip.	
	0 (initial value)	RS-485 communication can be made Note that a communication error (E.PUE) occurs as soon as the inverter is switched to the operation mode with control source.	
122	0.1 to 999.8s	Sets the interval of communication check time. If a no-communication state persists for longer than the permissible time, the inverter will come to trip.	
	9999	No communication check	
	0 to 150ms	Set the waiting time between data transmission to the inverter and response.	
123	9999 (initial value)	Set with communication data.	
	0	Without CR/LF	
124	1 (initial value)	With CR	
	2	With CR/LF	

Pr. Number	Setting Range	Description			
		At alarm occurrence	Indication	Error output	At error removal
	0 (initial value) 3	Coasts to stop.	E.PUE	Output	Stop (E.PUE)
502	1	Decelerates to stop	After stop E.PUE	Output after stop	Stop (E.PUE)
	2	Decelerates to stop	After stop E.PUE	Without output	Automatic restart functions

*1 When making communication through MODBUS RTU protocol (*Pr. 549* = "1"), the setting range within parenthesis is applied.

(2) Communication EEPROM write selection (*Pr. 342*) When parameter write is performed from the inverter PU connector, USB communication, and communication option, parameters storage device can be changed from EEPROM + RAM to RAM only. Set when a frequent parameter change is necessary.

(3) MODBUS RTU communication specifications (*Pr.* 343, *Pr.* 549)

Pr.	Setting	Description
Number	Range	Description
343	_	Displays the number of communication errors during MODBUS RTU communication. (Reading only)
	0 (initial	Mitsubishi inverter (computer link
549	value)	operation) protocol
	1	MODBUS RTU protocol

27. 125, 126, 241, C2 (902) to C7 (905), C22 (922) to C25 (923)

Analog input frequency change and adjustment (calibration)

Pr. 125 Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency Pr. 241 Analog input display unit switchover C3 (Pr. 902) Terminal 2 frequency setting bias C5(Pr. 904) Terminal 4 frequency setting bias frequency Pr. 126 Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency C2 (Pr. 902) Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency C4 (Pr. 903) Terminal 2 frequency setting gain C6 (Pr. 904) Terminal 4 frequency setting bias C22 (Pr. 922) Frequency setting voltage bias frequency (built-in potentiometer)

C24 (Pr. 923) Frequency setting voltage

gain frequency (built-in potentiometer)

C7 (Pr. 905) Terminal 4 frequency setting gain

C23 (Pr. 922) Frequency setting voltage bias (built-in potentiometer) C25 (Pr. 923) Frequency setting voltage gain (built-in potentiometer)

You can set the magnitude (slope) of the output frequency as desired in relation to the frequency setting signal (0 to 5VDC, 0 to 10V or 4 to 20mA).

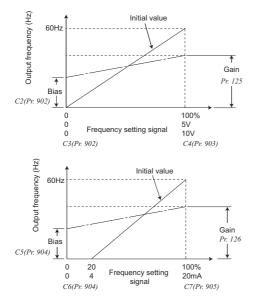
C22 (Pr. 922) to C25 (Pr. 923) is available when the operation panel (PA02) for the FR-E500 series is connected with cable. You can calibrate the operation panel built-in potentiometer.

(1) Change the frequency at maximum analog input (Pr. 125, Pr. 126)

Set Pr. 125 (Pr. 126) when changing only frequency setting (gain) of the maximum analog input voltage (current). (Other calibration parameter settings need not be changed.)

(2) Analog input bias/gain calibration (C2 (Pr. 902) to C7 (Pr. 905))

· The "bias" and "gain" functions are designed to adjust the relationships between the output frequency and the setting input signal, e.g. 0 to 5VDC/0 to 10VDC or 4 to 20mADC entered from outside the inverter.



(3) Analog input display unit changing (Pr. 241)

• You can change the analog input display unit (%/V/mA) for analog input bias/gain calibration.

P7.127 to 134

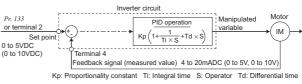
PID control, dancer control

Pr. 127 PID control automatic switchover frequency	Pr. 128 PID action selection
Pr. 129 PID proportional band	Pr. 130 PID integral time
Pr. 131 PID upper limit	Pr. 132 PID lower limit
Pr. 133 PID action set point	Pr. 134 PID differential time

• The inverter can be used to exercise process control, e.g. flow rate. air volume or pressure.

The terminal 2 input signal or parameter setting is used as a set point and the terminal 4 input signal used as a feedback value to constitute a feedback system for PID control.

• Pr. 128 = "20, 21" (measured value input)



• Performs PID control by feedbacking the position signal of the dancer roller, controlling the dancer roller is in the specified position. Performs dancer control by setting 40 to 43 in Pr. 128 PID action selection. The main speed command is the speed command of each operation mode (external, PU, communication). Performs PID control by the position detection signal of the dancer roller, then the result is added to the main speed command.

Pr.145

PU display language selection

Pr. 145 PU display language selection

You can switch the display language of the PU (FR-PU07) to another

Pr. 145 Setting	Description
0 (initial value)	Japanese
1	English
2	German
3	French
4	Spanish
5	Italian
6	Swedish
7	Finnish

Pr. 146

Built-in potentiometer switching

Pr. 146 Built-in potentiometer switching

When connecting the operation panel (PA02) of the FR-E500 series with a cable, use Pr. 146 Built-in potentiometer switching for selecting the operation using the built-in frequency setting potentiometer, or using [UP/DOWN] key.

Pr. 146 Setting	Description
0	Built-in frequency setting potentiometer gain
1 (initial value)	Digital frequency setting by the [UP/DOWN] key.
9999	Frequency setting with the built-in frequency setting potentiometer is available when the frequency set by [UP/DOWN] key is "0Hz".

Pr. 147 \Rightarrow Refer to the section about *Pr. 7*.

Features

List

Instructions

Pr. 150 to 153

Detection of output current (Y12 signal) Detection of zero current (Y13 signal)

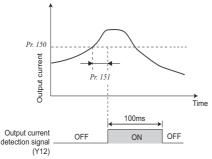
 Pr. 150 Output current detection level
 Pr. 151 Output current detection signal delay time

 Pr. 152 Zero current detection level
 Pr. 153 Zero current detection time

The output power during inverter running can be detected and output to the output terminal.

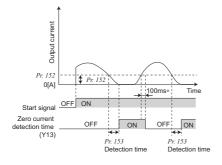
(1) Output current detection (Y12 signal, Pr. 150, Pr. 151)

- The output current detection function can be used for excessive torque detection, etc.
- If the output current remains at the *Pr*:150 setting or higher during inverter operation for the time set in *Pr*:151 or longer, the output current detection (Y12) signal is output from the inverter's open collector or relay output terminal.



(2) Zero current detection (Y13 signal, Pr. 152, Pr. 153)

 If the output current remains at the *Pr*:152 setting or lower during inverter operation for the time set in *Pr*:153 or longer, the output current detection (Y12) signal is output from the inverter's open collector or relay output terminal.



Pr. 154, 156, 157 **Pr.** 22.

Pr. 160, 172 to 174

User group function

Pr. 160 User group read selection	Pr. 172 User group registered display/batch clear	
Pr. 173 User group registration	Pr. 174 User group clear	

 Parameter which can be read from the operation panel and PU (FR-PU07) can be restricted.

The inverter is set to display all parameters with initial setting.

Pr. 160	Description	
Setting		
0		
(initial	All parameters are displayed.	
value)		
1	Only the parameters registered in the user group can be displayed.	
9999	Only the simple mode parameters can be displayed.	

• User group function (Pr. 160, Pr. 172 to Pr. 174)

- The user group function is designed to display only the parameters necessary for setting.
- From among all parameters, a maximum of 16 parameters can be registered in the user group. When "1" is set in *Pr. 160*, only parameters registered in the user group can be accessed for reading and writing. (The parameters not registered in the user group can not be read.)
- Set parameter numbers in *Pr. 173* to register parameters in the user group.
- To delete a parameter from the user group, set its parameter number in *Pr. 174*. To batch-delete the registered parameters, set *Pr. 172* to "9999".

Pr. 161, 295

Operation selection of the operation panel

Pr. 161 Frequency setting/key lock operation selection Pr. 295 Magnitude of frequency change setting

- The setting dial of the operation panel can be used for setting like a potentiometer.
- The key operation of the operation panel can be disabled.

Pr. 161 Setting	Description		
0 (initial value)	Setting dial frequency setting mode Key lock invali		
1	Setting dial potentiometer mode		
10	Setting dial frequency setting mode		
11	Setting dial potentiometer mode	Key lock valid	

 When setting the set frequency with the setting dial, the frequency setting increments of the setting dial can be changed, in proportion as the rotated amount of the setting dial (speed).



Features

Connection example

Specification Standard

Outline Dimension Drawings

Diagram nal Specification

Operation panel Parameter unit FR Configurator

Parameter List

Protective Functions

Pr. 178 to 184

Function assignment of input terminal

Pr. 178 STF terminal function selection Pr. 179 STR terminal function selection Pr. 180 RL terminal function selection Pr. 182 RH terminal function selection Pr. 184 RES terminal function selection

Pr. 181 RM terminal function selection Pr. 183 MRS terminal function selection

Use these parameters to select/change the input terminal functions.

Pr. 178 to Pr. 184 Setting*4	Signal	Functions		
		Pr: 59 = 0 (initial	Low-speed operation	
		value)	command	
0	RL	<i>Pr</i> : 59 ≠ 0 *1	Remote setting (setting clear)	
		<i>Pr. 270</i> = 1 *2	Stop-on contact selection 0	
		Pr: 59 = 0 (initial	Middle-speed operation	
1	RM	value)	command	
	T CIVI	<i>Pr</i> : 59 ≠ 0 *1	Remote setting (deceleration)	
		Pr: 59 = 0 (initial	High-speed operation	
	DU	value)	command	
2	RH	D 50 0	Remote setting	
		<i>Pr</i> : 59 ≠ 0 *1	(acceleration)	
2	RT	Second function select	ction	
3	RI	<i>Pr</i> : 270 = 1 *2	Stop-on contact selection 1	
4	AU	Terminal 4 input selection *5		
5	JOG	Jog operation selection *5		
7	OH	External thermal relay input *3*5		
8	REX	15-speed selection		
0		(combination with three speeds RL, RM, RH)		
10	X10	Inverter operation ena	able signal	
10		(FR-HC2/FR-CV connection) *5		
12	X12	PU operation external interlock *5		
14	X14	PID control valid terminal		
15	BRI	Brake opening completion signal		
16	X16	PU-external operation switchover *5		
18	X18	V/F switchover		
		(V/F control is exercised when X18 is on)		
24	MRS	Output stop		
25	STOP	Start self-holding sele		
60	STF	Forward rotation com		
	011	(assigned to STF tern		
61	STR	Reverse rotation com		
-	(assigned to STR terminal ()		minal (Pr. 179) only) *5	
62	RES	Inverter reset *5		
65	X65	PU/NET operation switchover *5		
66	X66	External/NET operation switchover *5		
67	X67	Command source switchover *5		
9999	—	No function		

*1 When Pr. 59 Remote function selection \neq "0", the functions of the RL, RM and RH signals change as listed above. *2 When Pr. 270 = "1", the functions of the RL and RT signals change as

listed above.

*3 The OH signal turns on when the relay contact "opens".

*4 For the safety stop function model, the setting in Pr. 183 MRS terminal function selection is valid only during the communication operation.

*5 The setting is not available for the CC-Link communication model.

27 190 to 192

Terminal assignment of output terminal

Pr. 191 FU terminal function selection Pr. 190 RUN terminal function selection Pr. 192 A,B,C terminal function selection

You can change the functions of the open collector output terminal and relay output terminal.

Pr. 190 to Pr. 192 Setting		Signal	Functions
Positive logic	Negative logic		runctions
0	100	RUN	Inverter running
1	101	SU	Up to frequency
3	103	OL	Overload alarm
4	104	FU	Output frequency detection
7	107	RBP	Regenerative brake prealarm
8	108	THP	Electronic thermal relay function prealarm
11	111	RY	Inverter operation ready
12	112	Y12	Output current detection
13	113	Y13	Zero current detection
14	114	FDN	PID lower limit
15	115	FUP	PID upper limit
16	116	RL	PID forward/reverse rotation output
20	120	BOF	Brake opening request
25	125	FAN	Fan fault output
26	126	FIN	Heatsink overheat pre-alarm
46	146	Y46	During deceleration due to instantaneous
40	140	140	power failure (retained until release)
47	147	PID	During PID control activated
64	164	Y64	During retry
68	168	EV	24V external power supply operation *1
80	180	SAFE	Safety monitor output *2
81	181	SAFE2	Safety monitor output 2 *2
90	190	Y90	Life alarm
91	191	Y91	Fault output 3 (power-off signal)
93	193	Y93	Current average value monitor signal
95	195	Y95	Maintenance timer signal
96	196	REM	Remote output
98	198	LF	Alarm output
99	199	ALM	Fault output
99	99	_	No function

E7DS) and CC-Link communication model.

*2 The setting is available for the safety stop function model and CC-Link communication model.

Pr. 232 to 239 \Rightarrow Refer to the section about *Pr.* 4. **Pr.** 240 \Rightarrow Refer to the section about *Pr.* 72. **Pr. 241** \rightarrow Refer to the section about *Pr. 125*.

Pr.244

Increase cooling fan life

Pr. 244 Cooling fan operation selection

You can control the operation of the cooling fan (FR-E720-1.5K or more, FR-E740-1.5K or more, FR-E720S-0.75K or more) built in the inverter.

Pr. 244 Setting	Description
	Operates in power-on status.
0	Cooling fan on/off control invalid
	(the cooling fan is always on at power on)
	Cooling fan on/off control valid
1	The fan is always on while the inverter is running.
(initial value)	During a stop, the inverter status is monitored and
	the fan switches on-off according to the temperature.

Pr. 245 to 247

Slip compensation

Pr. 245 Rated slip Pr. 247 Constant-power range slip

compensation selection

The inverter output current may be used to assume motor slip to keep the motor speed constant.

Pr.249 Earth (ground) fault detection at start

Pr. 249 Earth (ground) fault detection at start

You can choose whether to make earth (ground) fault detection at start valid or invalid. Earth (ground) fault detection is executed only right after the start signal is input to the inverter.

Pr. 249 Setting	Description
0 (initial value)	Without earth (ground) fault detection
1	With earth (ground) fault detection*

* As detection is executed at start, output is delayed for approx. 20ms every start.

- If an earth (ground) fault is detected with "1" set in *Pr. 249*, fault output (E.GF) is displayed and the output is shut off.
- Protective function will not activate if an earth (ground) fault occurs during operation.
- If the motor capacity is smaller than the inverter capacity for the 5.5K or more, earth (ground) fault detection may not be provided.

Pr. 250

Selection of motor stopping method and start signal

Pr. 250 Stop selection

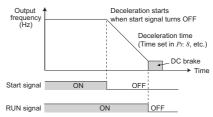
Used to select the stopping method (deceleration to a stop or coasting) when the start signal turns off.

Used to stop the motor with a mechanical brake, etc. together with switching off of the start signal.

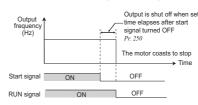
You can also select the operations of the start signals (STF/STR).

Pr. 250	Description			
Setting	Start signal (STF/STR)	Stop operation		
0 to 100s	STF signal: Forward rotation start STR signal: Reverse rotation start	The motor is coasted to a stop when the preset time elapses after the start signal is turned off.		
1000s to 1100s	STF signal: Start signal STR signal: Forward/reverse signal	The motor is coasted to a stop ($Pr. 250 - 1000$)s after the start signal is turned off.		
9999	STF signal: Forward rotation start STR signal: Reverse rotation start	When the start signal is turned off, the motor		
8888	STF signal: Start signal STR signal: Forward/reverse signal	decelerates to stop.		

When "9999 (initial value) or 8888" is set in Pr. 250



When a value other than "9999" (initial value) or "8888" is set in Pr. 250



Pr.251, 872

Input/output phase failure protection selection

Pr. 251 Output phase loss protection selection Pr. 872 Input phase loss protection selection

You can disable the output phase failure protection function that stops the inverter output if one of the inverter output side (load side) three phases (U, V, W) opens.

Input phase failure protection, which stops inverter output when one of three phases (R, S, T) on the inverter's input side is lost, can be disabled.

Pr. Number	Setting Range	Description
251	0	Without output phase failure protection
251	1 (initial value)	With output phase failure protection
872 *	0	Without input phase failure protection
	1 (initial value)	With input phase failure protection

* The setting is available for three-phase power input models.

Pr. 255 to 259

Display of the life of the inverter parts

Pr. 255 Life alarm status display Pr. 257 Control circuit capacitor life display Pr. 259 Main circuit capacitor life measuring Pr. 256 Inrush current limit circuit life display Pr. 258 Main circuit capacitor life display

Degrees of deterioration of main circuit capacitor, control circuit capacitor or inrush current limit circuit and cooling fan can be diagnosed by monitor.

When any part has approached the end of its life, an alarm can be output by self diagnosis to prevent a fault.

(Use the life check of this function as a guideline since the life except the main circuit capacitor is calculated theoretically.)

