

MiniSKiiP[®] 1

3-phase bridge inverter

SKiiP 13AC126V1

Features

- Fast Trench IGBTs
- Robust and soft freewheeling diodes in CAL technology
- Highly reliable spring contacts for electrical connections
- UL recognised file no. E63532

Typical Applications*

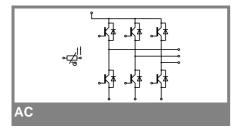
- Inverter up to 16 kVA
- Typical motor power 7.5 kW

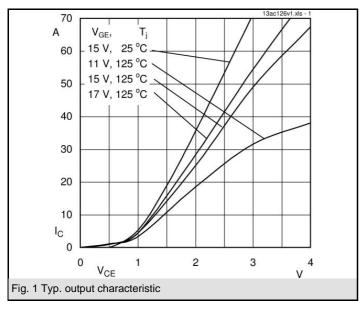
Remarks

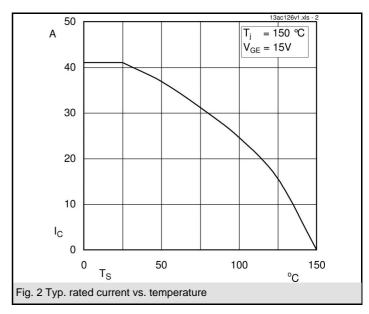
• V_{CEsat} , V_F= chip level value

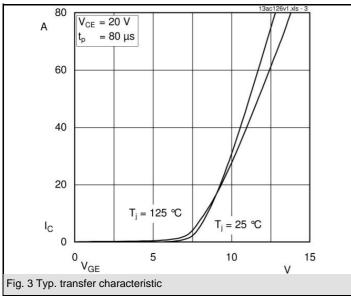
Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_s = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified							
Symbol	Conditions	Values	Units				
IGBT - Inverter							
V_{CES}		1200	V				
I _C	T _s = 25 (70) °C	41 (31)	Α				
I _{CRM}	$t_p \le 1 \text{ ms}$	50	Α				
V_{GES}		± 20	V				
T _j		- 40 + 150	°C				
Diode - Inverter							
I _F	T _s = 25 (70) °C	30 (22)	Α				
I _{FRM}	$t_p \le 1 \text{ ms}$	50	Α				
T _j	Ţ,	- 40 + 150	°C				
I _{tRMS}	per power terminal (20 A / spring)	40	Α				
T _{stg}	$T_{op} \le T_{stg}$	- 40 + 125	°C				
V _{isol}	AC, 1 min.	2500	V				

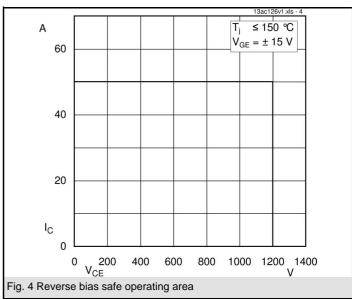
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$ \begin{array}{ c c c c } \hline \textbf{IGBT - Inverter} \\ V_{CEsat} & I_{Cnom} = 25 \text{ A, } T_j = 25 \text{ (}125\text{) }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ V_{GE}(h) & V_{GE} = V_{CE}, I_C = 1 \text{ mA} \\ V_{CE(TO)} & T_j = 25 \text{ (}125\text{) }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ V_{CE(TO)} & T_j = 25 \text{ (}125\text{) }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ V_{CE(TO)} & T_j = 25 \text{ (}125\text{) }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ V_{CE(TO)} & T_j = 25 \text{ (}125\text{) }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V, } f = 1 M$	Characteristics $T_s = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified									
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Units				
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$										
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	$V_{\text{GE(th)}}$ $V_{\text{CE(TO)}}$ r_{T} C_{ies} C_{oes} C_{res} $R_{\text{th(j-s)}}$	$\begin{array}{l} V_{GE} = V_{CE}, I_{C} = 1 \text{ mA} \\ T_{j} = 25 \text{ (125) °C} \\ T_{j} = 25 \text{ (125) °C} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz} \\ \text{per IGBT} \end{array}$	5	5,8 1 (0,9) 28 (44) 1,8 0,3 0,2 0,9	6,5 1,2 (1,1)	V V V mΩ nF nF nF k/W				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	t _r t _{d(off)} t _f E _{on}	$V_{CC} = 600 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ $I_{Cnom} = 25 \text{ A}, T_j = 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ $R_{Gon} = R_{Goff} = 30 \Omega$		455 85 4,1		ns ns ns mJ mJ				
Temperature Sensor R _{ts} 3 %, T _r = 25 (100) °C 1000(1670)	$\begin{aligned} &V_{F} = V_{EC} \\ &V_{(TO)} \\ &r_{T} \\ &R_{th(j-s)} \\ &I_{RRM} \\ &Q_{rr} \end{aligned}$	I_{Fnom} = 25 A, T_j = 25 (125) °C T_j = 25 (125) °C T_j = 25 (125) °C per diode under following conditions I_{Fnom} = 25 A, V_R = 600 V		1 (0,8) 32 (40) 1,7 25 5,3	1,1 (0,9)	V V mΩ K/W A μC mJ				
	-	ure Sensor	<u> </u>	1000/10=2\						
Mechanical Data	K _{ts}	3 %, I _r = 25 (100) °C		1000(1670)		Ω				
m 35 M _s Mounting torque 2 2,5	m		2	35	2,5	g Nm				