Pr. Number	Setting Range	Description
255	(0 to 15)	Displays whether the control circuit capacitor, main circuit capacitor, cooling fan, and each parts of the inrush current limit circuit has reached the life alarm output level or not. (Reading only)
256	(0 to 100%)	Displays the deterioration degree of the inrush current limit circuit. (Reading only)
257	(0 to 100%)	Displays the deterioration degree of the control circuit capacitor. (Reading only)
258	(0 to 100%)	Displays the deterioration degree of the main circuit capacitor. (Reading only) The value measured by <i>Pr: 259</i> is displayed.
259	0, 1	Setting "1" and turning the power supply off starts the measurement of the main circuit capacitor life. When the <i>Pr. 259</i> value is "3" after powering on again, the measuring is completed. Displays the deterioration degree in <i>Pr. 258</i> .

Pr.261

Operation at instantaneous power failure

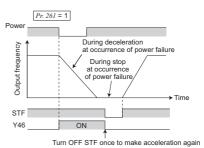
Pr. 261 Power failure stop selection

When a power failure or undervoltage occurs, the inverter can be decelerated to a stop or can be decelerated and re-accelerated to the set frequency.

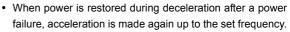
Pr. Number	Setting Range	Description	
	0 (initial value)	Coasts to stop. When undervoltage or power failure occurs, the inverter output is shut off.	
261	1	When undervoltage or a power failure occurs, the inverter can be decelerated to a stop.	
	2	When undervoltage or a power failure occurs, the inverter can be decelerated to a stop. If power is restored during a power failure, the inverter accelerates again.	

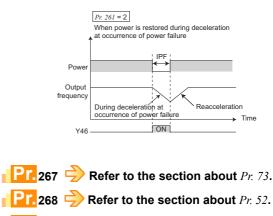
(1) Power failure stop function (*Pr. 261* = "1")

 If power is restored during power failure deceleration, deceleration to a stop is continued and the inverter remains stopped. To restart, turn off the start signal once, then turn it on again.



(2) Original operation continuation at instantaneous power failure function (*Pr. 261* = "2")





Pr. 269 Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do not set.

Instructions

Inquiry

Compatibility

270, 275, 276, 6, 48

Stop-on-contact control ADMEVEC GP MEVC

Pr. 275 Stop-on contact excitation Pr. 270 Stop-on contact control selection current low-speed multiplying factor Pr. 276 PWM carrier frequency at stop-on contact Pr. 6 Multi-speed setting (low speed) Pr. 48 Second stall prevention operation current

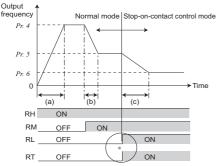
To ensure accurate positioning at the upper limit etc. of a lift, stopon-contact control causes a mechanical brake to be closed while the motor is developing a holding torque to keep the load in contact with a mechanical stopper etc.

This function suppresses vibration which is liable to occur when the load is stopped upon contact in vertical motion applications, ensuring steady precise positioning.

Pr. 270 Setting	Description
0 (initial value)	Without stop-on-contact control
1	Stop-on-contact control

· Select advanced magnetic flux vector control or general-purpose magnetic flux vector control.

When both the RT and RL signals are switched on, the inverter enters the stop-on contact mode, in which operation is performed at the frequency set in Pr. 6 Multi-speed setting (low speed) independently of the preceding speed.



* Goes into stop-on-contact control when both RL and RT switch ON RL and RT may be switched on in any order with any time difference (a) Acceleration time (Pr. 7) (b) Deceleration time (Pr. 8) (c) Second deceleration time (Pr. 44/Pr. 45)

Pr. Number	Setting Range	Description
6	0 to 400Hz	Sets the output frequency for stop-on-contact control The frequency should be as low as possible (about 2Hz). If it is set to more than 30Hz, the operating frequency will be 30Hz.
48	0 to 200%	Sets the stall prevention operation level for stall prevention operation level. (<i>Pr. 22</i> when <i>Pr. 48</i> = "9999")
275	0 to 300%	Usually set a value between 130% and 180%. Set the force (holding torque) for stop-on-contact control.
	9999	Without compensation.
276	0 to 9	Sets a PWM carrier frequency for stop-on- contact control.
	9999	As set in Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection.

278 to 283, 292

Brake sequence function ADMEVE GP MFVC

- Pr. 278 Brake opening frequency Pr. 280 Brake opening current detection time
- Pr. 282 Brake operation frequency Pr. 292 Automatic acceleration/deceleration

Pr. 283 Brake operation time at stop This function is used to output from the inverter the mechanical

Pr. 279 Brake opening current

Pr. 281 Brake operation time at start

brake operation timing signal in vertical lift and other applications. This function prevents the load from dropping with gravity at a start due to the operation timing error of the mechanical brake or an overcurrent alarm from occurring at a stop, ensuring secure operation.

<Operation example>

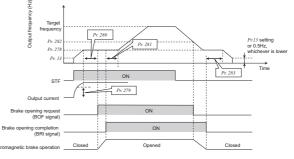
• At start: When the start signal is input to the inverter, the inverter starts running. When the internal speed command reaches the value set in Pr. 278 and the output current is not less than the value set in Pr. 279, the inverter outputs the brake opening request signal (BOF) after the time set in Pr. 280 has elapsed.

> When the time set in Pr. 281 elapses after the brake opening completion signal (BRI) was activated*, the inverter increases the output frequency to the set speed.

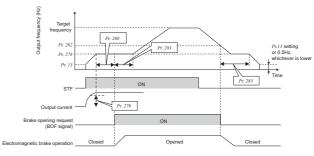
• At stop: When the speed has decreased to the frequency set in Pr. 282, the brake opening request signal (BOF) is turned off. When the time set in Pr. 283 elapses after the brake operation confirmation signal (BRI) was activated*, the inverter output is switched off.

> * If Pr. 292 = "8" (mechanical brake opening completion signal not input), this time is the time after the brake opening request signal is output.

1) Pr. 292 = "7" (brake opening completion signal input)



2) Pr. 292 = "8" (brake opening completion signal not input)



Pr. Number	Setting Range	Description
278	0 to 30Hz	Set to the rated slip frequency of the motor + about 1.0Hz. This parameter may be set only if $Pr. 278 \le Pr. 282$.
279	0 to 200%	Generally, set this parameter to about 50 to 90%. If the setting is too low, the load is liable to drop due to gravity at start. Suppose that the rated inverter current is 100%.
280	0 to 2s	Generally, set this parameter to about 0.1 to 0.3s.
281	0 to 5s	Pr: 292 = 7: Set the mechanical delay time until the brake is loosened. Pr: 292 = 8: Set the mechanical delay time until the brake is loosened + about 0.1 to 0.2s.
282	0 to 30Hz	At this frequency, the brake opening request signal (BOF) is switched off. Generally, set this parameter to the <i>Pr.</i> 278 setting + 3 to 4Hz. This parameter may be only set if <i>Pr.</i> 282 \ge <i>Pr.</i> 278.
283	0 to 5s	<i>Pr: 292</i> =7: Set the mechanical delay time until the brake is closed + 0.1s. <i>Pr: 292</i> =8: Set the mechanical delay time until the brake is closed + 0.2 to 0.3s.
292	0, 1, 7, 8, 11	Brake sequence function is made valid when a setting is "7" or "8".

Pr. 286, 287

Pr. 286 Droop gain

Droop control

Pr. 287 Droop filter time constant

This function is designed to balance the load in proportion to the load torque to provide the speed drooping characteristic.

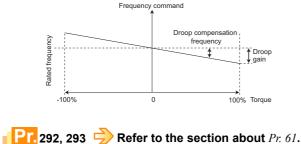
This function is effective for balancing the load when using multiple inverters

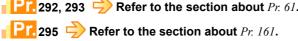
Pr. Number	Setting Range	Description	
	0 (initial value)	Droop control is invalid	
286	0.1 to 100%	Set the drooping amount at the rated torque as a percentage with respect to the rated motor frequency.	
287	0.00 to 1.00s	Set the time constant of the filter applied on the torque amount current.	

Droop control

This control is valid when a value other than "0" is set in *Pr. 286* under advanced magnetic flux vector control.

The maximum droop compensation frequency is 120Hz.





P. 296, 297

Password function

Registering 4-digit password can restrict parameter reading/ writing.

• Level of reading/writing restriction by PU/NET mode operation command can be selected by *Pr. 296*.

	PU Mode		NET Mode Operation Command			
Pr. 296	Operation		RS-485		Communication	
Setting	Com	nand	Communication		Option	
	Read	Write	Read	Write	Read	Write
9999	0	0	0	0	0	0
0, 100	×	×	×	×	×	×
1, 101	0	×	0	×	0	×
2, 102	0	×	0	0	0	0
3, 103	0	0	0	×	0	×
4, 104	×	×	×	×	0	×
5, 105	×	×	0	0	0	0
6, 106	0	0	×	×	0	×
99, 199	Only parameters registered in the user group can be read/written (For the parameters not registered in the user group, same restriction level as "4, 104" applies.)					

O: enabled, x: restricted

Pr. Number	Setting Range	Description	
	1000 to 9998	Register a 4-digit password	
297 *1	(0 to 5) *2	Displays password unlock error count. (Reading only) (Valid when <i>Pr. 296</i> = "100" to "106")	
	9999 (initial value)	No password lock	

*1 If the password has been forgotten, perform all parameter clear to unlock the parameter restriction. In that case, other parameters are also cleared.

*2 "0 or 9999" can be entered in $\mathit{Pr.}$ 297, but the $\mathit{Pr.}$ 297 setting is not overwritten.



Pr. 298 \Rightarrow Refer to the section about *Pr.* 82.

Pr. 299 \rightarrow Refer to the section about *Pr.* 57.

Features

Paramete List

Options

Motor

Compatibility

Inquiry

Pr. 338, 339, 550, 551

Start command source and frequency command source during communication operation

 Pr. 338 Communication operation command source
 Pr. 339 Communication speed command source

 Pr. 550 NET mode operation command source selection
 Pr. 551 PU mode operation command source selection

When the RS-485 communication with the PU connector or communication option is used, the external start command and frequency command can be made valid. Command source in the PU operation mode can be selected.

Pr. Number	Setting Range	Description	
338	0 (initial value)	Start command source communication	
	1	Start command source external	
	0 (initial value)	Frequency command source communication	
339	1	Frequency command source external	
	2	Frequency command source external (Frequency setting from communication is valid, frequency terminal 2 is invalid)	
	0	The communication option is the command source in the NET operation mode.	
550*	2	PU connector is the command source in the NET operation mode.	
000*	9999 (initial value)	Automatic communication option recognition Normally, PU connector is valid. When a communication option is mounted, the communication option is valid.	
	2	PU connector is the command source in the PU operation mode.	
	3	USB connector is the command source in the PU operation mode.	
551*	4	Operation panel is the command source in the PU operation mode.	
	9999 (initial value)	USB automatic recognition Normally, operation panel is the command source. When the PU (FR-PU07) is connected to the PU connector, PU is the command source. When USB is connected, USB is the command source.	

* Pr. 550 and Pr. 551 are always write-enabled.

Pr. 340 \rightarrow Refer to the section about *Pr.* 79. **Pr.** 342, 343 \rightarrow Refer to the section about *Pr.* 117. **Pr.** 450 \rightarrow Refer to the section about *Pr.* 71.

Pr.495 to 497

Remote output function (REM signal)

 Pr. 495 Remote output selection
 Pr. 496 Remote output data 1

 Pr. 497 Remote output data 2

You can utilize the on/off of the inverter's output signals instead of the remote output terminal of the programmable controller.

Pr.	Pr. Setting Becariation						
Number	Range	Description					
495	0 (initial value)	Remote output data clear at powering off	Remote output data is cleared during an				
	1	Remote output data held at powering off	inverter reset				
400	10	Remote output data clear at powering off	Remote output data is retained during an				
	11	Remote output data held at powering off	inverter reset				
496*	0 to 4095	Refer to the following diagram.					
497*	0 to 4095						

* The above parameters allow its setting to be changed during operation in any operation mode even if "0" (initial value) is set in *Pr. 77 Parameter write selection.*

<Remote output data>

Pr. 496 b11 b0 ABC Ľ RUN * * * * * *____ *____ * * 4 * Pr. 497 b11 b0 RA3 RA2 RA1 ≤ З ⋨ చ స 9 3 * * å å ů, ů, ů ů ň * * *

*1 As desired (always 0 when read)

*2 Y0 to Y6 are available only when the extension output option (FR-A7AY E kit) is fitted

*3 RA1 to RA3 are available only when the relay output option (FR-A7AR E kit) is fitted

*4 As desired for the CC-Link communication model (always "0" when read)

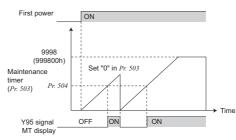
Pr. 502 \Rightarrow Refer to the section about *Pr. 117*.

Pr. 503, 504

Maintenance of parts

 $\frac{Pr. 503 \text{ Maintenance timer}}{\text{When the cumulative energization time of the inverter reaches the parameter set time, the maintenance timer output signal (Y95) is output. <math>\prod_{i=1}^{N}$ (MT) is displayed on the operation panel.

This can be used as a guideline for the maintenance time of peripheral devices.



• The cumulative energization time of the inverter is stored into the EEPROM every hour and indicated in *Pr. 503 Maintenance timer* in 100h increments. *Pr. 503* is clamped at 9998 (999800h).



Inverter setup using USB communication

Pr. 547 USB communication station number Pr. 548 USB communication check time interval

Inverter setup with setup software (FR Configurator) can be easily performed by USB communication.

(FR Configurator supports the standard control circuit terminal model only.)

Pr. Number	Setting Range	Description
547	0 (initial value)	Set the station number of USB device (inverter) within the range "0 to 31".
	1 to 31	(inverter) within the range of to 51.
548	0 to 999.8	Set the communication check time interval of USB communication. If data is not received within the time set in $Pr. 548$, $F \sqcup G \sqcup$ (E.USB) is displayed.
	9999 (initial value)	Communication time interval is not checked.

Pr. 549 Refer to the section about *Pr. 117*.

Pr. 550, 551 Refer to the section about *Pr. 338*.

Pr. 556 Data output mask time

Pr. 555 to 557

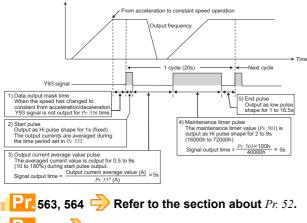
Current average value monitor signal

Pr. 555 Current average time Pr. 557 Current average value monitor signal output reference current

The average value of the output current during constant speed operation and the maintenance timer value are output as a pulse

to the current average value monitor signal (Y93). The pulse width output to the I/O module of the programmable controller or the like can be used as a guideline due to abrasion of machines and elongation of belt and for aged deterioration of devices to know the maintenance time.

The current average value monitor signal (Y93) is output as pulse for 20s as 1 cycle and repeatedly output during constant speed operation.



Pr. 571 \rightarrow Refer to the section about *Pr.* 13.

Pr. 611 Refer to the section about Pr. 57.

Pr.653

Reduce mechanical resonance

Pr. 653 Speed smoothing control

Mechanical vibration produced while motor is driving (resonance) can be reduced.

Set 100% in *Pr. 653* and check if the vibration will be reduced. Make adjustment gradually increasing the setting, until the vibration become the smallest.

Pr. 665, 882, 883, 885, 886

Regeneration avoidance function

Pr. 665 Regeneration avoidance frequency gain	Pr: 86
Pr. 883 Regeneration avoidance operation level	Pr. com
Pr. 886 Regeneration avoidance voltage gain	

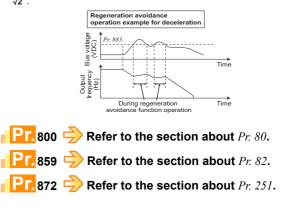
Pr. 882 Regeneration avoidance operation selection Pr. 885 Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value

This function detects a regeneration status and increases the frequency to avoid the regenerative status.

 Possible to avoid regeneration by automatically increasing the frequency and continue operation if the fan happens to rotate faster than the set speed due to the effect of another fan in the same duct.

Pr.	Setting	Description	
Number	Range	Description	
	0 (initial value)	Regeneration avoidance function invalid	
882	1	Regeneration avoidance function is always valid	
	2	Regeneration avoidance function is valid only during a constant speed operation	
883	300 to 800V	Set the bus voltage level at which regeneration avoidance operates. When the bus voltage level is set to low, overvoltage error will be less apt to occur. However, the actual deceleration time increases. The set value must be higher than	
		the "power supply voltage $\times \sqrt{2}$ " *.	
885	0 to 10Hz	Set the limit value of frequency which rises at activation of regeneration avoidance function.	
	9999	Frequency limit invalid	
886	0 to	Adjusts responsiveness at activation of regeneration avoidance. A larger setting will improve responsiveness to the bus voltage change. However, the output frequency could	
665	200%	change. However, the output frequency could become unstable. When the load inertia of the motor is large, decrease the $Pr. 886$ setting. When vibration is not suppressed by decreasing the $Pr. 886$ setting, set a smaller value in $Pr. 665$.	

* For single-phase 100V power input model, "power input voltage $\times 2 \times \sqrt{2}$ ".



888, 889

Free parameter

Pr. 889 Free parameter 1 Pr. 889 Free parameter 2

Parameters you can use for your own purposes.

You can input any number within the setting range 0 to 9999. For example, the number can be used:

- As a unit number when multiple units are used.
- As a pattern number for each operation application when multiple units are used.
- · As the year and month of introduction or inspection.

Features

Protective Functions

Options

Instructions

Motor

Compatibility

Warranty

Inquiry

Pr. C0(900)

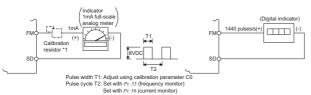
Adjustment of terminal FM output (calibration)

C0 (Pr. 900)FM terminal calibration

By using the operation panel or PU (FR-PU07), you can calibrate terminal FM to full scale deflection.

FM terminal calibration ($C\theta$ (Pr. 900))

- · The terminal FM is preset to output pulses. By setting the calibration parameter C0 (Pr. 900), the meter connected to the inverter can be calibrated by parameter setting without use of a calibration resistor.
- Using the pulse train output of the terminal FM, a digital display can be provided by a digital counter. The monitor value is 1440 pulses/s output at the full-scale value of Pr. 54 FM terminal function selection.



*1 Not needed when the operation panel or PU (FR-PU07) is used for calibration

Use a calibration resistor when the indicator (frequency meter) needs to be calibrated by a neighboring device because the indicator is located far from the inverter.

However, the frequency meter needle may not deflect to full-scale if the calibration resistor is connected. In this case, use this resistor and operation panel or PU (FR-PU07) together.

C2(902) to C7(905), C22(922) to C25(923)

 \Rightarrow Refer to the section about *Pr. 125*.

Pr 990

Buzzer control of the operation panel

Pr. 990 PU buzzer control

You can make the buzzer "beep" when you press key of the operation panel and parameter unit (FR-PU04/FR-PU07)

Pr. 990 Setting	Description
0	Without buzzer
1 (initial value)	With buzzer

P 991

PU contrast adjustment

Pr. 991 PU contrast adjustment

Contrast adjustment of the LCD of the parameter unit (FR-PU04/ FR-PU07) can be performed.

Decreasing the setting value makes contrast light.

Pr. 991 Setting	Description
0 to 63	0: Light ↓
	63: Dark

Pr.CL, ALLC, Er.CL, CH

Clear parameter, initial value change list

Pr.CL Parameter clear	ALLC All parameter clear
Er.CL Fault history clear	Pr.CH Initial value change list

- Set "1" in *Pr.CL parameter clear* to initialize all parameters. (Calibration parameters are not cleared.) *
- Set "1" in ALLC All parameter clear to initialize all parameters.*
- Set "1" in Er.CL Faults history clear to clear faults history.
- Using Pr.CH Initial value change list, only the parameters changed from the initial value can be displayed.
- * Parameters are not cleared when "1" is set in Pr. 77 Parameter write selection.

To perform energy-saving operation for an application such as a fan or pump

To perform energy-saving operation for an application such as a fan or pump, set the parameters as follows.

(1) Load pattern selection (Pr. 14)

Optimal output characteristics (V/F characteristics) can be selected for application or load characteristics.

- Set "1" (for variable-torque load) in Pr. 14 Load pattern selection.
- The output voltage will change in square curve against the output frequency at the base frequency or lower.

Output voltage 8	
	Pr. 3 Base frequency
	Output frequency (Hz)

Pr: 14 = 1

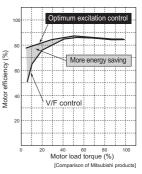
Set this parameter when driving a load with load torque change proportionally against the square of the rotation speed, such as a fan or pump.

(2) Energy saving control (Pr. 60)

Inverter will perform energy saving control automatically even when the detailed parameter settings are made.

It is appropriate for an application such as a fan or pump.

- Set Pr. 60 Energy saving control selection = "9" (Optimum excitation control mode).
- · The Optimum excitation control is a control method to decide the output voltage by controlling the excitation current so the efficiency of the motor is maximized.
- · The energy saving effect cannot be expected when the motor capacity is extremely smaller than the inverter capacity, or when multiple motors are connected to one inverter.



When a fault occurs, the inverter trips and the PU display automatically changes to any of the following fault or alarm indications.

	Function Name	Description	Display	l
5	Operation panel lock	Appears when operation was tried during operation panel lock.	ногя	l
	Password locked	Password function is active. Display and setting of parameter is restricted.	L0C8	l
*2	Parameter write error	Appears when an error occurred during parameter writing.	Er I to Er 4	
	Inverter reset	Appears when the RES signal is on.	Err.	ł
	Stall prevention (overcurrent)	Appears during overcurrent stall prevention.	0L	ł
	Stall prevention (overvoltage)	Appears during overvoltage stall prevention. Appears while the regeneration avoidance function is activated.	οί	
	Regenerative brake pre-alarm *7	Appears if the regenerative brake duty reaches or exceeds 85% of the <i>Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty</i> value. If the regenerative brake duty reaches 100%, a regenerative overvoltage (E. OV_) occurs.	сb	
	Electronic thermal relay function pre-alarm	Appears when the electronic thermal O/L relay has reached 85% of the specified value.	ſĦ	
*3	PU stop	Appears when $\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{STOP} \\ \text{RESET} \end{array} \right)$ on the operation panel was pressed during external operation.	ρs	
	Maintenance signal output *7	Appears when the cumulative energization time has exceeded the maintenance output timer set value.	nr	
	Undervoltage	Appears when the main circuit power became low voltage.	Uu	
	Safety stop *10	Appears when safety stop function is activated (during output shutoff).	58	ł
	24V external power supply operation *11	Flickers when the main circuit power supply is off and the 24V external power supply is being input.	ευ	1
*4	Fan alarm	Appears when the cooling fan remains stopped when operation is required or when the speed has decreased.	۶n	
	Overcurrent trip during acceleration	Appears when an overcurrent occurred during acceleration.	E.0C I	ł
	Overcurrent trip during constant speed	Appears when an overcurrent occurred during constant speed operation.	5 30.3	ł
	Overcurrent trip during deceleration or stop	Appears when an overcurrent occurred during deceleration and at a stop.	E.DC 3	
	Regenerative overvoltage trip during acceleration	Appears when an overvoltage occurred during acceleration.	E.O., I	
	Regenerative overvoltage trip during constant speed Regenerative overvoltage trip during	Appears when an overvoltage occurred during constant speed operation.	5.002	
	deceleration or stop	Appears when an overvoltage occurred during deceleration and at a stop.	E.Du 3	
	(electronic thermal O/L relay function) Motor overload trip	Appears when the electronic thermal relay function for inverter element protection was activated.	EF HF CCHR	
	(electronic thermal O/L relay function) *1	Appears when the electronic thermal relay function for motor protection was activated.	ε, ΓΗΠ	
	Heatsink overheat	Appears when the heatsink overheated.	6.81 m	1
	Input phase loss *8*9	May appear when one phase voltage is lost or differs greatly from others in three-phases power supply.	EJ L F	1
	Stall prevention stop	Appears when the output frequency drops to 1Hz as a result of deceleration due to the excess motor load.	E.01.1	1
	Brake transistor alarm detection	This function stops the inverter output if an alarm occurs in the brake circuit, e.g. damaged brake transistors. In this case, the inverter must be powered off immediately.	ε. δε	
	Output side earth (ground) fault overcurrent at start *7	Appears when an earth (ground) fault occurred on the inverter's output side. (detects only at a start)	E. GF	
	Output phase loss	If one of the three phases (U, V, W) on the inverter's output side (load side) is lost during inverter operation (except during DC injection brake operation and when output frequency is under 1Hz), inverter stops the output.	ε. <i>L</i> Γ ε ους	
*5	External thermal relay operation *6*7*12	Appears when the external thermal relay connected to the OH signal was activated.	E.OHF	ł
*5	Option fault	Appears when communication option is installed during password lock (<i>Pr. 296 Password lock level</i> = "0, 100").	E.0PF	ł
	Communication option fault	Appears when a communication error occurred in the communication option.	E.0P I	ł
	Option fault	Appears when a contact fault or the like of the connector between the inverter and communication option occurs.	ε. τ	
	Parameter storage device fault	Appears when operation of the element where parameters stored became abnormal. (control board)	E. PE	l
	Internal board fault	When a combination of control board and main circuit board is wrong, the inverter is tripped.	539,3	ł
	PU disconnection *12	Appears when a communication error between the PU and inverter occurred, the communication interval exceeded the permissible time during the RS-485 communication with the PU connector, or communication errors exceeded the number of retries during the RS-485 communication.	E.PUE	
	Retry count excess *7	Appears when the operation was not restarted within the set number of retries.	ErEf	ł
	100. y 00011 000000 */	Appears when the operation was not restanced within the set number of retires.		ł
	CPU fault	Appears during the CPU and peripheral circuit errors occurred.	E. S7 E. 67 E. 77 E.CPU	
	Inrush current limit circuit fault	Appears when the resistor of the inrush current limit circuit overheated.	EJ OH	ł
		Appears if voltage (current) is input to terminal 4 when the setting in Pr.267 Terminal 4 input selection	E.RI E	
	Analog input fault *12	and the setting of voltage/current input switch are different.		ł
	Analog input fault *12 Brake sequence error *7*13	The inverter output is stopped when a sequence error occurs during use of the brake sequence function (<i>Pr. 278</i> to <i>Pr. 285</i>).	ЕЛЬЧ to ЕЛЬП	ļ
		The inverter output is stopped when a sequence error occurs during use of the brake sequence	ельп	
	Brake sequence error *7*13	The inverter output is stopped when a sequence error occurs during use of the brake sequence function (<i>Pr. 278</i> to <i>Pr. 285</i>).		

*1 Resetting the inverter initializes the internal thermal integrated data of the electronic thermal relay function.

*2 The error message shows an operational error. The inverter output is not shut off.

*3 Warnings are messages given before fault occur. The inverter output is not shut off.

*4 Alarms warn the operator of failures with output signals. The inverter output is not shut off.

*5 When faults occur, the protective functions are activated to inverter trip and output the fault signals.

*6 The external thermal operates only when the OH signal is set in Pr. 178 to Pr. 184 (input terminal function selection).

*8 Protective function activates when Pr. 872 Input phase loss protection selection = "1". *9 Available for only three-phase power input models.

*10This protective function does not function for the standard control circuit terminal model. *11This protective function is available for the safety stop function model (with the FR-

E7DS), FL remote communication model, and CC-Link communication model.

*12This protective function does not function for the FL remote communication model and the CC-Link communication model.

*13This protective function does not function for the FL remote communication model.

Inquiry

Option list

By fitting the following options to the inverter, the inverter is provided with more functions. One type of plug-in option can be mounted.

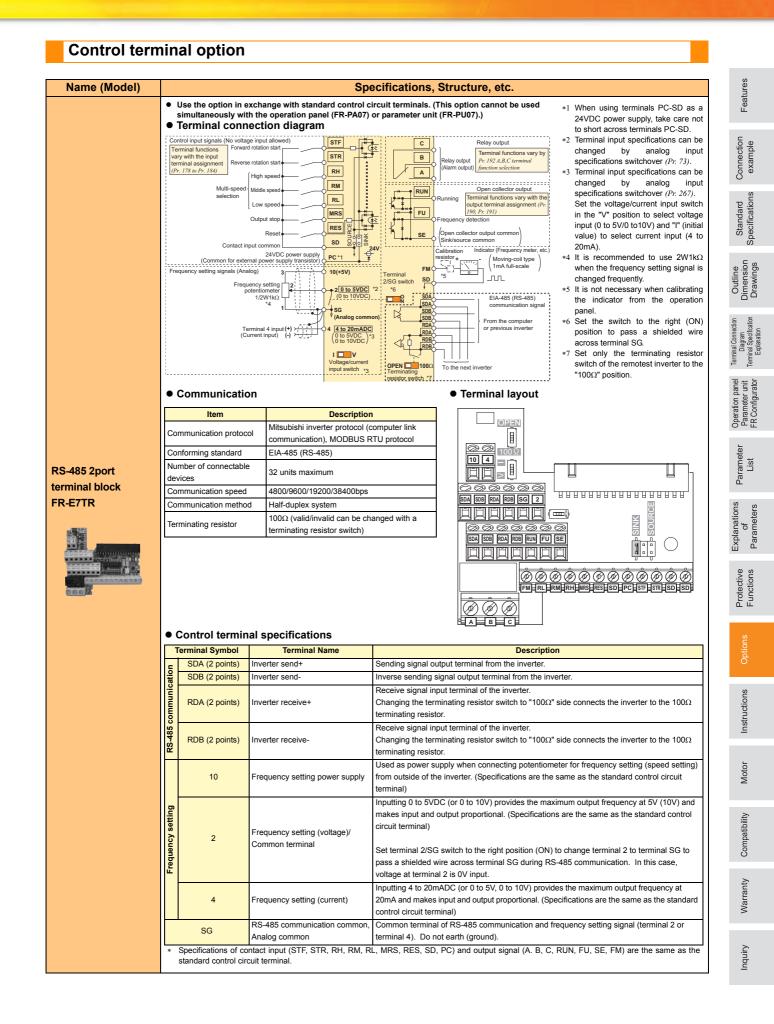
		Name	Model	Applications, Specifications, etc.	Applicable Inverter*1
	16-1	bit digital input	FR-A7AX E kit FR-A7A E kit	 This input interface sets the high frequency accuracy of the inverter using an external BCD or binary digital signal. 	Standard control circuit terminal model
			cover SC and FR-A7AX *2	BCD code 3 digits (maximum 999) Binary 12 bits (maximum FFFH) Binary 16 bits (maximum FFFH)	Safety stop function model
	Digi	ital output	FR-A7AY E kit	This option provides the inverter with open collector outputs selected from among the standard output signals.	Standard control circuit terminal model
	Extension analog output		FR-A7A E kit cover SC and FR-A7AY *2	 This option adds two different signals that can be monitored at the terminals AM0 and AM1, such as the output frequency, output voltage and output current. 20mADC or 10VDC meter can be connected. 	Safety stop function model
	Relay output		FR-A7AR E kit	This option provides the inverter with three different relay contact outputs selected from	Standard control circuit terminal model
			FR-A7A E kit cover SC and FR-A7AR *2	among the standard output signals.	Safety stop function model
be	24VDC input		FR-E7DS	 Connecting a 24V external power supply allows maintaining the I/O terminal function and the operation panel function (indication and key operation) even at power-OFF of inverter's main circuit power supply. 	Safety stop function model
Plug-in type		CC-Link communication	FR-A7NC E kit	This option allows the inverter to be operated or monitored or the parameter setting to be changed from programmable controller, etc.	Standard control circuit terminal model
Plu			FR-A7NC E kit cover SC and FR-A7NC*2		Safety stop function model
			FR-A7NL E kit		Standard control circuit terminal model
	Communication	LONWORKS communication	FR-A7NL E kit cover SC and FR-A7NL*2		Safety stop function model
	ommu	cover SC ar	FR-A7ND E kit		Standard control circuit terminal model
			FR-A7ND E kit cover SC and FR-A7ND*2		Safety stop function model
			FR-A7NP E kit		Standard control circuit terminal model
		PROFIBUS-DP communication	FR-A7NP E kit cover SC and FR-A7NP*2		Safety stop function model
Control terminal	RS-485 2-port terminal block		FR-E7TR	Multi-drop connection is easy with the 2 port terminal block adapted for EIA-485 (RS-485) communication terminal.	Standard control circuit terminal model