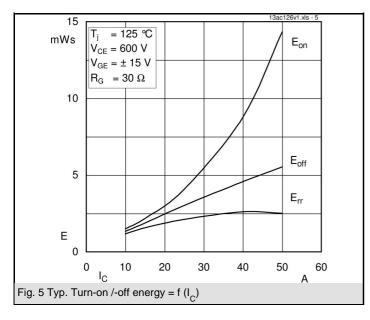


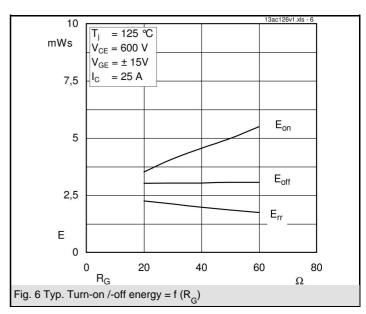


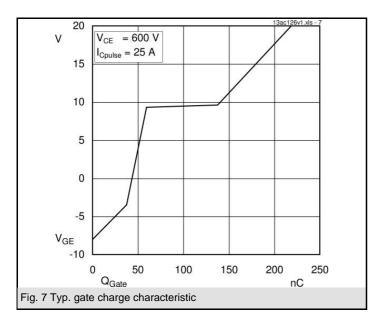


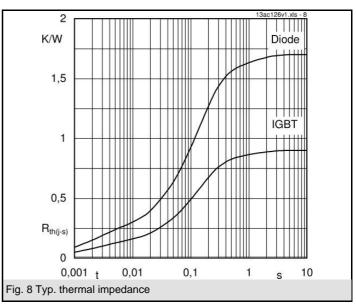


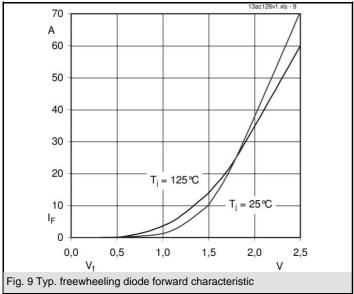


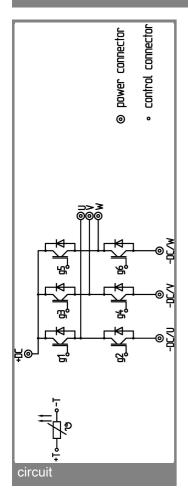


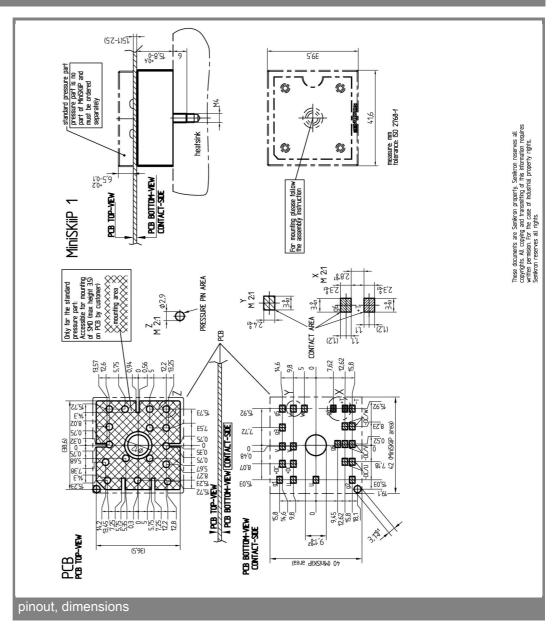












This is an electrostatic discharge sensitive device (ESDS), international standard IEC 60747-1, Chapter IX.

* The specifications of our components may not be considered as an assurance of component characteristics. Components have to be tested for the respective application. Adjustments may be necessary. The use of SEMIKRON products in life support appliances and systems is subject to prior specification and written approval by SEMIKRON. We therefore strongly recommend prior consultation of our personal.

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