IRIGINIL $E_{700\,series}$

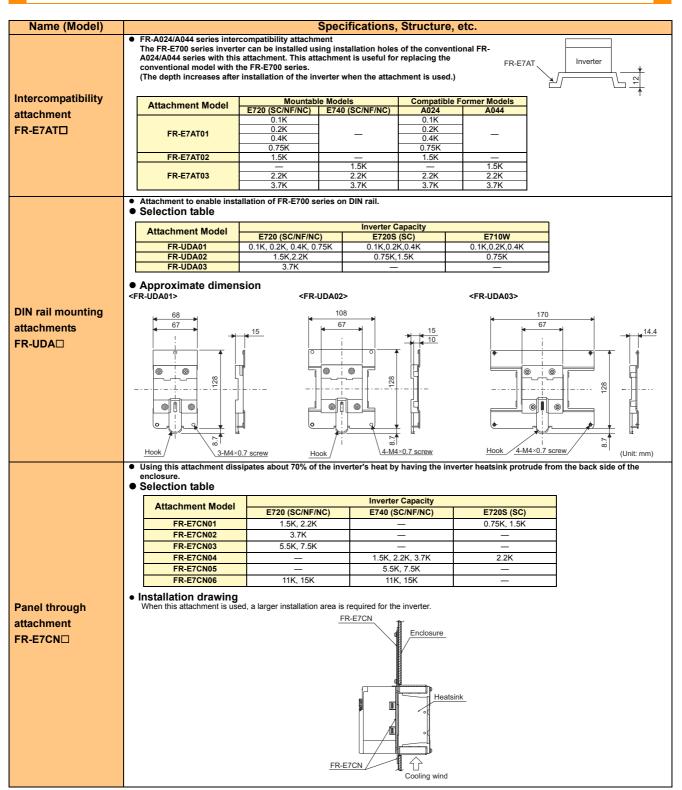
	Name	Model	Applications, Specifications, etc.	Applicable Inverter*1	
	Parameter unit (8 languages)	FR-PU07	Interactive parameter unit with LCD display		
	Parameter unit with battery pack	FR-PU07BB	This parameter unit enables parameter setting without connecting the inverter to power		S
	Enclosure surface operation panel	FR-PA07	supply. This operation panel enables inverter operation and monitoring of frequency, etc. from the enclosure surface	Standard control circuit terminal	Features
	Parameter unit connection cable	FR-CB20□	Cable for connection of operation panel or parameter unit	model	ш
	USB cable	MR-J3USBCBL3M Cable length 3m	□ indicates a cable length. (1m, 3m, 5m) Connector for amplifier Connector for personal computer mini-B connector (5 pin) A connector	Safety stop function model	ction
	Intercompatibility attachment	FR-E7AT01 to 03	For installation of a FR-E700 series inverter to the installation holes of FR-A024/A044 series inverter.	3.7K or lower. The option's model varies with the	Connection s example
	DIN rail attachment	FR-UDA01 to 03	Attachment for installation on DIN rail	inverter's model. 3.7K or lower. The option's model varies with the inverter's model.	Standard Specifications
	Panel through attachment	FR-E7CN01 to 06	Using this attachment dissipates about 70% of the inverter's heat by having the inverter heatsink protrude from the back side of the enclosure.	All capacities. The option's model varies with the inverter's model.	
	Totally enclosed structure specification attachment for the FR-E700 series	FR-E7CV01 to 04	Installing the attachment to the inverter changes the protective structure of the inverter to the totally enclosed structure (IP40 equivalent as specified by JEM1030).	7.5K or lower of the 200V class of the standard control circuit terminal model. The option's model varies with the inverter's model.	Terminal Connection Outline Dagam Terminal Specification Dimension Expanation Drawings
	AC reactor	FR-HAL		All capacities. The option's model	Termi
	DC reactor	FR-HEL	For harmonic current reduction and inverter input power factor improvement	varies with the inverter's model.	
Jared	EMC Directive compliant noise filter	SF, FR-E5NF, FR-S5NFSA	EMC Directive (EN61800-3 C3) compliant noise filter	All capacities. The option's model varies with the inverter's model.	Operation panel Parameter unit FR Configurator
e sł		FR-A5AT03		11K of the 200V class	
Stand-alone shared	EMC compliant EMC filter installation attachment	FR-AAT02	For installation of the inverter to the EMC Directive compliant EMC filter (SF).	15K of the 200V class, and 11K and 15K of the 400V class 2.2K to 7.5K of the	Parameter List
S		FR-E5T(-02)		200V class. The option's model varies with the inverter's model.	Explanations of Parameters
	Radio noise filter	FR-BIF(H)	For radio noise reduction (connect to the input side)		xpla ara
	Line noise filter	FR- BSF01, FR- BLF	For line noise reduction	All capacities.	ш́с
	Filterpack	FR-BFP2	Combination of power factor improving DC reactor, common mode choke, and capacitative filter	0.4K or higher of the three-phase power input model. The option's model varies with the inverter's model.	Protective Functions
	Brake resistor		For increasing the regenerative braking capability (permissible duty 3%ED)	0.4K or higher. The	
	High-duty brake resistor Brake unit, Resistor unit, Discharging resistor	GZG, GRZG type	For increasing the regenerative braking capability (permissible duty 10%/6%ED) For increasing the braking capability of the inverter (for high-inertia load or negative load) Brake unit, electrical-discharge resistor and resistor unit are used in combination	option's model varies with the inverter's model.	Options
	Power regeneration common converter Stand-alone reactor dedicated for the FR-CV	FR-CV FR-CVL	Unit which can return motor-generated braking energy back to the power supply in common converter system	All capacities of the standard control	
	High power factor converter	FR-HC2	The high power factor converter switches the converter section on/off to reshape an input current waveform into a sine wave, greatly suppressing harmonics. (Used in combination with the standard accessory.)	circuit terminal model and safety stop function model. The option's model varies with the inverter's model.	Instructions
	Surge voltage suppression filter	FR-ASF	Filter for suppressing surge voltage on motor	All capacities of the 400V class. The option's model varies with the inverter's model. 5.5K or higher of	Motor
		FR-BMF		the 400V class. The option's model varies with the inverter's model.	Compatibility
					ŭ

Name		Model	Applications, Specifications, etc.	Applicable Inverter*1
<u> </u>	Manual controller	FR-AX	For independent operation. With frequency meter, frequency potentiometer and start switch.	
le	DC tach. follower	FR-AL	For synchronous operation (1VA) by external signal (0 to 5V, 0 to 10V DC)*3	
anual controller	Three speed selector	FR-AT	For three speed switching, among high, middle and low speed operation (1.5VA)*3	
manual ed contr	Motorized speed setter	FR-FK	For remote operation. Allows operation to be controlled from several places (5VA)*3	
	Ratio setter	FR-FH	For ratio operation. The ratios of five inverters can be set (3VA)*3	
es pe	Speed detector	FR-FP	For tracking operation by a pilot generator (PG) signal (2VA)*3	
FR series roller/spec	Master controller	FR-FG	Master controller (5VA) for parallel operation of multiple (maximum 35) inverters.*3	
le Rs	Soft starter	FR-FC	For soft start and stop. Enables acceleration/deceleration in parallel operation (3VA)*3	
FR series m controller/speed	Deviation detector	FR-FD	For continuous speed control operation. Used in combination with a deviation sensor or synchro (5VA)*3	All capacities.
0	Preamplifier	FR-FA	Used as an A/V converter or arithmetic amplifier (3VA)*3	
	Pilot generator	QVAH-10	For tracking operation. 70V/35VAC 500Hz (at 2500r/min)	
	Deviation sensor	YVGC-500W-NS	For continuous speed control operation (mechanical deviation detection) Output 90VAC/90°C	
	Frequency setting potentiometer	WA2W 1kΩ	For frequency setting. Wire-wound 2W 1kΩ type B characteristic	
s	Analog frequency meter (64mm × 60mm)	YM206NRI 1mA	Dedicated frequency meter (graduated to 130Hz). Moving-coil type DC ammeter	
	Calibration resistor	RV24YN 10kΩ	For frequency meter calibration. Carbon film type B characteristic	
Other	FR Configurator SW3 (VFD setup software)	FR-SW3- SETUP-WE	Supports an inverter startup to maintenance.	Standard control circuit terminal model, safety stop function model, CC-Link communication model

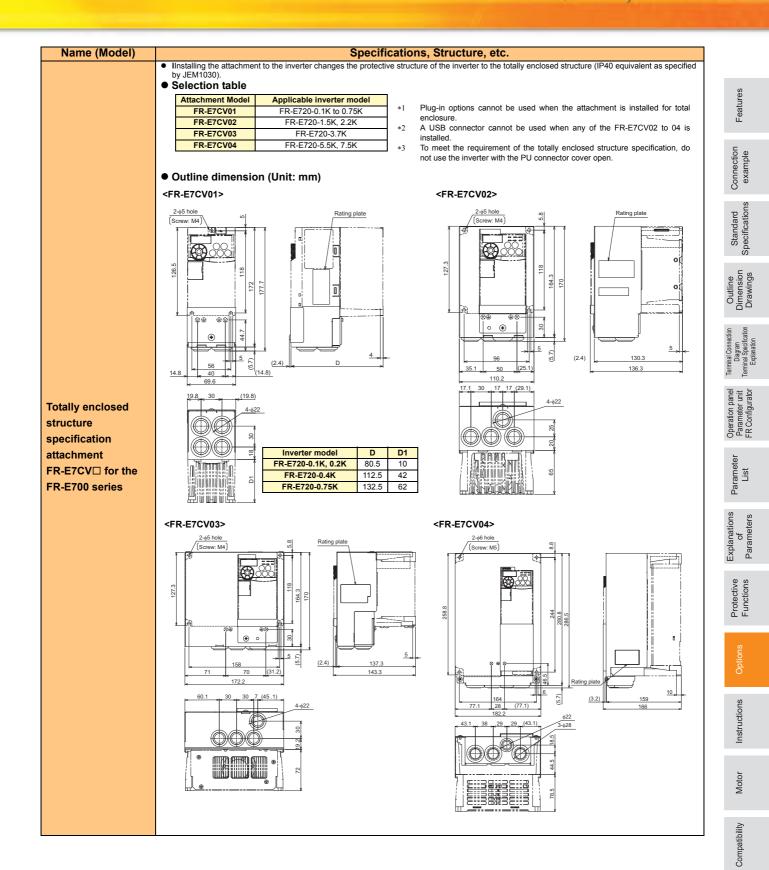
*1 The connectable inverter models or applicable capacities differ for each option. (To check the inverter lineup, refer to *page 8.*)
*2 Prepare both the dedicated E kit cover and the plug-in option unit.
*3 Rated power consumption. The power supply specifications of the FR series manual controllers and speed controllers are 200VAC 50Hz, 220V/220VAC 60Hz, and 115VAC 60Hz.



Stand-alone option



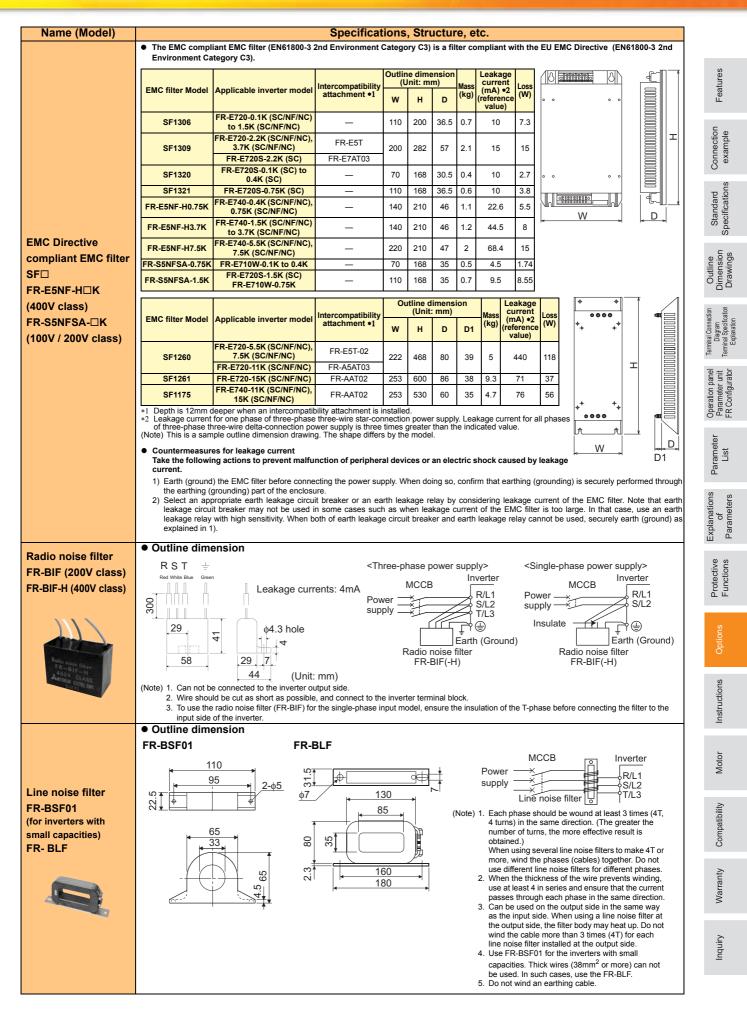
Hill Hill E_{700} series

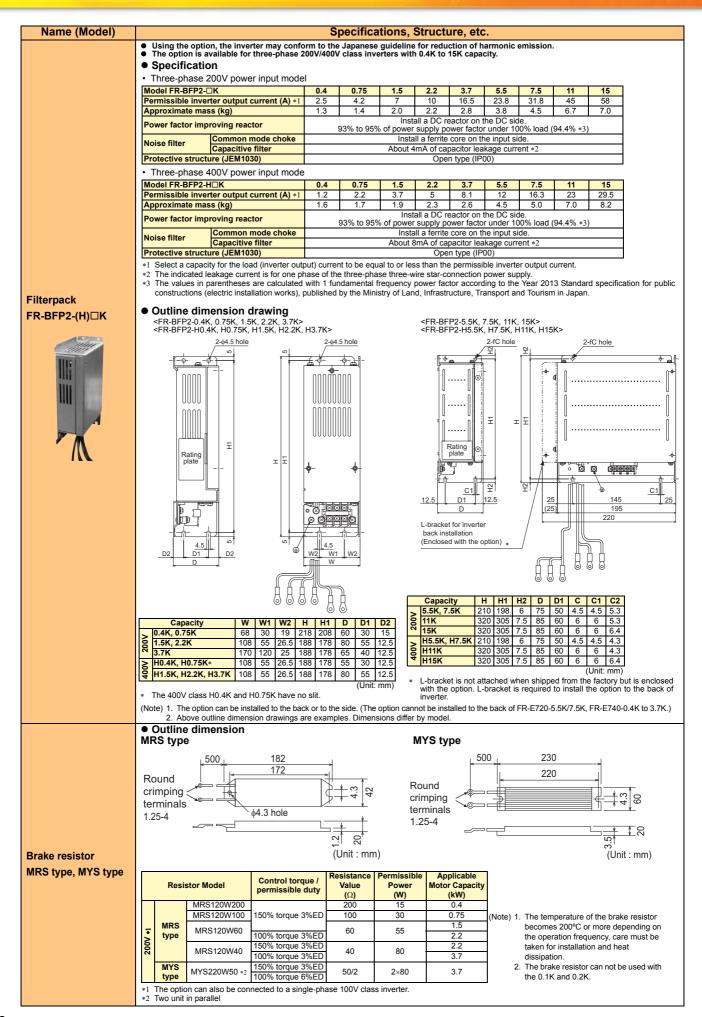


Warranty

Name (Model)								Specificat	ions.	Stru	cture.	etc.	
	• 0	utline dir	nensi	on					,				
												(Unit: mm)
	Inve	erter Model	w	D	н	Mass (kg)	Inv	erter Model	w	D	н	Mass (kg)	Less than D
C reactor		0.4K	104	72	99	0.6		H0.4K	135	59.6	115	1.5	
or power		0.75K	104	74	99	0.8		H0.75K	135	59.6	115	1.5	
· · · ·		1.5K	104	77	99	1.1	400V	H1.5K	135	59.6	115	1.5	
oordination)	_	2.2K	115	77	115	1.5		H2.2K	135	59.6	115	1.5	
R-HAL-(H)⊟K	200	3.7K	115	83	115	2.2		H3.7K	135	70.6	115	2.5	
		5.5K	115	83	115	2.3		H5.5K	160	72	142	3.5	H
		7.5K	130	100	135	4.2		H7.5K	160	91	142	5.0	W
		11K	160	111	164	5.2		H11K	160	91	146	6.0	
		15K	160	126	167	7.0		H15K	220	105	195	9.0	
	(Note	(Note) 1. Make selection according to the applied motor capacity. (When the inverter capacity is larger than the motor capacity, make selection according to the motor capacity)											ger than
		 Outline Install th Keep er 	dimensi ne AC re nough cl	on draw eactor (F earance	ring show R-HAL) around	wn is a o on hori: the rea	one o zonta ctor t	l or vertical pl	del. The ane. ts up. (ł	shape o Keep a c	differs a	ccording) to each models. mum 10cm each on top and bottom and minimun
	• 0	Outline dimension											
		(Unit:mm)											
	Inve			-	н	(kg)	inv			-		(kg)	Less than D
		0.4K 0.75K	70 85	61 61	71 81	0.4		H0.4K H0.75K	90 66	60 70	78 100	0.6	
. .		1.5K	85	70	81	0.5	400V	H1.5K	66	80	100	1	
C reactor	200V	2.2K	85	70	81	0.9		H2.2K	76	80	110	1.3	
or power		3.7K	77	82	92	1.5		H3.7K	86	95	120	2.3	
oordination)		5.5K	77	92	92	1.9		H5.5K	96	100	128	3	H W
ber amation,		7.5K	86	98	113	2.5		H7.5K	96	105	128	3.5	
		11K	105	112	133	3.3		H11K	105	110	137	4.5	
R-HEL-(H)□K		15K	105	115	133	4.1		H15K	105	125	152		
R-HEL-(H)□K	(Note) 1 Be sure	to remo	ve the i	imper a	cross th	o inv	arter terminale	P/+_P1	(A faile	ire to de	5	produce no power factor improving effect))

HINHUL $E_{700 \, \text{series}}$

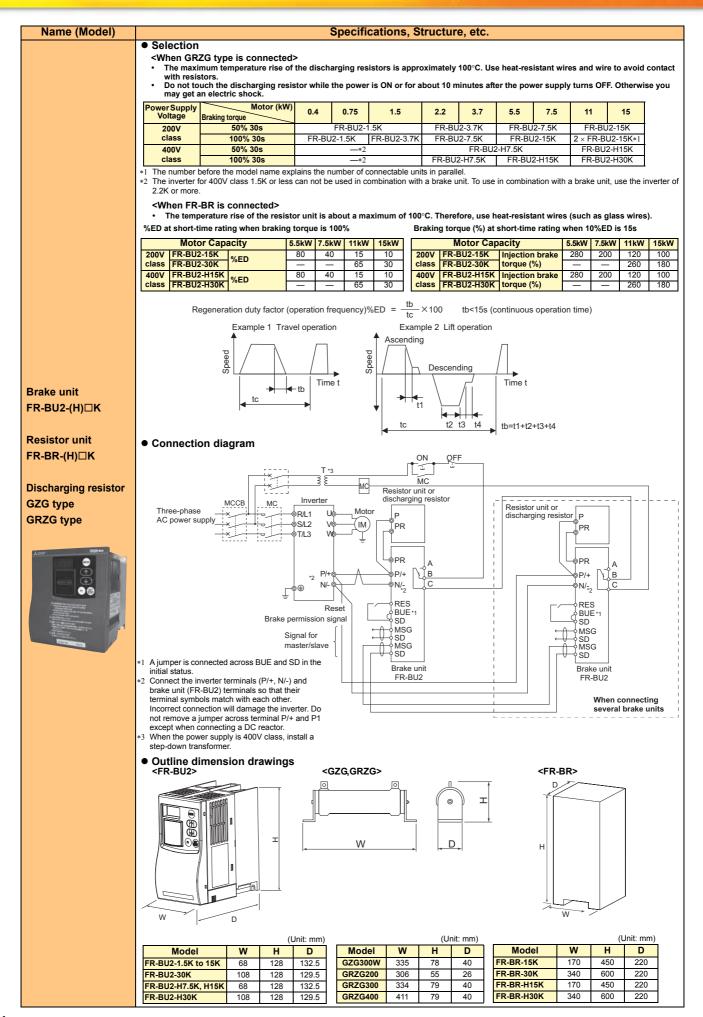


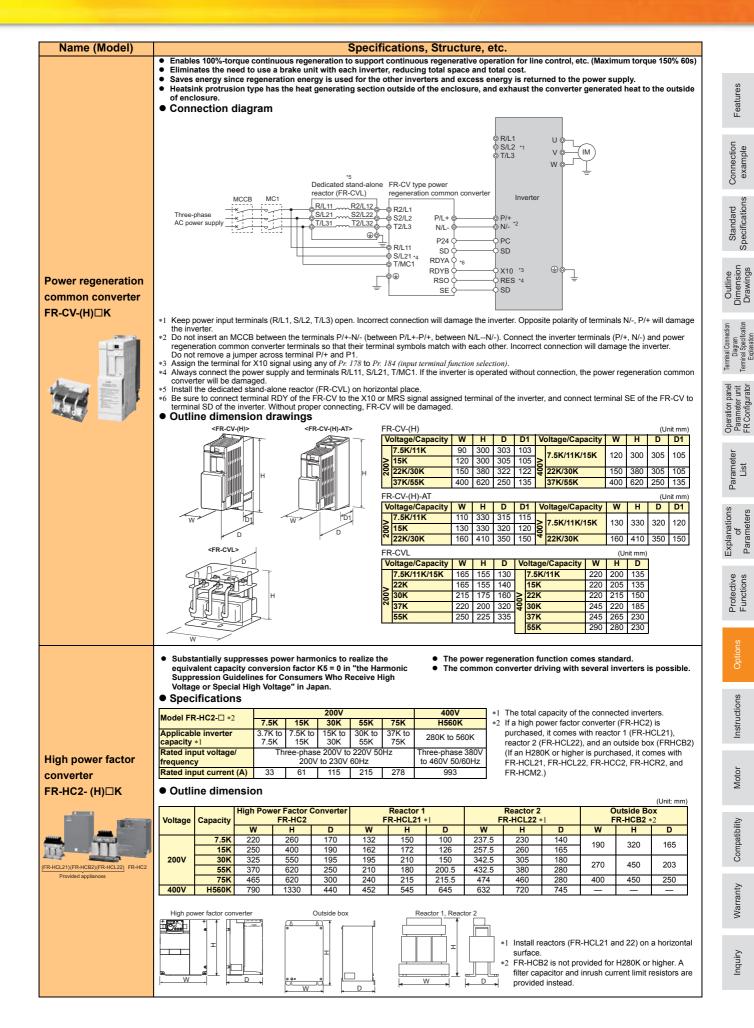


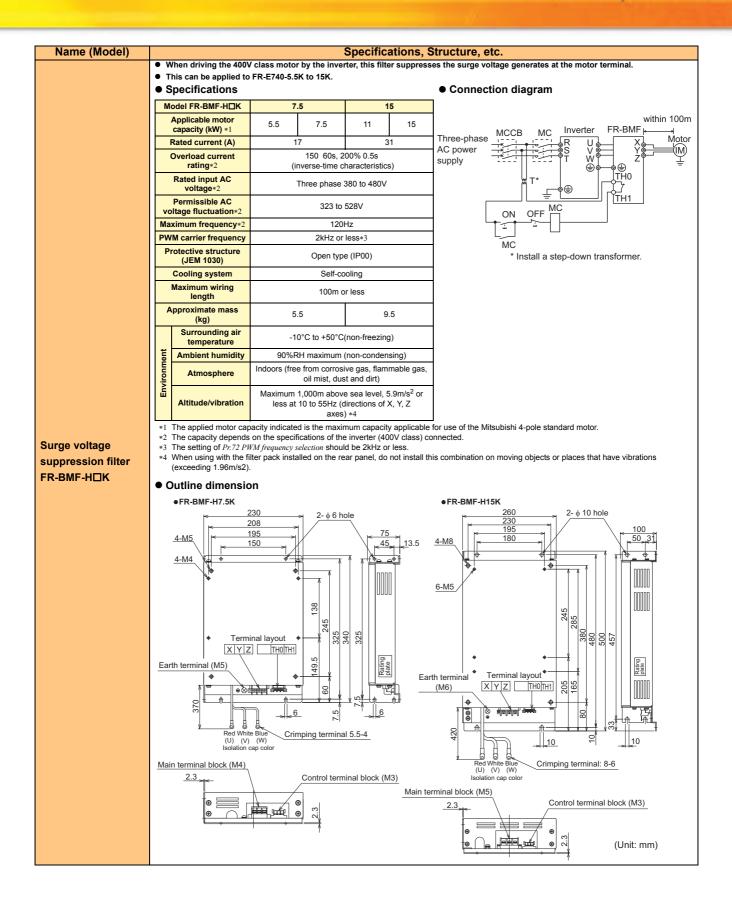
Name (Model)		Outline dimer	acion			\$	Spea	cificat	ions,	, S	tructure, e	tc.								
	•	Outline uniter	151011																(Unit: mm)	
				Out	line C	Dimen	sion	ance Je Mass						Outline Dimension			9	Mass)	se	
		Brake Resistor Model	Permissible Brake Duty	w	W1	D	н	Resistance Value (Ω)	Approx. M (kg)		Brake Resistor Model	, Pe	ermissible Brake Duty	w	W1	D	н	Resistance Value	Approx. M (kg)	Features
		FR-ABR-0.4K	10%	140	500	40	21	200	0.2		FR-ABR-H0.4	ĸ	10%	115	500	40	21	1200	0.2	E m
		FR-ABR-0.75K	10%	215	500	40	21	100	0.4		FR-ABR-H0.7	5K	10%	140	500	40	21	700	0.2	Connection example
		FR-ABR-2.2K+2	10%	240	500	50	26	60	0.5		FR-ABR-H1.5		10%	215	500	40	21	350	0.4	onn exa
High-duty	5		109/	215	500	61	33	40	0.0	>	FR-ABR-H2.2	_	10%	240 215	500 500	50 61	26 33	250	0.5	
brake resistor	200V+1	FR-ABR-3.7K FR-ABR-5.5K	10% 10%	335	500	61	33	40 25	0.8	400	FR-ABR-H3.7 FR-ABR-H5.5	_	10% 10%	335	500	61	33	150 110	0.8	p.
FR-ABR-(H)□K	l î	FR-ABR-7.5K	10%	400	500	80	40	20	2.2		FR-ABR-H7.5		10%	400	500	80	40	75	2.2	Standard
		FR-ABR-11K	6%	400	700	100	50	13	3.5		FR-ABR-H11	(6%	400	700	100	50	52	3.2	Standard Specifications
and the		FR-ABR-15K+3	6%	300	700	100	50	18 (×1/2)	2.4 (×2)		FR-ABR-H15K	*4	6%	300	700	100	50	18 (×2)	2.4 (×2)	
	 *1 The option can also be connected to a single-phase 100V class inverter. *2 For the 1.5K and 2.2K inverter. *3 For the 15K brake resistor, configure so that two 18Ω resistors are connected in parallel. *4 For the 15K brake resistor, configure so that two 18Ω resistors are connected in series. FR-ABR-15K is indicated on the resistor. 										Outline Dimension Drawings									
		(same resistor as t	the 200V class	15K)				above 2. The te	mperat	ture	e brake duty sett of the brake res must be taken fo	istor b	ecomes 30	0°C or	more	depe				al Co Diagra al Spe
	3. MYS type resistor can be also used. Note that the permissible brake duty.								anel unit ator											
	discribing resistor. Select non the discrizing resistor decording to the required braking torque.									Opera Parar FR Cc										
		Specification Brake Unit>																		Parameter List
		odel FR-BU2-D	pacity		_	<mark>1.5K</mark> Ca	pacity	3.7K		00V 7.5		accor	30K	H7.5 brakir		H1	00V 15K d dutv	-	80K	Parar Li
	С	onnected brake re ultiple (parallel) or	sistor					G	RZG typ	pe,	FR-BR (refer to Up t	the tat c 10 ur	ble below fo nits	r com	binatio	ons)				Explanations of Parameters
Brake unit		pproximate mass			(0.9	nat tor	0.9		0.9	ot more than the 0.9	e tolera	1.4	rent a			onneci).9		.4	Explanations of Parameters
FR-BU2-(H)□K	*1	The option can als	o be connecte	d to a	single	e-phas	e 100	V class i	nverter.		•		•							Expl
	<	Discharging resi	stor>																	-
Resistor unit	M	odel GRZG type +2			670	2200\/	E0 0	GRZG20	200		ZG300-5Ω GR	ZG400	-2Ω GRZG	200.40		400 RZG3		CBZC	3400-2 Ω	ons
FR-BR-(H)□K	IVI	odel GRZG type +2			GZU	(1 unit		(3 uni				6 units		200-10 Inits)	G	(4 un			units)	Protective Functions
Discharging resistor		umber of connecta		ue (C		1 unit 50	:	3 in se (1 se 30		4	in series 6 (1 set) 20	in serie (1 set) 12) (2	series sets) 60	; 8	8 in se (2 se 40	ets)	(2 s	series sets) 24	Prc Fu
GZG type		ontinuous permise			.,	100		300			600	1200		600		120			400	Ś
GRZG type		The 1 set contains Resistor unit>	the number o	f units	in the	e parer	nthese	es. For th	e 400V	' cla	iss, 2 sets are re	equirec	d.							Options
	м	odel FR-BR-□						00V			400									
		rake resistor total	resistance va	ue (O	2)	15K 8		30		+	H15K 32		30K 16							SL
	С	ontinuous permiss	sible power (V		<u></u>	990		19		T	990	19	990							rotio
		pproximate mass Combinations		unit	and	15 resi	stor	unit	0	1	15	3	30							Instructions
											sistor/Resistor	Unit N	Model							
	Brake Unit GRZG type FR-BR							Motor												
		FR-BU2-1	.5K	C	SZG 3	00W-5		1 unit)			1 unit				-					Ň
		200V FR-BU2-3				200-1					3 in series (1				—					
		class FR-BU2-7				300-5		,	+		4 in series (1 6 in series (1	,		FR-		5K	\rightarrow			lity
	FR-BU2-15K GRZG 400-2Ω (6 units) 6 in series (1 set) FR-BR-15K FR-BU2-30K — — — FR-BR-30K					Compatibility														
		400V FR-BU2-I				200-1					6 in series (2 s				—					dmo
		class FR-BU2-H				300-5 400-2		,	+		8 in series (2 s 12 in series (2	,			3R-H1 3R-H3		\rightarrow			0
	*3	The 1 set contains							e 400V	' cla			d.	L						ty

Inquiry

Warranty







Dimension Drawings

Parameters

Instructions

Motor

Compatibility

Warranty

Inquiry

Peripheral devices/cable size list

		Motor	(MCC) or Earth Leakage	Circuit Breaker CB)*1 Current Breaker or NV type)	Mag	Side netic ictor∗3		imended (uge (mm ²)		Rea	ctor		
Voltage	Applicable Inverter Model	Output (kW)		nproving (AC or Connection	Improvin DC) R	Power Factor		Power Factor Improving (AC or DC) Reactor		R/L1, S/L2, T/L3*4 Power Factor Improving (AC or DC) Reactor Connection		FR-HAL	FR-HEL
			Without	With	Without	With	Without	With					
	FR-E720-0.1K(SC)(NF)(NC)	0.1	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	0.4K*7	0.4K*7		
	FR-E720-0.2K(SC)(NF)(NC)	0.2	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	0.4K*7	0.4K*7		
	FR-E720-0.4K(SC)(NF)(NC)	0.4	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	0.4K	0.4K		
200V	FR-E720-0.75K(SC)(NF)(NC)	0.75	10A	10A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	0.75K	0.75K		
se 2	FR-E720-1.5K(SC)(NF)(NC)	1.5	15A	15A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	1.5K	1.5K		
Three-phase	FR-E720-2.2K(SC)(NF)(NC)	2.2	20A	15A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	2.2K	2.2K		
ee-p	FR-E720-3.7K(SC)(NF)(NC)	3.7	30A	30A	S-T21	S-N10	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.7K	3.7K		
Thr	FR-E720-5.5K(SC)(NF)(NC)	5.5	50A	40A	S-T35	S-T21	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5K	5.5K		
	FR-E720-7.5K(SC)(NF)(NC)	7.5	60A	50A	S-T35	S-T35	14	8	8	7.5K	7.5K		
	FR-E720-11K(SC)(NF)(NC)	11	75A	75A	S-T35	S-T35	14	14	14	11K	11K		
	FR-E720-15K(SC)(NF)(NC)	15	125A	100A	S-T50	S-T50	22	22	22	15K	15K		
	FR-E740-0.4K(SC)(NF)(NC)	0.4	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	H0.4K	H0.4K		
	FR-E740-0.75K(SC)(NF)(NC)	0.75	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	H0.75K	H0.75K		
4000	FR-E740-1.5K(SC)(NF)(NC)	1.5	10A	10A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	H1.5K	H1.5K		
D 4	FR-E740-2.2K(SC)(NF)(NC)	2.2	15A	10A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	H2.2K	H2.2K		
	FR-E740-3.7K(SC)(NF)(NC)	3.7	20A	15A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	H3.7K	H3.7K		
I III ee-biigse	FR-E740-5.5K(SC)(NF)(NC)	5.5	30A	20A	S-T21	S-T12	3.5	2	2	H5.5K	H5.5K		
Ĕ	FR-E740-7.5K(SC)(NF)(NC)	7.5	30A	30A	S-T21	S-T21	3.5	3.5	3.5	H7.5K	H7.5K		
	FR-E740-11K(SC)(NF)(NC)	11	50A	40A	S-T21	S-T21	5.5	5.5	5.5	H11K	H11K		
	FR-E740-15K(SC)(NF)(NC)	15	60A	50A	S-T35	S-T21	8	5.5	5.5	H15K	H15K		
3	FR-E720S-0.1K(SC)	0.1	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	0.4K*7	0.4K*7		
2002	FR-E720S-0.2K(SC)	0.2	5A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	0.4K*7	0.4K*7		
ase	FR-E720S-0.4K(SC)	0.4	10A	10A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	0.75K*7	0.75K*7		
single-Phase	FR-E720S-0.75K(SC)	0.75	15A	10A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	1.5K*7	1.5K∗7		
algr	FR-E720S-1.5K(SC)	1.5	20A	20A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	2.2K*7	2.2K*7		
5	FR-E720S-2.2K(SC)	2.2	40A	30A	S-T21	S-T10	3.5	3.5	2	3.7K ∗7	3.7K∗7		
2001	FR-E710W-0.1K	0.1	10A	5A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	0.75K*6, *7	*8		
e-Phase 1	FR-E710W-0.2K	0.2	10A	10A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	1.5K*6, *7	*8		
gle-r	FR-E710W-0.4K	0.4	15A	15A	S-T10	S-T10	2	2	2	2.2K*6, *7	*8		
Single	FR-E710W-0.75K	0.75	30A	20A	S-T10	S-T10	3.5	3.5	2	3.7K*6, *7	*8		

*1 Select an MCCB according to the inverter power supply capacity. Install one MCCB per inverter.

*2 For the use in the United States or Canada, select a UL and cUL certified fuse with Class T fuse equivalent cut-off speed or faster with the appropriate rating for branch circuit protection. Alternatively, select a UL489 molded case circuit breaker (MCCB).

*3 Magnetic contactor is selected based on the AC-1 class. The electrical durability of magnetic contactor is 500,000 times. When the magnetic contactor is used for emergency stop during motor driving, the electrical durability is 25 times. If using an MC for emergency stop during motor driving, select an MC regarding the inverter input side current as JEM1038-AC-3 class rated current. When

using an MC on the inverter output side for commercial-power supply operation switching using a general purpose motor, select an MC regarding the motor rated current as JEM1038-AC-3 class rated current.

*4 When using a single-phase power input model, terminals are R/L1 and S/L2.

*5 The cable size is that of the cable (HIV cable (600V class 2 vinyl-insulated cable) etc.) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 75°C. Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 50°C or less and the wiring distance is 20m or less.

*6 When connecting a single-phase 100V power input inverter to a power transformer (50kVA or more), install a AC reactor (FR-HAL) so that the performance is more reliable.

*7 The power factor may be slightly lower.

*8 Single-phase 100V power input model is not compatible with DC reactor.



Note
When the inverter capacity is larger than the motor capacity, select an MCCB and a magnetic contactor according to the inverter type and cable and reactor according to the motor output.

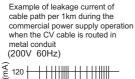
• When the breaker on the inverter primary side trips, check for the wiring fault (short circuit), damage to internal parts of the inverter, etc. Identify the cause of the trip, then remove the cause and power on the breaker.

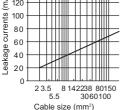
77

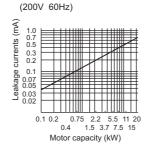
Selecting the rated sensitivity current for the earth leakage current breaker

When using the earth leakage current breaker with the inverter circuit, select its rated sensitivity current as follows, independently of the PWM carrier frequency.

- Breaker designed for harmonic and surge suppression Rated sensitivity current l∆n≥10×(lg1+lgn+lgi+lg2+lgm)
- Standard breaker
 - Rated sensitivity current I Δ n \geq 10×{Ig1+Ign+Igi+3X(Ig2+Igm)}
 - Ig1, Ig2: Leakage currents in wire path during commercial power supply operation
 - Ign : Leakage current of inverter input side noise filter
 - Igm : Leakage current of motor during commercial power supply operation Igi : Leakage current of inverter unit







Example of leakage current of three-

commercial power supply operation (Totally-enclosed fan-cooled

> 3.7 7.5 15 2.2 5.5 11 2

20

phase induction motor during the

type motor 400V60Hz)

2. (

1. 0

0.7 0.5

0. 3

0. 2

0.

1.5

(mA)

eakage currents

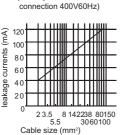
Example of leakage current

during the commercial

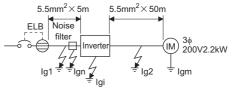
power supply operation

of three-phase induction motor

Example of leakage current per 1km during the commercial power supply operation when the CV cable is routed in metal conduit (Three-phase three-wire delta



Cable size (mm²) Motor capacity (kW) For "人" connection, the amount of leakage current is appox.1/3 of the above value Example



(Note) 1 Install the earth leakage breaker (ELB) on the input side of the inverter.

2 In the 人 connection earthed-neutral system, the sensitivity current is blunt against an earth (ground) fault in the inverter output side. Earthing (Grounding) must conform to the requirements of national and local safety regulations and electrical codes. (NEC section 250, IEC 536 class 1 and other applicable standards)

•Selection example (in the case of the above figure)

	Breaker Designed for Harmonic and Surge Suppression	Standard Breaker			
Leakage current Ig1 (mA)	33 × 5n 1,00	n 0m = 0.17			
Leakage current Ign (mA)	0 (without noise filter)				
Leakage current Igi (mA)	1				
Leakage current Ig2 (mA)	$33 \times \frac{50m}{1,000m} = 1.65$				
Motor leakage current Igm (mA)	0.1	8			
Total leakage current (mA)	3.00	6.66			
Rated sensitivity current (mA) (≥lg×10)	30	100			

Precautions for use of the inverter

A Safety Precautions

- To operate the inverter correctly and safely, be sure to read the "instruction manual" before starting operation.
- This product has not been designed or manufactured for use with any equipment or system operated under life-threatening conditions.
- Please contact our sales office when you are considering using this product in special applications such as passenger mobile, medical, aerospace, nuclear, power or undersea relay equipment or system.
- Although this product is manufactured under strict quality control, safety devices should be installed when a serious accident or loss is expected by a failure of this product.
- The load used should be a three-phase induction motor only.

Operation

- A magnetic contactor (MC) provided on the input side should not be used to make frequent starts and stops. It could cause the inverter to fail.
- However, at this time, the motor cannot be brought to a sudden stop. Hence, provide a mechanical stopping/holding mechanism for the machine/equipment which requires an emergency stop.
- It will take time for the capacitor to discharge after shutoff of the inverter power supply. When accessing the inverter for inspection, wait for at least 10 minutes after the power supply has been switched off, and check to make sure that there are no residual voltage using a tester or the like.

Wiring

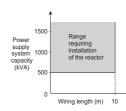
- Application of power to the output terminals (U, V, W) of the inverter will damage the inverter. Therefore, fully check the wiring and sequence to ensure that wiring is correct, etc. before powering on.
- The terminals P/+, PR, P1, N/- are provided for connection of a dedicated option. Do not connect anything other than a dedicated option and DC power supply.
 Do not short the frequency setting power supply terminal 10 and

Do not short the frequency setting power supply terminal 10 and common terminal 5 or the terminal PC and terminal SD.

 To remove the wire connected to the control circuit terminal on the safety stop function model, pull the wire while pressing down the open/close button firmly with a flathead screwdriver.
 Otherwise, the terminal block may be damaged.

Power supply

 When the inverter is connected under a large-capacity power transformer (500kVA or more transformer) or when a power capacitor is to be switched over, an excessive peak current may flow in the power input circuit, damaging the inverter.



⁻eatures

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Standard

Also when connecting a single-phase 100V power input inverter to a power transformer (50kVA or more), install a AC reactor (FR-HAL) so that the performance is more reliable.

- To prevent this, always install an optional AC reactor (FR-HAL). • If a surge voltage occurs in the power supply system, this surge
- energy may flow into the inverter, causing the inverter to display overvoltage protection (E.OV□) and come to an inverter trip. To prevent this, always install an optional AC reactor (FR-HAL).

Installation

- Avoid hostile environment where oil mist, fluff, dust particles, etc. are suspended in the air, and install the inverter in a clean place or put it in an ingress-protected "enclosed" enclosure. When placing the inverter in an enclosure, determine the cooling system and enclosure dimensions so that the surrounding air temperature of the inverter is within the permissible value. (*refer to page 12* for the specified value)
- Do not install the inverter on wood or other flammable material as it will be hot partly.
- Install the inverter in the vertical orientation.

Setting

- The inverter can be operated as fast as a maximum of 400Hz by parameter setting. Therefore, incorrect setting can cause a danger. Set the upper limit using the maximum frequency limit setting function.
- A setting higher than the initial value of DC injection brake operation voltage or operation time can cause motor overheat (electronic thermal relay error).
- Do not set *Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty* except for using the optional brake resistor. This function is used to protect the brake resistor from overheating. Do not set the value exceeding permissible duty of the brake resistor.

Motor

Precautions for selection

Inverter capacity selection

- When operating a special motor or more than one motor in parallel with a single inverter, select the inverter capacity so that 1.05 times the total rated motor current is less than the rated output current of the inverter.
- Setting 2kHz or more in *Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection* to perform low acoustic noise operation with the surrounding air temperature exceeding 40°C, decrease the output current according to the rating table on *page 10*. (Also change the *Pr. 9 Electronic thermal O/L relay* setting.)

Starting torque of the motor

• The start and acceleration characteristics of the motor driven by the inverter are restricted by the overload current rating of that inverter. Generally the torque characteristic is less than when the motor is started by a commercial power supply. If torque boost adjustment, Advanced magnetic flux vector control, or General-purpose magnetic flux vector control cannot provide enough torque when a large starting torque is necessary, select the inverter of one rank higher capacity or increase the capacities of both the motor and inverter.

Acceleration/deceleration times

- The acceleration/deceleration time of the motor depends on the motor-generated torque, load torque and moment of inertia of the load (J).
- When the torque limit function or stall prevention function is activated during acceleration/deceleration, increase the acceleration/deceleration time as the actual time may become longer.
- To decrease the acceleration/deceleration time, increase the torque boost value (setting of a too large value may activate the stall prevention function at a start, longer the acceleration time), use the advanced magnetic flux vector control or general-purpose magnetic flux vector control or increase the inverter and motor capacities. To decrease the deceleration time, it is necessary to add optional brake resistor MRS type, MYS type, or FR-ABR (for the 0.4K or more), the brake unit (FR-BU2), power regeneration common converter (FR-CV), or a similar device to absorb braking energy.

Power transfer mechanism (reduction gear, belt, chain, etc.)

• When an oil-lubricated gear box, speed change/reduction gear or similar device is used in the power transfer system, note that continuous operation at low speed only may deteriorate oil lubrication, causing seizure. When performing fast operation at higher than 60Hz, fully note that such operation will cause strength shortage due to the noise, life or centrifugal force of the power transfer mechanism.

Instructions for overload operation

• When performing operation of frequent start/stop of the inverter, rise/fall in the temperature of the transistor element of the inverter will repeat due to a repeated flow of large current, shortening the life from thermal fatigue. Since thermal fatigue is related to the amount of current, the life can be increased by reducing current at locked condition, starting current, etc. Decreasing current may increase the life. However, decreasing current will result in insufficient torque and the inverter may not start. Therefore, choose the inverter which has enough allowance for current.

Installation and selection of moulded case circuit breaker

Install a moulded case circuit breaker (MCCB) on the power receiving side to protect the wiring of the inverter input side. For MCCB selection, refer to *page 77* since it depends on the inverter power supply side power factor (which changes depending on the power supply voltage, output frequency and load). Especially for a completely electromagnetic MCCB, one of a slightly large capacity must be selected since its operation characteristic varies with harmonic currents. (Check it in the data of the corresponding breaker.) As an earth leakage current breaker, use the Mitsubishi earth leakage current breaker designed for harmonics and surge suppression. (*Refer to page 78*)

When installing a moulded case circuit breaker on the output side of the inverter, contact each manufacturer for selection of the moulded case circuit breaker.

Handling of the inverter input side magnetic contactor

- For operation via external terminal (terminal STF or STR used), provide an input side MC to prevent an accident caused by a natural restart at power recovery after a power failure, such as an instantaneous power failure, and to ensure safety for maintenance work. Do not use this magnetic contactor to make frequent starts and stops. (The switching life of the inverter input circuit is about 1,000,000 times.) For parameter unit operation, an automatic restart after power failure is not made and the MC cannot be used to make a start. Note that the primary side MC may be used to make a stop but the regenerative brake specific to the inverter does not operate and the motor is coasted to a stop.
- Installation of a magnetic contactor at the input side is recommended. A magnetic contactor avoids overheat or burnout of a brake resistor when heat capacity of the resistor is insufficient or a brake regenerative transistor is damaged with short while connecting an optional brake resistor. In this case, shut-off the magnetic contactor when fault occurs and inverter trips.

Handling of the inverter output side magnetic contactor

Switch the magnetic contactor between the inverter and motor only when both the inverter and motor are at a stop. When the magnetic contactor is turned on while the inverter is operating, overcurrent protection of the inverter and such will activate. When an MC is provided for switching to the commercial power supply, for example, switch it on/off after the inverter and motor have stopped.

Thermal relay installation

The inverter has an electronic thermal relay function to protect the motor from overheating. However, when running multiple motors with one inverter or operating a multi-pole motor, provide a thermal relay (OCR) between the inverter and motor. In this case, set the electronic thermal relay function of the inverter to 0A. And for the setting of the thermal relay, add the line-to line leakage current (*refer to page 82*) to the current value on the motor rating plate.

For low-speed operation where the cooling capability of the motor reduces, it is recommended to use a thermal relay protector incorporated motor.

Measuring instrument on the output side

When the inverter-to-motor wiring length is large, especially in the 400V class, small-capacity models, the meters and CTs may generate heat due to line-to-line leakage current. Therefore, choose the equipment which has enough allowance for the current rating.

Disuse of power factor improving capacitor (power capacitor)

The power factor improving capacitor and surge suppressor on the inverter output side may be overheated or damaged by the harmonic components of the inverter output. Also, since an excessive current flows in the inverter to activate overcurrent protection, do not install a capacitor or surge suppressor. For power factor improvement, use a DC reactor (*refer to page 70*).

Electrical corrosion of the bearing

 When a motor is driven by the inverter, axial voltage is generated on the motor shaft, which may cause electrical corrosion of the bearing in rare cases depending on the wiring, load, operating conditions of the motor or specific inverter settings (high carrier frequency, use of a capacitive filter*1). Contact your sales representative to take appropriate countermeasures for the motor.

The following shows examples of countermeasures for the inverter.

- Decrease the carrier frequency.
- Remove the capacitive filter.
- Provide a common mode choke*2 on the output side of the inverter. (This is effective regardless of the use of the capacitive filter.)
- *1 Mitsubishi capacitive filter: FR-BIF, SFD, FR-E5NF-D, FR-S5NFSAD, FR-BFP2-D
- *2 Recommended common mode choke: FT-3KM F series FINEMET[®] common mode choke cores manufactured by Hitachi Metals, Ltd. FINEMET is a registered trademark of Hitachi Metals, Ltd.

Wire thickness and wiring distance

When the wiring length between the inverter and motor is long, use thick wires so that the voltage drop of the main circuit cable is 2% or less especially at low frequency output. (A selection example for the wiring distance of 20m is shown on *page 77*) Especially at a long wiring distance, the maximum wiring length should be within the length in the table below since the overcurrent protection function may be misactivated by the influence of a

0.4K

300m

200m

200m

30m

When using the automatic restart after instantaneous power failure function with wiring length exceeding 100m, select without

Use the recommended connection cable when connecting the

For remote operation via analog signal, wire the control cable

between the operation box or operation signal and inverter within

30m and away from the power circuits (main circuit and relay

When using the external potentiometer instead of the parameter

unit to set the frequency, use a shielded or twisted cable, and do

not earth (ground) the shield, but connect it to terminal 5 as shown

sequence circuit) to prevent induction from other devices.

∮10(10E)

ф2

charging current due to the stray capacitances of the wiring. (The overall wiring length for connection of multiple motors should

0.2K

200m

100m

be within the value in the table below.)

0.1K

200m

30m

frequency search (Pr. 162 = "1, 11").

Pr. 72 Setting

(carrier frequency)

parameter unit.

1 or less

2 to 15

below.

100V

200V

400V

100

200V

400V

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3.7K or

more

500m

500m

500m

500m

1.5K

500m

300m

500m

200m

2.2K

500m

500m

500m

300m

0.75K

500m

200m

300m

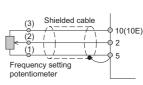
100m

Compatibility

Frequency setting Twisted 5 potentiometer cable

(3)

(2)



Earth (Ground)

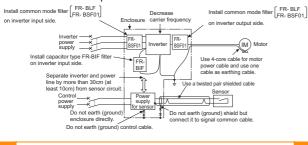
When the inverter is run in the low acoustic noise mode, more leakage currents occur than in the non-low acoustic noise mode due to high-speed switching operation. Be sure to earth (ground) the inverter and motor before use. In addition, always use the earth (ground) terminal of the inverter to earth (ground) the inverter. (Do not use the case and chassis)

Noise

When performing low-noise operation at higher carrier frequency, electromagnetic noise tends to increase. Therefore, refer to the following measure example and consider taking the measures. Depending on the installation condition, the inverter may be affected by noise in a non-low noise (initial) status.

- The noise level can be reduced by decreasing the carrier frequency (Pr. 72).
- As measures against AM radio broadcasting noise, radio noise filter FR-BIF produces an effect.
- As measures against sensor malfunction, line noise filter FR-BSF01, FR-BLF produces an effect.
- As measures against induction noise from the power cable of the inverter, an effect is produced by putting a distance of 30cm (at least 10cm) or more and using a twisted pair shielded cable as a signal cable. Do not earth (ground) shield but connect it to signal common cable.

Noise reduction examples



Leakage currents

Capacitances exist between the inverter I/O cables, other cables and earth and in the motor, through which a leakage current flows. Since its value depends on the static capacitances, carrier frequency, etc., low acoustic noise operation at the increased carrier frequency of the inverter will increase the leakage current. Therefore, take the following measures. Select the earth leakage current breaker according to its rated sensitivity current, independently of the carrier frequency setting. (Refer to page 78)

To-earth (ground) leakage currents

Туре	Influence and Measures
Influence and measures	 Leakage currents may flow not only into the inverter's own line but also into the other line through the earth (ground) cable, etc. These leakage currents may operate earth (ground) leakage circuit breakers and earth leakage relays unnecessarily. Countermeasures If the carrier frequency setting is high, decrease the <i>Pr.</i> 72 <i>PWM frequency selection</i> setting. Note that motor noise increases. Select <i>Pr.</i> 240 Soft-<i>PWM operation selection</i> to make the sound inoffensive. By using earth leakage circuit breakers designed for harmonic and surge suppression in the inverter's own line and other line, operation can be performed with the carrier frequency kept high (with low noise).
Undesirable current path	Power supply V1 Leakage W2 Motor Leakage breaker Motor C Motor T Motor T Motor

Line leakage current

Туре	Influence and Measures
Influence and measures	 This leakage current flows via a static capacitance between the inverter output cables. The external thermal relay may be operated unnecessarily by the harmonics of the leakage current. When the wiring length is long (50m or more) for the 400V class small capacity model (7.5kW or less), the external thermal relay is likely to operate unnecessarily because the ratio of the leakage current to the rated motor current increases. Countermeasures Use <i>Pr.9 Electronic thermal O/L relay</i>. If the carrier frequency setting is high, decrease the <i>Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection</i> setting. Note that motor noise increases. Select <i>Pr. 240 Soft-PWM operation selection</i> to make the sound inoffensive. To ensure that the motor is protected against line-to-line leakage currents, it is recommended to use a temperature sensor to directly detect motor temperature.
Undesirable current path	Power supply

Harmonic suppression guideline

Inverters have a converter section (rectifier circuit) and generate a harmonic current.

Harmonic currents flow from the inverter to a power receiving point via a power transformer. The harmonic suppression guideline was established to protect other consumers from these outgoing harmonic currents

The three-phase 200V input specifications 3.7kW or less (singlephase 200V power input model 2.2kW or less, single-phase 100V power input model 0.75kW) are previously covered by "Harmonic suppression guideline for household appliances and generalpurpose products" and other models are covered by "Harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage". However, the transistorized inverter has been excluded from the target products covered by "Harmonic suppression guideline for household appliances and generalpurpose products" in January 2004 and "Harmonic suppression guideline for household appliances and general-purpose products" was repealed on September 6, 2004.

All capacity and all models of general-purpose inverter used by specific consumers are covered by "Harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage"

· "Harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage"

This guideline sets forth the maximum values of harmonic currents outgoing from a high-voltage or especially high-voltage consumer who will install, add or renew harmonic generating equipment. If any of the maximum values is exceeded, this guideline requires that consumer to take certain suppression measures.

Users who use models other than the target models are not covered by the guideline. However, we ask to connect an AC reactor or a DC reactor as before to the users who are not covered by the guideline. For compliance to the harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage

Input Power Supply	Target Capacity	Countermeasures
Single-phase 100V Single-phase 200V Three-phase 200V Three-phase 400V	All capacities	Make a judgment based on "Harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage" issued by the Japanese Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (formerly Ministry of International Trade and Industry) in September 1994 and take measures if necessary. For calculation method of power supply harmonics, refer to materials below. Reference materials • "Harmonic suppression measures of the inverter" Jan. 2004 Japan Electrical Manufacturer's Association • "Calculation method of harmonic current of the general-purpose inverter used by specific consumers" JEM-TR201 (revised in Dec. 2003): Japan Electrical Manufacturer's Association Japan Electrical Manufacturer's Association

For compliance to "Harmonic suppression guideline of the transistorized inverter (input current of 20A or less) for consumers other than specific consumers" published by JEMA.

Input Power Supply	Target Capacity	Countermeasures
Single-phase 100V	0.75kW or less	Connect the AC reactor or DC reactor recommended in a catalog or an instruction manual.
Single-phase 200V	2.2kW or less	Reference materials "Harmonic suppression guideline of
Three-phase 200V	3.7kW or less	the general-purpose inverter (input current of 20A or less)" JEM-TR226 (revised in Dec. 2003): Japan Electrical Manufacturer's Association

•Calculation of outgoing harmonic current

Outgoing harmonic current = fundamental wave current (value converted from received power voltage) \times operation ratio \times harmonic content

•Operation ratio: Operation ratio = actual load factor operation time ratio during 30 minutes

•Harmonic content: Found in Table.

	Reactor	5th	7th	11th	13th	17th	19th	23rd	25th
	Not used	65	41	8.5	7.7	4.3	3.1	2.6	1.8
Three-phase bridge	Used (AC side)	38	14.5	7.4	3.4	3.2	1.9	1.7	1.3
(Capacitor smoothing)	Used (DC side)	30	13	8.4	5.0	4.7	3.2	3.0	2.2
g,	Used (AC, DC sides)	28	9.1	7.2	4.1	3.2	2.4	1.6	1.4
Single-phase bridge (capacitor	Not used	50	24	5.1	4.0	1.5	1.4	-	-
smoothing, double voltage rectification)	Used (AC side)	6.0	3.9	1.6	1.2	0.6	0.1	-	-
Single-phase bridge (capacitor	Not used	60	33.5	6.1	6.4	2.6	2.7	1.5	1.5
smoothing, full- wave rectification)	Used (AC side)	31.9	8.3	3.8	3.0	1.7	1.4	1.0	0.7

Table 1: Harmonic Contents (Values at the fundamental current of 100%)

Table 2: Rated Capacities and Outgoing Harmonic Currents for Three-phase Inverter Drive

- 2	Funda Wa Curre		Currel kV (m	y (kVA)	Outgoing Harmonic Current Converted from 6.6kV (mA) (No reactor, 100% operation ratio)									
Applied Motor kW	200V	400V	Fundamental Wave Current Converted from 6.6kV (mA)	Rated Capacity	5th	7th	11th	13th	17th	19th	23rd	25th		
0.4	1.61	0.81	49	0.57	31.85	20.09	4.165	3.773	2.107	1.519	1.274	0.882		
0.75	2.74	1.37	83	0.97	53.95	34.03	7.055	6.391	3.569	2.573	2.158	1.494		
1.5	5.50	2.75	167	1.95	108.6	68.47	14.20	12.86	7.181	5.177	4.342	3.006		
2.2	7.93	3.96	240	2.81	156.0	98.40	20.40	18.48	10.32	7.440	6.240	4.320		
3.7	13.0	6.50	394	4.61	257.1	161.5	33.49	30.34	16.94	12.21	10.24	7.092		
5.5	19.1	9.55	579	6.77	376.1	237.4	49.22	44.58	24.90	17.95	15.05	10.42		
7.5	25.6	12.8	776	9.07	504.4	318.2	65.96	59.75	33.37	24.06	20.18	13.97		
11	36.9	18.5	1121	13.1	728.7	459.6	95.29	86.32	48.20	34.75	29.15	20.18		
15	49.8	24.9	1509	17.6	980.9	618.7	128.3	116.2	64.89	46.78	39.24	27.16		

Table 3: Conversion Factors

Classification	Cir	cuit Type	Conversion Factor Ki
		Without reactor	K31 = 3.4
3	Three-phase bridge (Capacitor smoothing)	With reactor (AC side)	K32 = 1.8
3		With reactor (DC side)	K33 = 1.8
		With reactors (AC, DC sides)	K34 = 1.4
	Single-phase bridge (capacitor smoothing,	Without reactor	K41 = 2.3
4	double voltage rectification)	With reactor (AC side)	K42 = 0.35
	Single-phase bridge (capacitor smoothing,	Without reactor	K43 = 2.9
	full-wave rectification)	With reactor (AC side)	K44 = 1.3
5	Self-excitation three- phase bridge	When a high power factor converter is used	K5 = 0

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Application to standard motors

Motor loss and temperature rise

The motor operated by the inverter has a limit on the continuous operating torque since it is slightly higher in temperature rise than the one operated by a commercial power supply. At a low speed, reduce the output torque of the motor since the cooling effect decreases. When 100% torque is needed continuously at low speed, consider using a constant-torque motor. (*Refer to page 85*)

Torque characteristic

The motor operated by the inverter may be less in motor torque (especially starting torque) than the one driven by the commercial power supply. It is necessary to fully check the load torque characteristic of the machine.

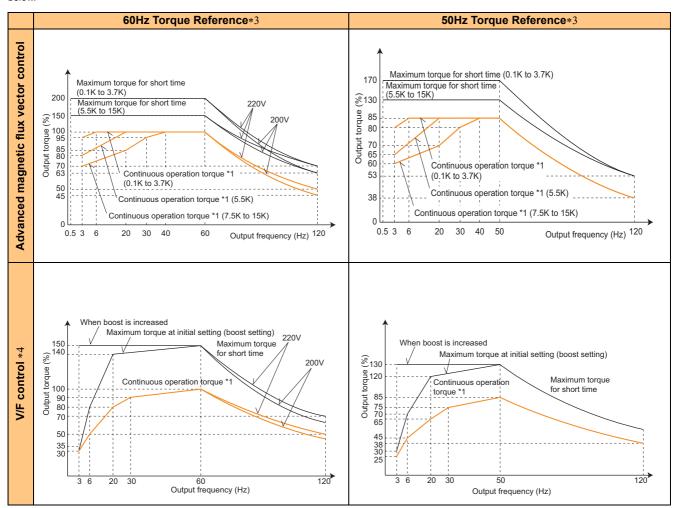
Vibration

The machine-installed motor operated by the inverter may be slightly greater in vibration than the one driven by the commercial power supply. The possible causes of vibration are as follows.

- 1. Vibration due to imbalance of the rotator itself including the machine
- 2. Resonance due to the natural oscillation of the mechanical system. Caution is required especially when the machine used at constant speed is operated at variable speed. The frequency jump function allows resonance points to be avoided during operation.(During acceleration/deceleration, the frequency within the set area is passed through.) An effect is also produced if *Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection* is changed. When a two-pole motor is operated at higher than 60Hz, caution should be taken since such operation may cause abnormal vibration.

Motor torque

When the Mitsubishi standard squirrel-cage motor (SF-JR, 4-pole) and inverter of the same capacity are used, the torque characteristics are as shown below.



Continuous operation torque is for checking the limit of permissible load torque when using the motor within the permissible ambient temperature, and is not the motor output torque itself. Maximum torque for short time is the amount of torque a motor can output.
Continuous operation terms of a single phase 100V source institute and is 00% of the continuous of the source in the initial single phase 100V source institute and is 00% of the continuous operation.

Continuous operation torque of a single-phase 100V power input model is 90% of the continuous operation torque indicated above.

- Depending on the motor capacity or the number of motor poles, the operation at 60Hz or more may not be performed. Make sure to check the permissible maximum operating frequency of the motor.
- A 60Hz torque reference indicates that the rated torque of the motor run at 60Hz is 100%, and a 50Hz torque reference indicates that the rated torque of the motor run at 50Hz is 100%.
- To operate continuously with the 50Hz torque reference, reduce the load torque to 85% or less.
- Under V/F control, same torque characteristic applies to the SF-JR type with 2, 4, and 6 poles.

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Application to constant-torque motors

SF-HRCA type (Advanced magnetic flux vector control)

Continuous operation with 100% torque even at low speed of 3Hz is possible

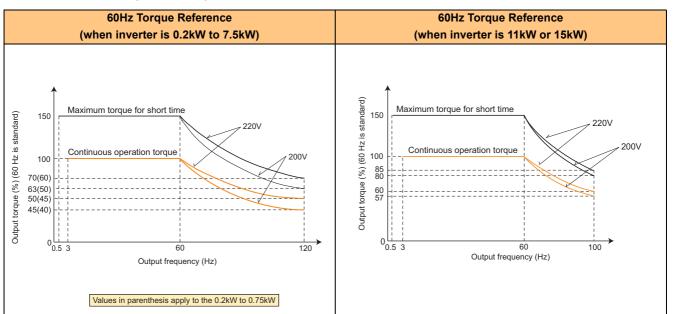
Load torque is not need to be reduced even at a low speed and constant torque (100% torque) continuous operation is possible within the range of speed ratio 1/20 (3 to 60Hz). (The characteristic of motor running at 60Hz or more is that output torque is constant.) Continuous operation torque of a single-phase 100V power input model is 90% of the indicated value.

- Installation size is the same as that of the standard motor
- ★ Note that operation characteristic in the chart below can not be obtained if V/F control is employed.

Standard specifications (indoor type)

Output	Number	Frequency	Common Specifications				
(kW)	of Poles	Range	-				
0.2			Standard frequency 60Hz				
0.4			 rotation direction (CCW) is 				
0.75			counterclockwise when				
1.5		3 to 120Hz	viewed from the motor end				
2.2			●Lead wire				
3.7	4		3.7kW or less 3 wires				
5.5			5.5kW or more 6 or 12				
7.5			wires				
11			 Surrounding air temperature: 				
15		3 to 100Hz	40°C maximum				
15			Protective structure is IP44				

• Torque characteristic (during advanced magnetic flux vector control, and initial value for other parameters)



 * Please contact us separately when 150% or more of maximum torque for short time is necessary.

When rapid acceleration/deceleration is needed, the inverter capacity may need to be one rank higher.

• When two or more motors are operated in parallel, torque imbalance is likely to occur as motor slip is smaller than that of the standard motor.

Inquiry

Compatibility

Application to geared motor

GM-S, GM-D, GM-SSY, GM-SHY series

• Wide constant torque range even with the standard type(when using advanced magnetic flux vector control)

Load torque is not need to be reduced even at a low speed and constant torque (100% torque) continuous operation is possible within the range of speed ratio 1/20 (3 to 60Hz). (0.1K to 0.75K)

• Wide speed control range

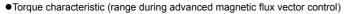
The motor can be used in the wide speed deviation range of 3 to 120Hz

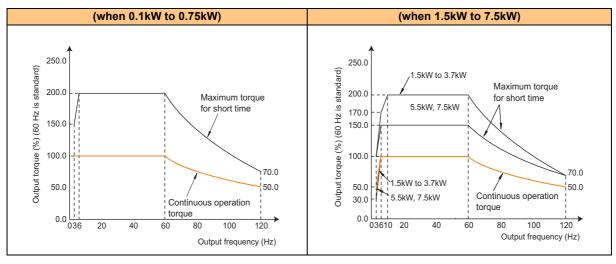
The characteristic of motor running at 60Hz or more is that output torque is constant. (0.1K to 0.75K)

★Note that the following operating characteristics are not achieved under V/F control.

Inverter Type	Output (kW)	Number of Poles	Frequen	lable cy Range equency Hz)	Constant Torque Range When Using Advanced Magnetic
			Grease Lubrication	Oil Lubrication	Flux Vector Control
GM-S GM-SSY GM-SHY	0.1 to 2.2		3 to 120Hz		3 to 60Hz (0.1kW to 0.75kW) 6 to 60Hz (1.5kW, 2.2kW)
	0.4 to 2.2 3.7	4	3 to 120Hz	25 to 120Hz	3 to 60Hz (0.4kW, 0.75kW)
GM-D	5.5			25 to	6 to 60Hz (1.5kW, 7.5kW)
	7.5			115Hz	(, /.io)

Standard specifications





Inverter-driven 400V class motor

When driving a 400V class motor by the inverter, surge voltages attributable to the wiring constants may occur at the motor terminals, deteriorating the insulation of the motor. In such a case, consider taking the following measures.

- Rectifying the motor insulation
 - 1. Use a "400V class inverter driven insulation-enhanced motor".
 - Note: The four poles of the Mitsubishi standard motor (SF-JR, SB-JR) have the 400V class inverter driving insulation enhanced feature.
 - 2. For the dedicated motor such as the constant-torque motor and low-vibration motor, use the "inverter-driven, dedicated motor".
- (2) Suppressing the surge voltage on the inverter side

Connect a filter on the secondary side of the inverter to suppress a surge voltage so that the terminal voltage of the motor is 850V or less. When driving by the Mitsubishi inverter, connect an optional surge voltage suppression filter (FR-ASF-H/FR-BMF-H) on the inverter output side.

Application to special motors

Motor with brake

Use the motor with brake having independent power supply for the brake, connect the brake power supply to the inverter input side power and make the inverter output off using the output stop terminal (MRS) when the brake is applied (motor stop). Rattle may be heard according to the type of the brake in the low speed region but it is not a fault.

Pole changing motor

As this motor differs in rated current from the standard motor, confirm the maximum current of the motor and select the inverter. Be sure to change the number of poles after the motor has stopped. If the number of poles is changed during rotation, the regenerative overvoltage protection circuit may be activated to cause an inverter alarm, coasting the motor to a stop.

Submersible motor

Since the motor rated current is larger than that of the standard motor, make selection of the inverter capacity carefully. In addition, the wiring distance between the motor and inverter may become longer, refer to page 77 to perform wiring with a cable thick enough. Leakage current may flow more than the land motor, take care when selecting the earth leakage current breaker.

Explosion-proof motor

To drive an explosion-proof type motor in Japan, an explosion-proof test of the motor and inverter together is necessary. The test is also necessary when driving an existing explosion-proof motor. Please contact us for the FR-B, B3 series, which has passed an explosionproof test. The inverter is an non-explosion proof structure, install it in a safety location.

Geared motor

The continuous operating rotation range of this motor changes depending on the lubrication system and maker. Especially in the case of oil lubrication, continuous operation in the low-speed range only can cause gear seizure. For fast operation at higher than 60Hz, please consult the motor maker.

Synchronous motor

This motor is not suitable for applications of large load variation or impact, where out-of-sync is likely to occur. Please contact us when using this motor because its starting current and rated current are greater than those of the standard motor and will not rotate stably at low speed.

Single phase motor

The single phase motor is not suitable for variable operation by the inverter

For the capacitor starting system, the capacitor may be damaged due to harmonic current flowing to the capacitor. For the deviation phase starting system and repulsion starting system, not only output torque is not generated at low speed but it will result in starting coil burnout due to failure of centrifugal force switch inside. Replace with a three-phase motor for use.

Standard

Warranty

Main Differences and Compatibilities with the FR-E500 series

Item	FR-E500	FR-E700				
		V/F control				
Control method	V/F control	General-purpose magnetic flux vector control				
	General-purpose magnetic flux vector control	Advanced magnetic flux vector control Optimum excitation control				
	Terraus heapt (Dr. () initial value					
	Torque boost (<i>Pr</i> : 0) initial value FR-E520-1.5K to 7.5K: 6%	FR-E720-1.5K(SC) to 3.7K(SC): 4%				
	FR-E540-1.5K to 3.7K: 6%	FR-E720-5.5K(SC), 7.5K(SC): 3% FR-E740-1.5K(SC) to 3.7K(SC): 4%				
	FR-E540-5.5K, 7.5K: 4%	FR-E740-5.5K(SC), 7.5K(SC): 3%				
	DC injection brake operation voltage (Pr. 12) initial value					
	0.4K to 7.5K: 6%	0.4K to 7.5K: 4%				
		Parameter number change				
	Frequency at 5V (10V) input (Pr. 38)	(Pr. 125 Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency)				
	Frequency at 20mA input frequency (<i>Pr. 39</i>) Second electronic thermal O/L relay (<i>Pr. 48</i>)	(Pr. 126 Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency) (Pr. 51 Second electronic thermal O/L relay)				
	Shortest acceleration/deceleration mode (<i>Pr. 60</i>)	(Pr. 60 Energy saving control selection)				
		(Pr. 292 Automatic acceleration/deceleration)				
	Reverse rotation from the inverter operation panel	After setting "1" in Pr. 40 RUN key rotation direction				
	Press REV.	selection, press (RUN).				
	FM terminal function selection (Pr. 54) setting	<u>_</u>				
	0: Output frequency (initial value),	1: Output frequency (initial value),				
	1: Output current,	2: Output current,				
	2: Output voltage	3: Output voltage				
	Second applied motor <i>Pr</i> : 71 = 100 to 123	Pr. 450 Second applied motor				
	Terminal 2 0 to 5V, 0 to 10V selection (<i>Pr. 73</i>) setting	Pr. 73 Analog input selection				
Changed/cleared	0: 0 to 5V (initial value),	0: 0 to 10V				
functions	1: 0 to 10V	1: 0 to 5V (initial value)				
	Operation mode selection (<i>Pr. 79</i>)	Initial value O. External excretion mode is calculated at				
	Initial value 1: PU operation mode	Initial value 0: External operation mode is selected at power ON				
	Setting 8: Operation mode switching by external signal	Setting 8: deleted (X16 signal is used instead)				
	Setting General-purpose magnetic flux vector					
	<i>Pr</i> : 80 ≠ 9999	<i>Pr.</i> 80 ≠ 9999, <i>Pr.</i> 81 ≠ 9999, <i>Pr.</i> 800 = 30				
	User group 1 (16), user group 2 (16)	User group (16) only, setting methods were partially changed				
	(Pr. 160, Pr. 173 to Pr. 175)	(Pr. 160, Pr. 172, Pr. 173) Pr. 178 to Pr. 184 Input terminal function selection setting				
	Input terminal function selection (Pr. 180 to Pr. 183) setting	5: JOG signal (Jog operation selection)				
	5: STOP signal (start self-holding selection)	6: None				
	6: MRS signal (output stop)	24: MRS signal (output stop)				
		25: STOP signal (start self-holding selection)				
	Long wiring mode (<i>Pr. 240 setting</i> 10, 11)	Setting is unnecessary (Pr: 240 setting 0, 11 are deleted)				
	Cooling fan operation selection (<i>Pr. 244</i>) initial setting	(17. 240 setting 0, 11 are deleted)				
	0: Cooling fan operates in power-on status.	1: Cooling fan on/off control valid				
	Stop selection (Pr. 250) setting increments					
	1s	0.1s				
	RS-485 communication control source from the PU connector PU operation mode	Network operation mode (PU operation mode as FR- E500 when <i>Pr</i> : 551 = 2)				
	Earth (ground) fault detection	LJUU WIICH FT. JJT - Z)				
	400V class: Detects always	400V class: Detects only at a start				
Inrush current limit circuit	Provided for the 200V class 2.2K or more and 400V class	Provided for the all capacity				
Control terminal block	Fixed terminal block (can not be removed)	Removable terminal block				
	Screw type terminal block (Phillips screw M2.5)	Standard control circuit terminal model:				
	Length of recommended blade terminal is 7mm.	Screw type terminal block (Flathead screw M2 (M3 for terminal A, B, and C)				
		Length of recommended blade terminal is 5mm (6mm				
		for terminal A, B and C).				
		Safety stop function model:				
		Spring clamp terminal block (Fixes a wire with a				
		pressure of inside spring) Length of recommended blade terminal is 10mm				
Operation panel	Removable operation panel (PA02)	Integrated operation panel (can not be removed)				
Parameter unit	FR-PU04	FR-PU07				
	Dedicated plug-in option (i					
	for 400V class only					
Plug-in option	FR-E5NC : CC-Link communication	FR-A7NC E kit : CC-Link communication				
	FR-E5ND : DeviceNet communication	FR-A7ND E kit : DeviceNet communication FR-A7NL E kit : LoNWORKS communication				
	FR-E5NL : LonWorks communication FR-E720-0 1K(SC) to 7 5K(SC) FR-E740-0 4K(SC) to 7					
Installation size	FR-E720-0.1K(SC) to 7.5K(SC), FR-E740-0.4K(SC) to 7.5K(SC), FR-E720S-0.1K(SC) to 0.75K(SC), FR-E710W-0.1K to 0.75K are compatible in mounting dimensions					

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Motor

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When using this product, make sure to understand the warranty described below.

1. Warranty period and coverage

We will repair any failure or defect (hereinafter referred to as "failure") in our FA equipment (hereinafter referred to as the "Product") arisen during warranty period at no charge due to causes for which we are responsible through the distributor from which you purchased the Product or our service provider. However, we will charge the actual cost of dispatching our engineer for an on-site repair work on request by customer in Japan or overseas countries. We are not responsible for any on-site readjustment and/or trial run that may be required after a defective unit are repaired or replaced.

[Term]

The term of warranty for Product is twelve months after your purchase or delivery of the Product to a place designated by you or eighteen months from the date of manufacture whichever comes first ("Warranty Period"). Warranty period for repaired Product cannot exceed beyond the original warranty period before any repair work.

[Limitations]

- (1) You are requested to conduct an initial failure diagnosis by yourself, as a general rule. It can also be carried out by us or our service company upon your request and the actual cost will be charged.
 - However, it will not be charged if we are responsible for the cause of the failure.
- (2) This limited warranty applies only when the condition, method, environment, etc. of use are in compliance with the terms and conditions and instructions that are set forth in the instruction manual and user manual for the Product and the caution label affixed to the Product
- (3) Even during the term of warranty, the repair cost will be charged on you in the following cases;
 - 1) a failure caused by your improper storing or handling, carelessness or negligence, etc., and a failure caused by your hardware or software problem
 - 2) a failure caused by any alteration, etc. to the Product made on your side without our approval
 - 3) a failure which may be regarded as avoidable, if your equipment in which the Product is incorporated is equipped with a safety device required by applicable laws and has any function or structure considered to be indispensable according to a common sense in the industry
 - 4) a failure which may be regarded as avoidable if consumable parts designated in the instruction manual, etc. are duly maintained and replaced
 - 5) any replacement of consumable parts (condenser, cooling fan, etc.)
 - 6) a failure caused by external factors such as inevitable accidents, including without limitation fire and abnormal fluctuation of voltage, and acts of God, including without limitation earthquake, lightning and natural disasters
 - 7) a failure generated by an unforeseeable cause with a scientific technology that was not available at the time of the shipment of the Product from our company
 - 8) any other failures which we are not responsible for or which you acknowledge we are not responsible for

2. Term of warranty after the stop of production

- (1) We may accept the repair at charge for another seven (7) years after the production of the product is discontinued. The announcement of the stop of production for each model can be seen in our Sales and Service, etc.
- (2) Please note that the Product (including its spare parts) cannot be ordered after its stop of production.
- Service in overseas

Our regional FA Center in overseas countries will accept the repair work of the Product; however, the terms and conditions of the repair work may differ depending on each FA Center. Please ask your local FA center for details.

- 4. Exclusion of loss in opportunity and secondary loss from warranty liability
 - Regardless of the gratis warranty term, Mitsubishi shall not be liable for compensation to:
 - (1) Damages caused by any cause found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi.
 - (2) Loss in opportunity, lost profits incurred to the user by Failures of Mitsubishi products.
 - (3) Special damages and secondary damages whether foreseeable or not, compensation for accidents, and compensation for damages to products other than Mitsubishi products.
 - (4) Replacement by the user, maintenance of on-site equipment, start-up test run and other tasks.
- 5. Change of Product specifications

Specifications listed in our catalogs, manuals or technical documents may be changed without notice.

- 6. Application and use of the Product
 - (1) For the use of our product, its applications should be those that may not result in a serious damage even if any failure or malfunction occurs in product, and a backup or fail-safe function should operate on an external system to product when any failure or malfunction occurs.
 - (2) Our product is designed and manufactured as a general purpose product for use at general industries.

Therefore, applications substantially influential on the public interest for such as atomic power plants and other power plants of electric power companies, and also which require a special quality assurance system, including applications for railway companies and government or public offices are not recommended, and we assume no responsibility for any failure caused by these applications when used.

In addition, applications which may be substantially influential to human lives or properties for such as airlines, medical treatments, railway service, incineration and fuel systems, man-operated material handling equipment, entertainment machines, safety machines, etc. are not recommended, and we assume no responsibility for any failure caused by these applications when used. We will review the acceptability of the abovementioned applications, if you agree not to require a specific quality for a specific application. Please contact us for consultation.

We visualize our customers' factories to solve problems and troubles.

"Visualization" of production and energy achieves future factories that advance one step forward.

The integrated solution, e-F@ctory, is based on our consolidated know-how, which has been developed through our own experiences as a user of FA products. Our e-F@ctory provides total cost reduction ranging from development to production and maintenance to achieve optimized production. This solution makes it possible to save energy and to optimize production by "visualization" that links upstream information systems and production site information, thus solving various problems on production sites.

Sharing information across production systems

MES Interface

Information sharing is easy and inexpensive because communication gateways, such as personal computers, are not necessary to connect factory equipment to the Manufacturing Execution System (MES).

Optimizing production from a TCO* stand point

iQ Platform

Factory automation components such as controllers, human-machine interfaces, engineering environments, and networks are all seamlessly integrated to reduce TCO across different stages, from development to production and maintenance. *TCO: Total Cost of Ownership



Visualization of energy consumption

e&eco-F@ctory

It is indispensable for today's factory to be energy conscious and efficient. The e-F@ctory solution enables management of specific energy consumption, which provides the visibility needed to improve productivity. Additionally, this solution takes the total life cycle into account, including factors such as "measurement and diagnosis", "countermeasures", and "operation and management". Backed by several successes and achievements, our knowhow will support your energy saving efforts.

Network

CC-Link Family, the open field network of the world standard, and SSCNET III/H, the servo network for achieving high-speed processing and enhancement of instruction synchronization, flexibly expanding the connectivity among equipment and devices in the e-F@ctory environment.

iQ Platform-compatible equipment

The inter-multi-CPU high-speed base unit provides slots for arbitrarily connecting programmable controllers, motion controllers, on-line CNCs, and robot controllers. Data communication speed among devices is enhanced, and their compatibility is extremely improved.

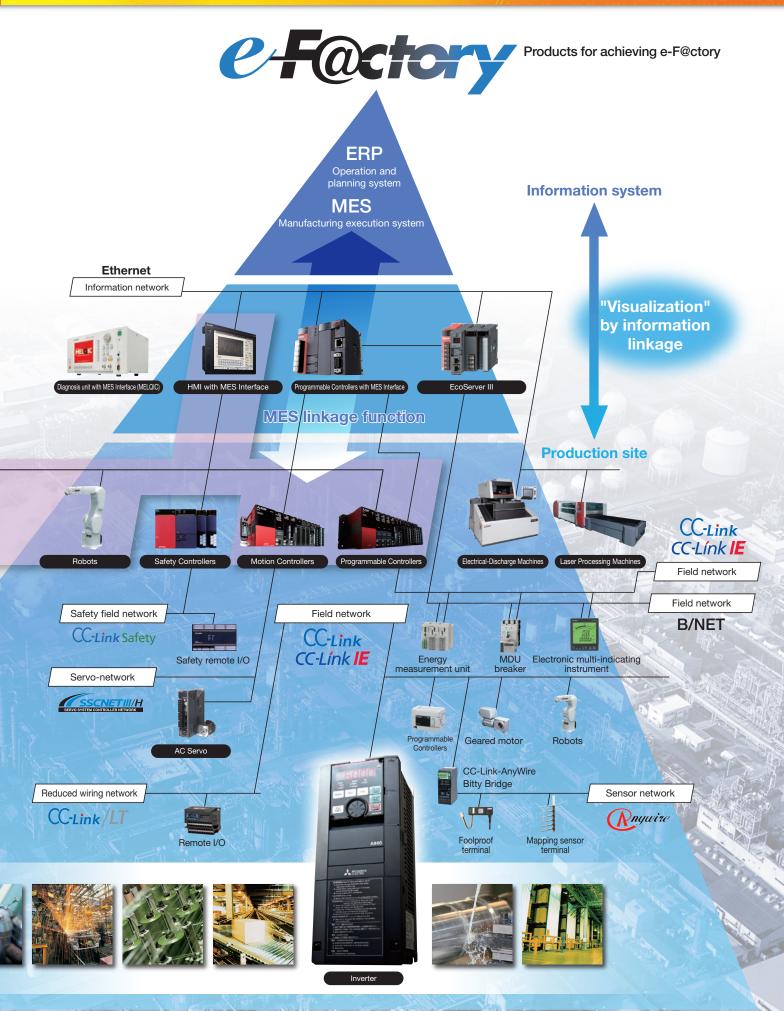




iQ Platform-compatible engineering environments

Design information is integrated and shared at stages from system design to programming, tests and startup, and operation and maintenance. In addition, programming software programs for programmable controllers, motion controllers, on-line CNCs, robots, inverters, and GOTs, which are separately provided in a conventional environment,





Global network for comprehensive support of



customers' manufacturing.



Service bases are established around the world to globally provide the same services as in Japan.

Overseas bases are opened one after another to support business expansion of our customers.

Overseas bases As of July 2014 * Some includes distributors						
Area	Our overseas offices	FA Center (Satellite)	Bases providing our products	Countries (Regions)		
EMEA	11	6 (2)	146	54		
China	13	4 (10)	171	1		
Asia	21	13	79	10		
America	14	4 (0)	130	16		
Others	1	0	3	2		
Total	60	27 (12)	529	83		
				<u> </u>		

MEMO

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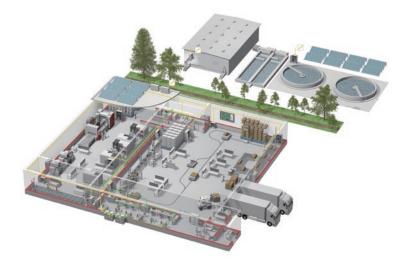
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▲ Safety Warning

To ensure proper use of the products listed in this catalog, please be sure to read the instruction manual prior to use.

YOUR SOLUTION PARTNER



Mitsubishi Electric offers a wide range of automation equipment from PLCs and HMIs to CNC and EDM machines.

A NAME TO TRUST

Since its beginnings in 1870, some 45 companies use the Mitsubishi name, covering a spectrum of finance, commerce and industry.

The Mitsubishi brand name is recognized around the world as a symbol of premium quality.

Mitsubishi Electric Corporation is active in space development, transportation, semi-conductors, energy systems, communications and information processing, audio visual equipment and home electronics, building and energy management and automation systems, and has 237 factories and laboratories worldwide in over 121 countries. This is why you can rely on Mitsubishi Electric automation solution - because we know first hand about the need for reliable, efficient, easy-to-use automation and control in our own factories.

As one of the world's leading companies with a global turnover of over 4 trillion Yen (over \$40 billion), employing over 100,000 people, Mitsubishi Electric has the resource and the commitment to deliver the ultimate in service and support as well as the best products.



Low-voltage Circuit Breakers, Motor Starters



High-voltage Circuit Breakers, High-voltage Contactors



Energy Saving Supporting Devices, Power Monitoring Products



Programmable Controllers, HMIs (Human-Machine Interfaces)



AC Servos, Three-phase Motors, IPM Motors Inverters, Geared Motors



Computerized Numerical Controllers (CNCs)



Industrial Robots



Electrical Discharge Machines, Laser Processing Machines, Electron Beam Machines



Distribution Transformers



Pressurized Ventilation Fans, Uninterruptible Power Supplies

Mitsubishi Electric Corporation Nagoya Works is a factory certified for ISO14001 (standards for environmental management systems) and ISO9001(standards for quality assurance management systems).





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